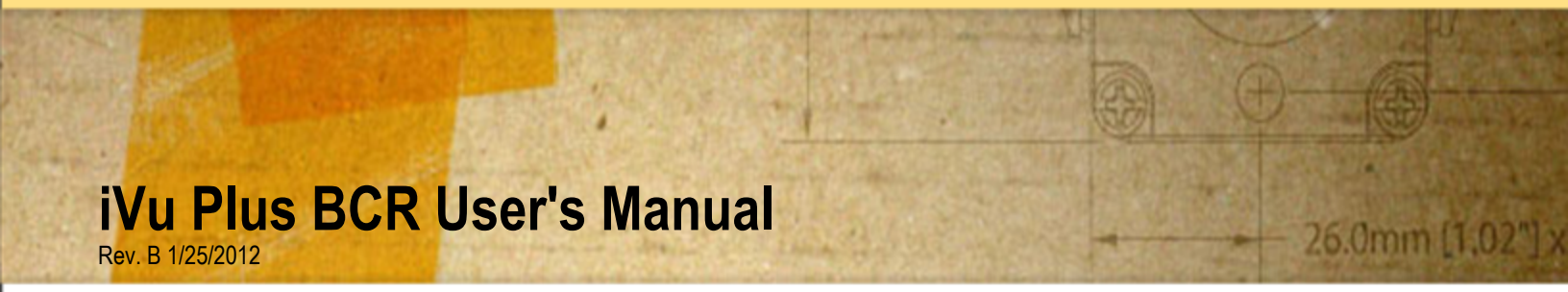
iVu Plus BCR User's Manual

Rev. B 1/25/2012



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1 Product Support and Maintenance

This section provides general Banner resources and specific documentation for installers and operators of this iVu Plus BCR Vision Sensor.

WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection

Never use this product as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This product does NOT include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or de-energized sensor output condition.

1.1 Product Support

Banner provides the following resources for quickly setting up and operating the sensor.

Documentation

Online Help

When setting up or monitoring inspections using the iVu sensor's integrated display, you can get online help on any screen by clicking the Help icon in the upper-right of the screen.

PDF Documentation

The iVu Plus Series Image Sensor documentation is available in a convenient printable format (PDF) on the installation CD or on the *Banner Web site* (http://www.bannerengineering.com)

Banner Website

The most current iVu Plus Series sensor information is available on the Banner website:

www.bannerengineering.com

Warranty Service

The iVu Plus Image Sensor is designed for reliability. Do not open the housing; it contains no field-replaceable components. If repair is necessary, do not attempt to repair the sensor yourself; return the unit to the factory. Should it become necessary to return a sensor to the factory, please do the following:

1. Contact the Banner Factory Application Engineering group at the address or numbers listed below. They will attempt to troubleshoot the system from your description of the problem. If they conclude that a component is defective, they will issue an RMA (Return Merchandise Authorization) number for your paperwork and give you the proper shipping address.
2. Pack the sensor carefully. Damage which occurs during return shipping is not covered by warranty.

Factory Support

Call, e-mail, fax, or write your local Banner representative or a Banner Applications Engineer for support. Applications Engineers are available from 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. Central Time, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

Phone	Local: 763.544.3164
	Toll Free: 1.888.3.SENSOR (1.888.373.6767)
Fax	763.544.3213
E-mail	sensors@bannerengineering.com
Address	Banner Engineering Corp.
	9714 10th Avenue North, Minneapolis, MN 55441 USA

To help Banner better assist you, be ready to provide the following information:

- iVu firmware version (to find the version number, click **Main Menu** > **System** > **Sensor Information**
- Sensor Model Number and Date Code, which are found on the bottom of the sensor.
- Exact wording of any messages that appeared on your screen
- A description of what you were doing and what happened
- A description of how you tried to solve the problem
- Error Codes (see *LED Indicator Troubleshooting* on page 152)

1.2 Maintenance

Maintenance tasks include keeping the hardware free of dust and dirt and possibly updating the iVu firmware as new versions become available.

Cleaning the Sensor

Regularly remove any dust or dirt from the Sensor using a soft cloth. If needed, slightly dampen the cloth with a weak solution of neutral detergent. Avoid getting dirt on the imager (the area behind the lens). If the imager is dirty, use anti-static compressed air to blow off the dust.

Updating the iVu Firmware

The current version of iVu firmware is available for download from the Banner website. See the Banner Website for the firmware download link.

2 Overview of the Sensor

The iVu Plus BCR sensor reads a wide variety of barcodes. The package consists of lighting, sensor, lens, and display. Appropriate cables and mounting brackets can be ordered for each application. Additionally, other lenses, brackets, filters and external lights are available. Installation, setup, and configuration can be done quickly without requiring a PC to configure the sensor.

- No external PC required to configure the sensor
- USB 2.0 compliant host provided for easy updating and diagnotistics
- Image processing expertise is not required
- Integrated or remote color touch screen display
- High speed processing

iVu Plus BCR reads the following barcode types:

- DataMatrix (ECC 200) barcodes
- Linear barcodes
  - Code128
  - Code39
  - CODABAR
  - Interleaved 2 of 5
  - EAN13
  - EAN8
  - UPCE
  - Postnet
  - IMB
  - Pharmacode

2.1 Installation

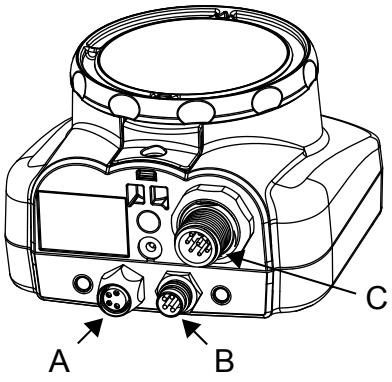
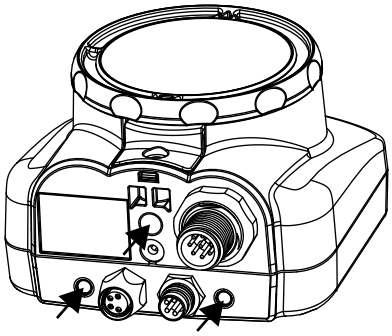
2.1.1 Components

iVu with Integrated Display

The iVu Series sensor comes fully assembled with the lens and an integrated ring light if so ordered. The integrated touchscreen display has a plastic cover to protect the display. You will need to remove this cover when setting up the sensor. When the display is not in use be sure to keep the display covered to protect it.

If not using an integrated ring light, you will need to have another lighting source. Various lights are available from Banner.

	1	LED - Green: Power; Red: Error
	2	LED - Green: Pass; Red: Fail
	3	Ethernet I/O LED
	4	Focusing Window
	5	Focusing Window Locking Clip
	6	Integrated Display

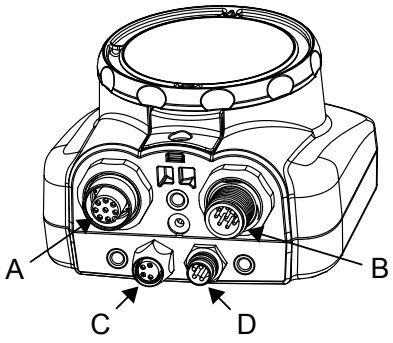
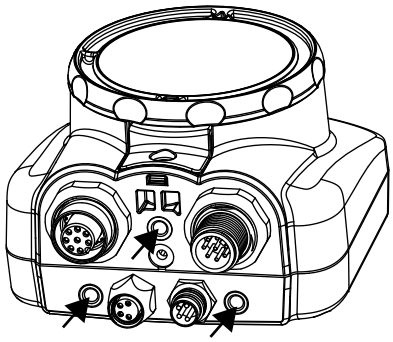
	A	8-pin Euro-style (M12) female USB Cable Connector
	B	I/O Cable Connector
	C	12-pin Euro-style (M12) male Power and I/O Cable Connector
	Mounting Bracket Mounting Holes (uses supplied three M4 x 4 mm screws)	

iVu with Remote Display

The iVu sensor for use with a Remote Display comes fully assembled with the lens and an integrated ring light if so ordered. Although the Remote Display is not required for normal sensor operation, you will need it to set up the sensor and when you want to monitor inspections.

NOTE: If not using an integrated ring light, you will need to have another lighting source. Various lights are available from Banner.

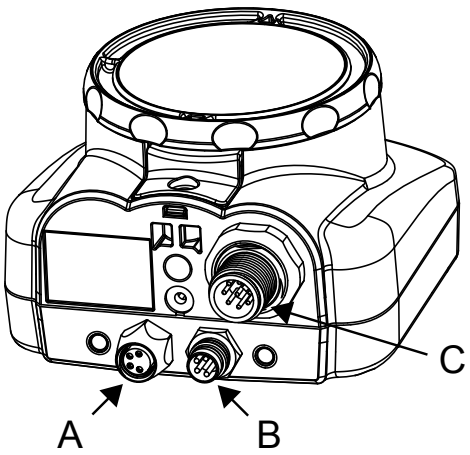
	1	LED - Green: Power; Red: Error
	2	LED - Green: Pass; Red: Fail
	3	Ethernet I/O LED
	4	Focusing Window
	5	Focusing Window Locking Clip

	A	8-pin Euro-Style (M12) female Remote Display connector
	B	12-pin Euro-style (M12) male Power and I/O Cable Connector
	C	4-pin Pico (M8) female connector
	D	I/O Cable Connector
	Mounting Bracket Mounting Holes (uses supplied three M4 x 4 mm screws)	

2.1.2 Cable Connections

iVu Plus BCR with Integrated Display

The cable connections on the iVu Plus with integrated display are shown below, and power I/O connections (**C**) are defined in the **Power I/O Connections** table below.

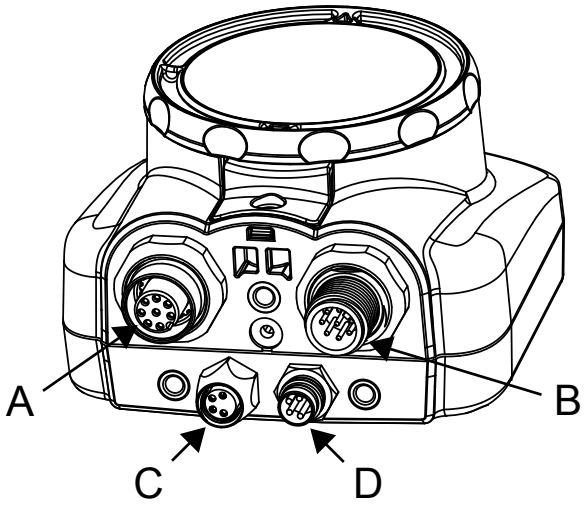


A	USB Connector
B	Ethernet Connector
C	Power I/O Connector

NOTE: Microlens model shown, C-Mount model connections are identical.

iVu Plus BCR with Remote Display

The cable connections on the iVu Plus with remote display are shown below, and power I/O connections (**B**) are defined in the **Power I/O Connections** table below.



A	Remote Display Connector
B	Power I/O Connector
C	USB Connector
D	Ethernet Connector

NOTE: Microlens model shown, C-Mount model connections are identical.

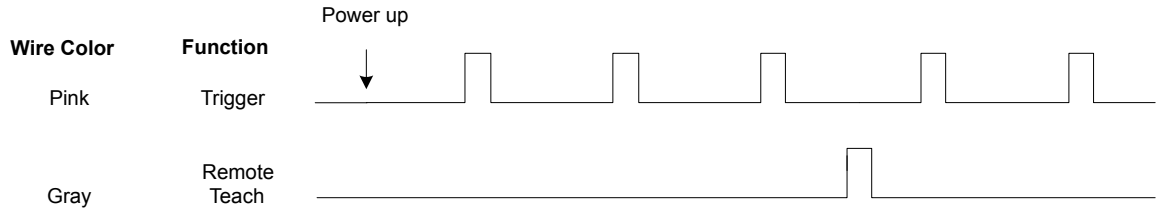
Power I/O Connections			
Pin #	**Wire Color**	**Description**	**Direction**
2	Brown	10-30V dc	Input
7	Blue	Common (Signal Ground)	Input
6	Pink	External Trigger	Input
5	Gray	Remote Teach	Input
1	White	Output 1	Output
8	Red	Ready	Output
4	Yellow	Strobe Out (5V dc only)	Output
3	Green	Output 2	Output
9	Orange	Output 3	Output
10	Light Blue	RS-232 TX	Output
11	Black	RS-232 Signal Ground	Output
12	Violet	RS-232 Rx	Input

iVu Trigger, Remote Teach, and I/O Waveforms

The iVu has two input signals—Trigger and Remote Teach. The default setting is to detect the Trigger or Remote Teach input on the low to high transition. This setting can be changed in the **Main Menu** > **System** > **Discrete I/O** > **Input Polarity** screen on the sensor.

iVu Low-to-High Trigger and Remote Teach Input Waveforms

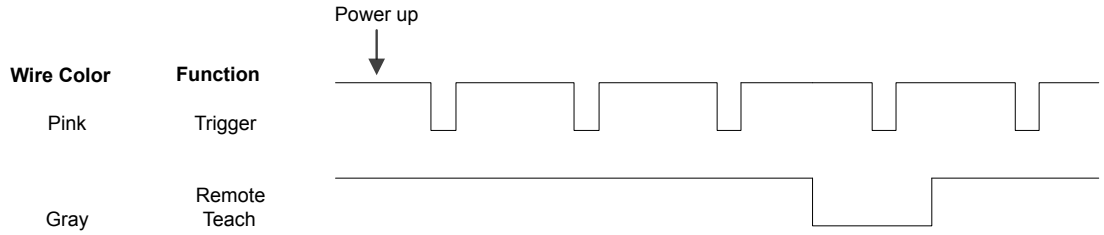
The iVu Trigger and Remote Teach input waveforms are shown below.



The sensor triggers from low to high, and Remote Teach behaves electrically like trigger (see above).

iVu High-to-Low Trigger and Remote Teach Input Waveforms

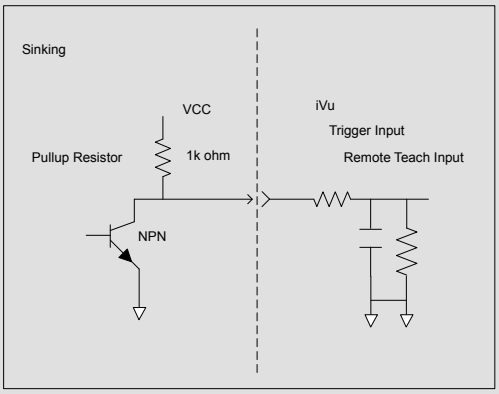
The iVu High-to-Low Trigger and Remote Teach input waveforms are shown below.



The sensor triggers from high to low, and Remote Teach behaves electrically like trigger.

NOTE: If the device used to trigger or remote teach the iVu Plus BCR is a sinking device (that is, NPN), then there are two options regarding the use of a pull-up resistor:

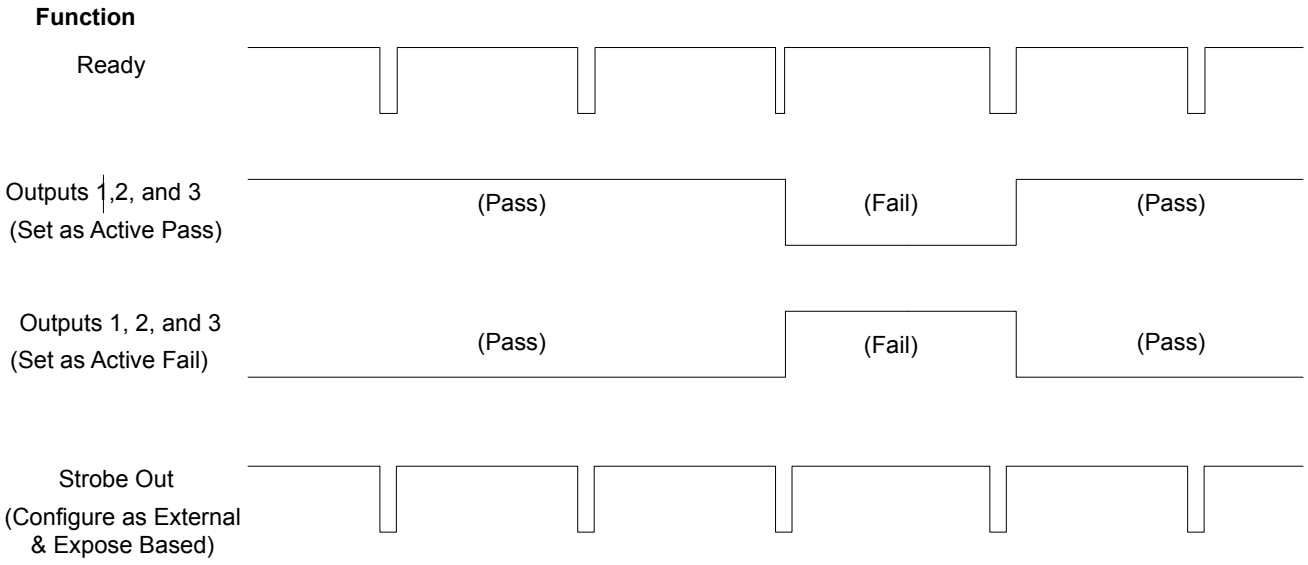
Option 1: Put a pull-up resistor, rated approximately 1k ohm, between the sensor's positive (+) voltage and the sensor's input as shown below.



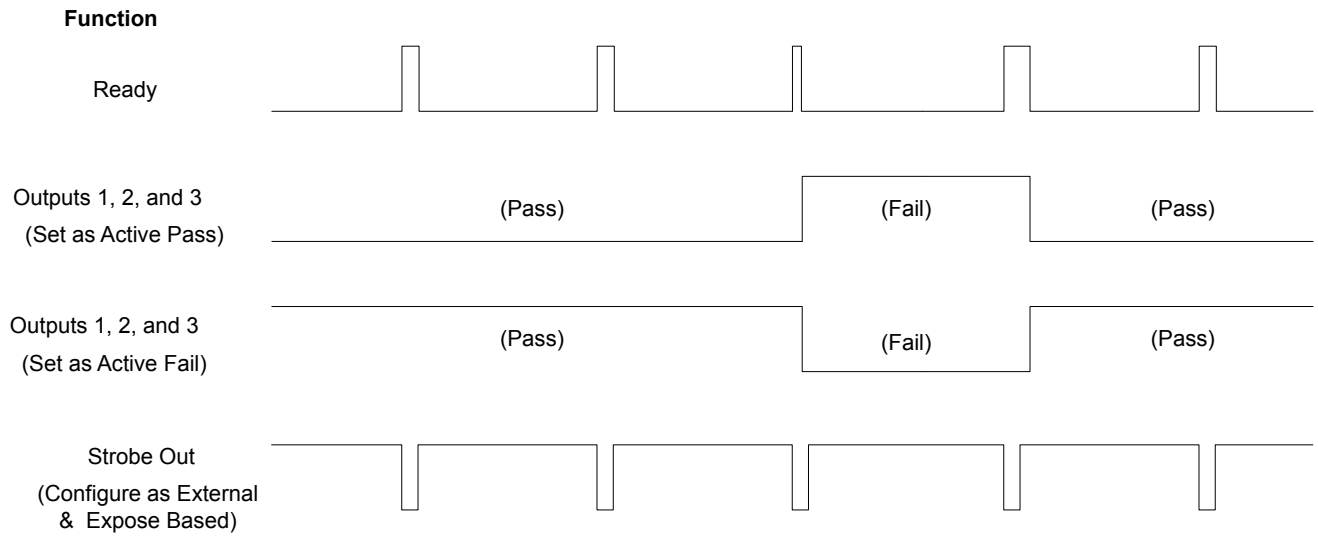
Option 2: Enable the Input Pullup in the iVu Plus BCR software (**Main Menu** > **System** > **Discrete I/O** > **Input Pullup**).

iVu Output Waveforms

PNP Outputs



NPN Outputs



2.1.3 Installing and Connecting the Sensor

The iVu Plus BCR sensor requires a bracket for mounting. Three brackets are available from Banner. The brackets allow the sensor to be mounted either perpendicular to the part or at an adjustable angle.

Available iVu Brackets		
SMBIVURAL	**SMBIVURAR**	**SMBIVUU**

Thread three M4 x 4mm screws through the bracket into the mounting holes in the bottom of the sensor. Tighten all three screws.

Installing Filters on the iVu Series Sensor

NOTE: Failure to follow these instructions can cause damage to your iVu Series sensor.

To install a filter on the iVu Series sensor with Micro Lens, use the illustration as a guide and follow the steps listed below.

A	Lens
B	Focusing Window
C	Locking Clip
D	Locking Screw
E	Filter Cap
F	Filter

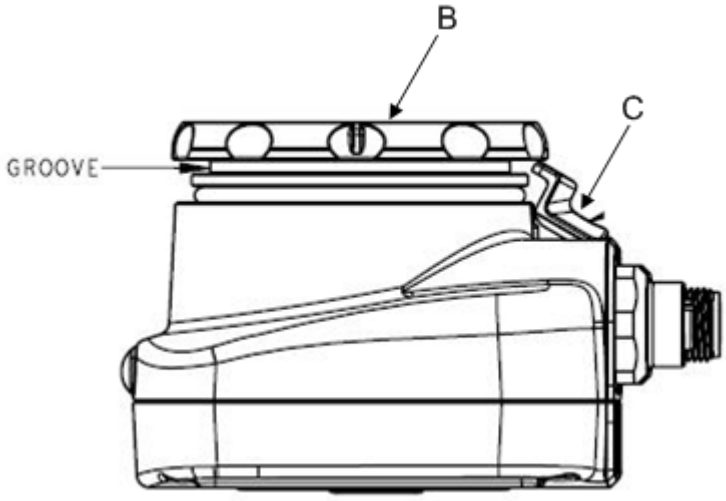
1. Use the 1/16" hex key to remove the Focusing Window locking screw (D).

NOTE: The Locking Clip (C) inserts in a groove near the top of the Focusing Window (B). When removing the window, the Locking Clip will be loose. Be careful not to lose the clip while removing the window.

2. Unscrew the Focusing Window by turning it clockwise approximately 5 complete turns or until the Focusing Window disengages from the light/lens assembly.

NOTE: The light/lens assembly may include an integrated ring light or a blank disk if an integrated ring light is not used. Be careful that the light/lens assembly does not pull out when removing the Focusing Window. Give a slight tug on the Focusing Window when you think you've unscrewed it far enough. If the lens assembly moves with the window, continue to rotate the window clockwise until the lens assembly does not move.

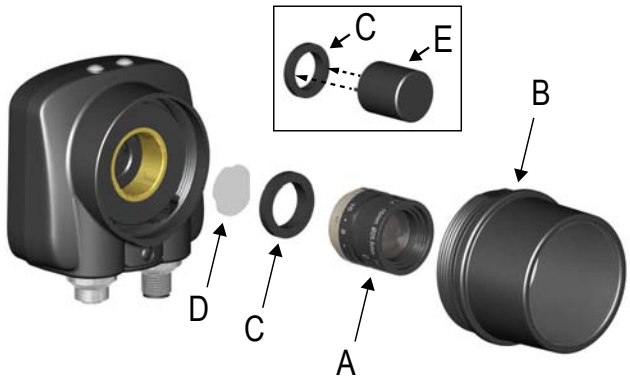
3. Set the Focusing Window aside. Be careful not to get any debris on the window's O-ring.
4. If present, remove the protective covering on the filter.
5. Place the filter into the Filter Cap and press the cap onto the lens.
6. Once the filter is installed, place the Focusing Window back into the housing while inserting the Locking Clip into the groove as shown below.



7. Press the Focusing Window onto the housing to make sure that it seats correctly (that is, there is no gap between the window and housing. Rotate the window counter-clockwise at least two turns.
8. Replace the locking tab screw but do not tighten until you have set up and focused the sensor again.

To install a filter on the iVu Series sensor with C-Mount Lens, use the illustration as a guide and follow the steps listed below.

C-Mount Models



A	C-Mount Lens
B	Lens Enclosure
C	Retainer Ring (optional)
D	Filter (optional)
E	Filter Retainer Ring Tool

NOTE: Filter Kits are available separately.

1. Remove the Lens Enclosure and Lens.
2. Install filter behind the retainer ring. Make sure it is fully seated.
3. Using the provided retainer ring tool, thread the retainer ring into the sensor until it firmly seats the filter.
4. Replace the Lens and Lens Enclosure on the camera.

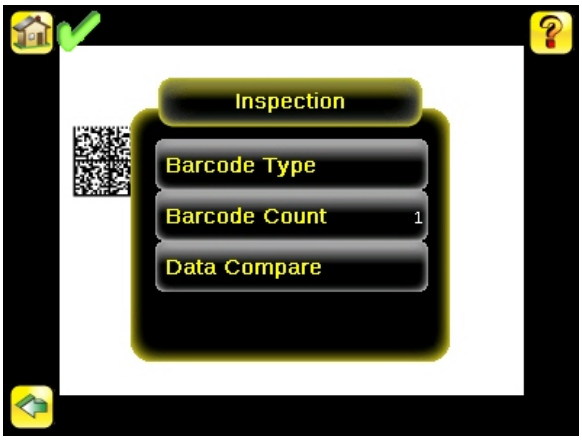
CAUTION: Avoid the damage that electrostatic discharget (ESD) can cause to the sensor. Always use a proven method for preventing electrostatic discharge when installing a lens or attaching a cable.

2.2 Live Mode Overview

The iVu Plus BCR can be configured to evaluate one or more of the supported barcode types and can look for a specific number of barcodes from 1 to 10. The barcode types are selected on the integrated touch screen by accessing **Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Bar-**

code > **Barcode Type** . The barcode count is selected on the touch screen by going to **Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Barcode** > **Barcode Count** .

This section describes some general iVu Plus BCR concepts.



2.2.1 Read/No Read, Pass/Fail, Match/No Match

The following describes what is meant by Read/No Read, Pass/Fail, and Match/No Match:

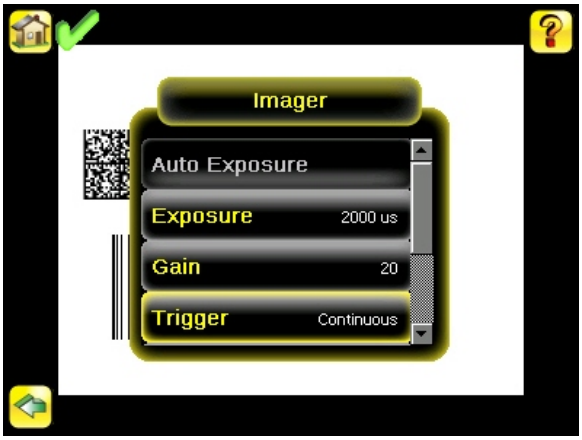
- A Read condition occurs when the configured number of barcodes are found in a scan. These barcodes must be error-free.
- A No Read condition occurs when the configured number of barcodes are not found in a scan.
- If the sensor is configured where Data Compare is **disabled**, Pass and Fail are the same as Read and No Read.
- If the sensor is using the Data Compare feature, Pass indicates that a good barcode was found and the data compared.
- If the sensor is using the Data Compare feature, Fail indicates that either no good barcode was found or the data did not compare.
- A Match condition occurs when the required number of barcodes are found and the compare is successful.
- A No Match condition occurs when the required number of barcodes are found, but the compare is not successful.

2.2.2 Trigger Modes

The iVu Plus BCR has five trigger modes that determine how the sensor captures and processes images:

- External - Single
- Continuous
- External - Gated
- Command
- Industrial Ethernet Only

You can select one of the trigger modes by accessing **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Trigger** on the iVu touch screen display. *Trigger* on page 36 describes these trigger modes in more detail.



2.2.3 Compare Data

The iVu Plus BCR has a data compare feature for comparing read barcode data against reference data. Data can be manually entered by accessing the **Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Barcode** > **Data Compare** > **Set Data** screen. Data of up to 3200 characters can be entered. Additionally, the data compare feature provides for masking characters within the data.

There are two other ways to enter compare data:

- Importing the last read data while viewing the **Set Data** screen. The new data is effective on the first trigger that occurs after this action.
- Using Remote Teach. When a Remote Teach occurs, the data of the first read barcode is saved as Data Compare input. Inspections executed on the next trigger will use the new data for comparison with subsequently read barcodes. If the previous input data contained any masked characters, Remote Teach will retain the masked characters **only** if the new data is of the same length as the previous input data. If the length does not match, masking is removed.

The sensor tries to compare full length of this string with the data read from the barcode. If not equal, inspection will be marked as Fail.

NOTE: If the sensor reads more than one barcode in the field of view, only the first barcode data that the sensor reads can be compared.

2.2.4 Output 1, Output 2, and Output 3

The sensor has three output signals that you can configure for Pass, Fail, Read, No Read, Match, No Match, System Error, and Missed Trigger. The default settings are Pass for Output 1, Fail for Output 2, and Pass for Output 3.

NOTE: For all outputs, the default setting is Latched, which means that the signal is active until the results of an inspection cause a change in the signal output. If Pulsed is selected, the default pulse width is 50 ms.

2.2.5 Serial and Ethernet Output

The iVu Plus provides for communicating with other devices via Ethernet or a UART serial communications port (RS-232). In order to establish an Ethernet connection to the sensor, the external device must be configured with the correct IP address and correct TCP port to communicate. If planning to use the serial communications connection, port settings for baud rate, data bits, parity, and stop bits must be configured on the iVu Plus to match the settings of the external device.

The iVu Plus BCR RS232 port or ethernet port can be used to output barcode data to other applications. To access the Data Export screen, go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Data Export** . The user can enable or disable this feature. When enabled:

- if the sensor is configured for either External-Single or External-Gated trigger modes, every trigger results in the transmission of output data (if the sensor does not successfully read a barcode, the output will be NO_READ).
- if the sensor is configured for Continuous trigger mode, the sensor will only transmit output barcode data upon a successful read.

To access the Serial Output screen, go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Serial I/O**

When RS-232 serial output is enabled, the user can configure:

- Serial Port Settings (listed below)
- Type of Data to Export (listed below)
- Output Format (listed below)

To access the Ethernet Output screen, go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Ethernet I/O** .

When ethernet output is enabled, the user can configure:

- IP Address, Port number, Subnet Mask, and Gateway
- Type of Data to Export (listed below)
- Output Format (listed below)

Type of Data to Export:

- Pass/Fail Output
- Inspection Name
- Barcode Count
- Data Length
- Symbol Type
- Barcode Data
- Frame Number
- Inspection Time (ms)

Serial Port Settings:

- Baud Rates
- Start Bits
- Stop Bits
- Data Bits
- Parity Control

Output Format:

- Start String
- Delimiter
- End String

2.2.6 Remote Teach

The Remote Teach function is a method of remotely updating compare data while the iVu sensor is running. The sequence of events for executing a Remote Teach as follows:

1. With the sensor Ready, pulse the Remote Teach line.
2. The sensor recognizes that the Remote Teach line has been pulsed and waits for the next valid trigger.
3. At the next valid trigger, Ready goes inactive (the Green Ready LED shuts OFF), and the sensor acquires a new image.

When a Remote Teach occurs, the data of the first read barcode is saved as Data Compare input. Inspections executed on the next trigger will use the new data for comparison with subsequently read barcodes. If the previous input data contained any masked characters, Remote Teach will retain the masked characters **only** if the new data is of the same length as the previous input data. If the length does not match, masking is removed.

2.3 iVu Plus BCR Emulator

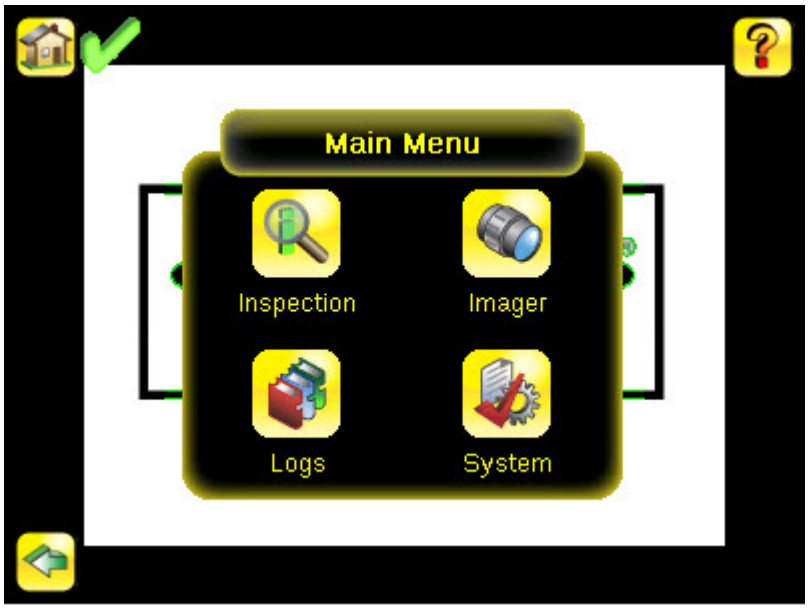
The iVu Plus BCR Emulator is a Windows application that allows you to operate in a Windows environment exactly as you would on the iVu Series sensor itself. In general, the Emulator is an inspection debugging tool where you can:

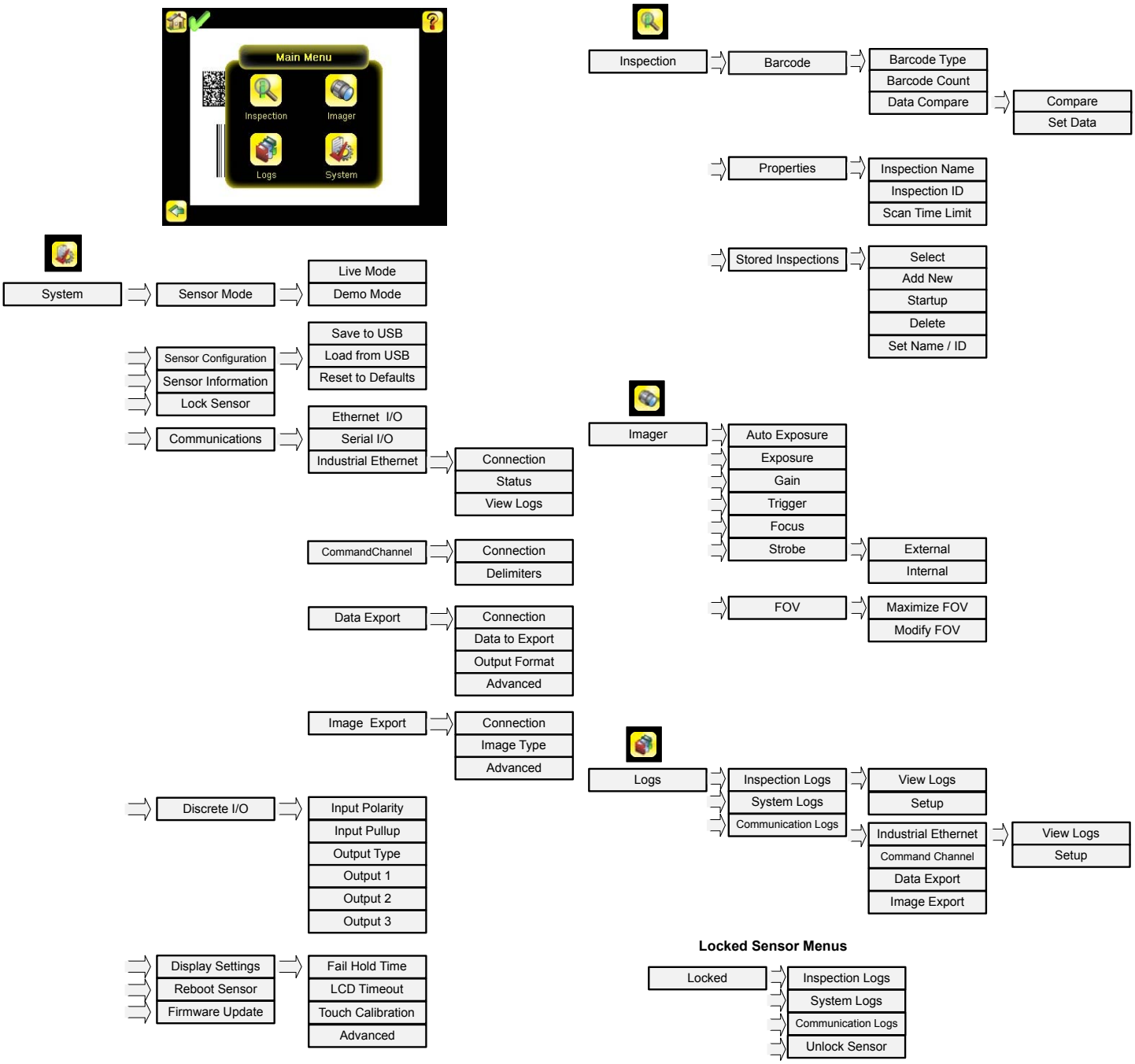
1. Import stored inspections and configuration from an iVu Plus BCR sensor.
2. Modify inspection parameters on the emulator.
3. Restore the updated configuration back to the sensor.

3 Main Menu Reference

3.1 Main Menu

The Main Menu has four sections. Select: Inspection to modify inspection settings Imager to run the Auto Exposure routine and to make adjustments to functions like exposure, gain, and strobe. System to set output signals, communication channel parameters and to manage the device. Logs to configure and view System and Inspection Logs.

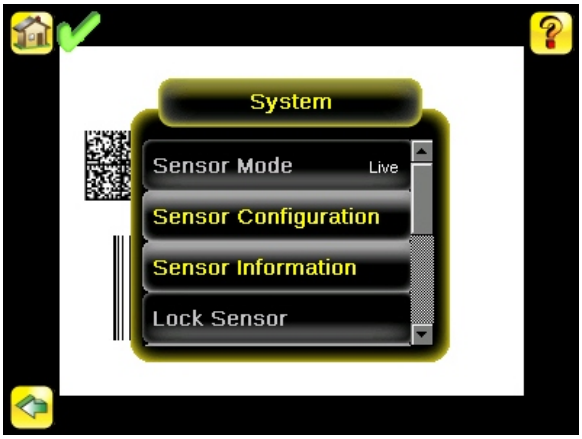




3.2 System Menu

The System menu icon is on the Main Menu, and is used to manage the sensor. The System menu provides for selecting Sensor Mode, updating sensor firmware, backing up and restoring sensor Configuration and other general system-level operations.

Main Menu > System

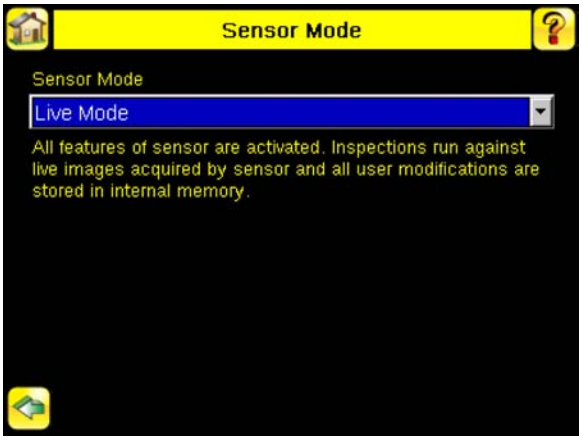


3.2.1 Sensor Mode

Main Menu > System > Sensor Mode

The sensor has two operating modes:

- Live Mode, which is the normal operating mode where the sensor captures live images, scans, and verifies barcodes
- Demo Mode, where inspections are run on stored images and inspection parameters.


Sensor Mode
Sensor Mode
Live Mode
All features of sensor are activated. Inspections run against live images acquired by sensor and all user modifications are stored in internal memory.

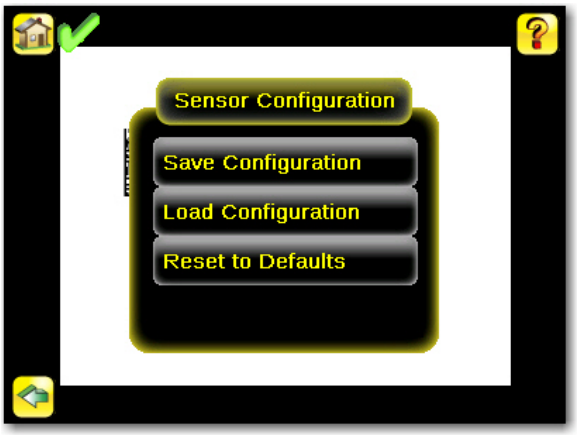
NOTE: You may return to Demo Mode any time by going to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Sensor Mode** and selecting Demo.

3.2.2 Sensor Configuration

The Sensor Configuration menu provides for:

- Saving sensor Configuration to the USB drive
- Restoring sensor Configuration from the USB drive
- Resetting the sensor to defaults

Main Menu > System > Sensor Configuration



Save to USB

The Save to USB screen provides for saving sensor Configuration to a USB flash drive. The saved configuration information can be used as a backup or as a way to clone configuration information for other sensors.

Main Menu > System > Sensor Configuration > Save to USB

NOTE: On the Emulator, this option is **Save Configuration.**

Load from USB

The Load from USB screen provides for restoring sensor Configuration from a USB drive. This operation will remove all existing inspections and replace them with inspections contained in the configuration file on the USB.

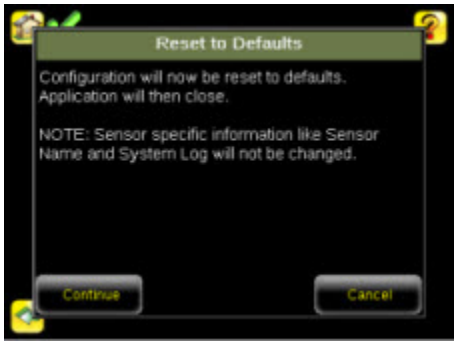
Main Menu > System > Sensor Configuration > Load from USB

NOTE: On the Emulator, this option is **Load Configuration.**

Reset to Defaults

Resets all sensor configuration to factory defaults. This operation will remove all existing inspections and replace with factory default.

Main Menu > System > Sensor Configuration > Reset to Defaults

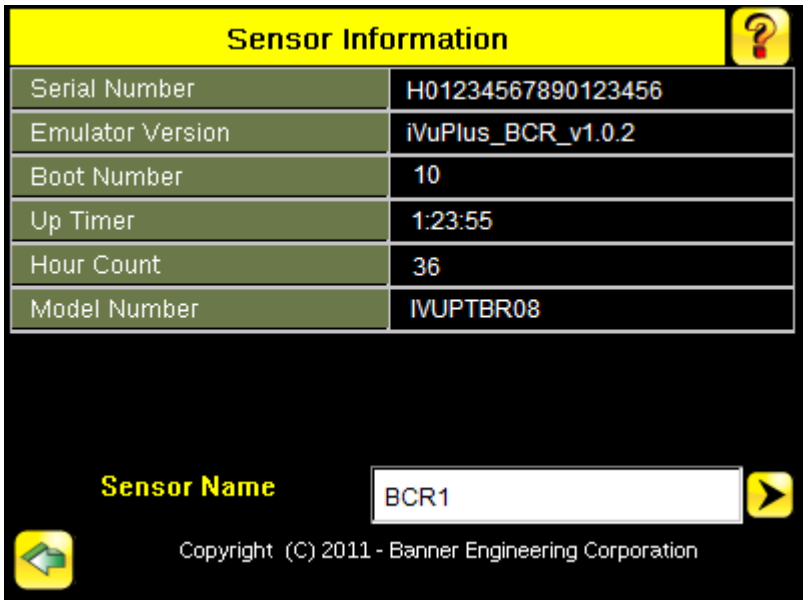

Reset to Defaults
Configuration will now be reset to defaults.
Application will then close.
NOTE: Sensor specific information like Sensor Name and System Log will not be changed.
Continue
Cancel

3.2.3 Sensor Information

The Sensor Information screen displays the following sensor information:

- Serial Number
- Firmware Version
- Boot Number
- Up Timer
- Hour Count
- Model Number
- Sensor Name

Main Menu > System > Sensor Information



Click the right-arrow next to the Sensor Name field to display a software keyboard that allows you to change the Sensor Name.

3.2.4 Lock Sensor

This option provides for locking the sensor to prevent accidental modification of settings. When locked, the sensor only provides access to pass/fail statistics, as well as the ability to view logs and to save them to a USB device. A lock icon in the upper left corner of the sensor display indicates that the sensor is locked. Note that the sensor can be locked with or without a password. If a password is not used, unlock the sensor by clicking on the Unlock Device menu. When a password is used, it must be 4 digits entered using the software keypad. If the password is lost, use the Password Reset Utility software provided in the CD to obtain a Reset Key.

NOTE: This menu option is not available on the Emulator.

Main Menu > System > Lock Sensor

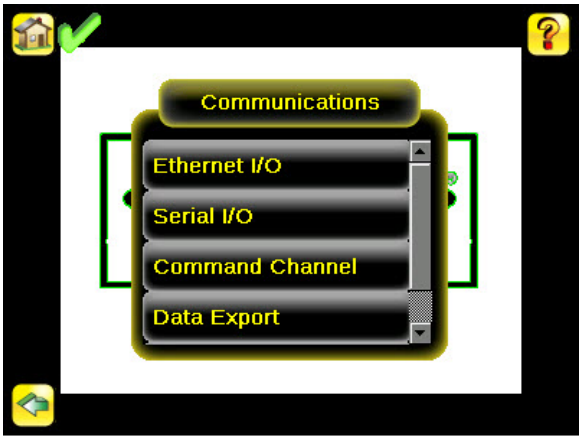
3.2.5 Communications Menu

Main Menu > **System** > **Communications**

The Communications menu is used to configure the serial and ethernet I/O channel. There are six menu options:

- Ethernet I/O for configuring the Ethernet port
- Serial I/O for configuring the Serial port
- Industrial Ethernet settings
- Command Channel for enabling or disabling commands to the sensor through Ethernet or Serial channels
- Data Export Channel for enabling or disabling the channel for data export only
- Image Export Channel for enabling or disabling the channel for image export only

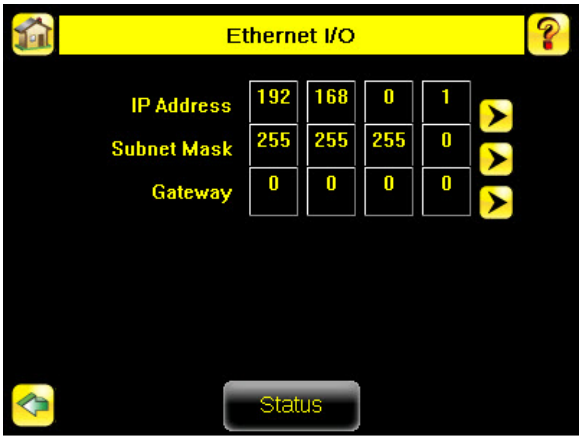
NOTE: Either Data Export Channel, Image Export Channel, OR Command Channel can be enabled.



Port Settings for Ethernet I/O

Main Menu > System > Communications > Ethernet I/O

In the Ethernet I/O screen you can enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway.



Port Settings for Serial I/O

Main Menu > System > Communications > Serial I/O

In the Serial I/O screen you can select values for Baud Rate, Stop Bits and Parity Control.

Industrial Ethernet

Main Menu > System > Communications > Industrial Ethernet

The iVuPlus device can be controlled or monitored over Industrial Ethernet using Ethernet/IP, Modbus/TCP or PCCC protocols. This document will help you to set up the iVu Plus in the desired configuration and provide you with information you will need to connect to the master device (PLC, HMI, etc.).

Connection

Main Menu > System > Communications > Industrial Ethernet > Connection

The Connection screen is used to enable either Modbus or EIP/PCCC protocols on Industrial Ethernet channel. Select 'Disable' to completely disable Industrial Etherent channel.

Status

Main Menu > System > Communications > Industrial Ethernet > Status

The status screen displays information about the current connection. This information is protocol specific.

View Logs

Main Menu > System > Communications > Industrial Ethernet > View Logs

This screen displays the list of recent events on Industrial Ethernet channel. Detailed logging can be selected under Setup when troubleshooting.

Command Channel

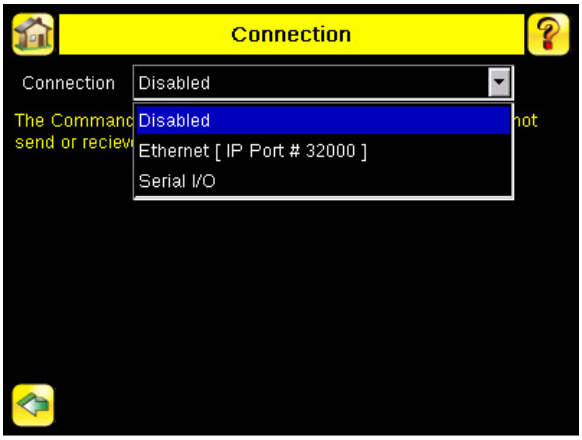
Main Menu > System > Communications > Command Channel

The iVu command channel is a bi-directional communication protocol that currently supports ASCII via the RS-232 serial interface or ethernet interface, and enables other devices to remotely control the iVu sensor and to access sensor results.

Connection

Main Menu > System > Communications > Command Channel > Connection

The Connection screen is used to enable or disable the Command Channel.

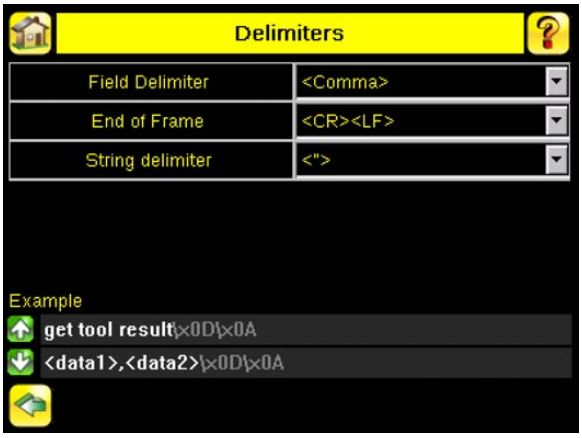


Delimiters

Main Menu > System > Communications > Command Channel > Delimiters

In the Delimiters screen, there are three delimiter options that you can set:

- Field Delimiter, which determines what is used to separate data that the sensor is sending out to a remote device.
- End of Frame, which determines the delimiter used to indicate the end of a frame.
- String Delimiter, which determines what is used to enclose a string field during both input and output operations.



Use the drop-down lists to select the appropriate delimiter. The example at the lower part of the screen displays how the data will look in the output or input streams.

Data Export Channel

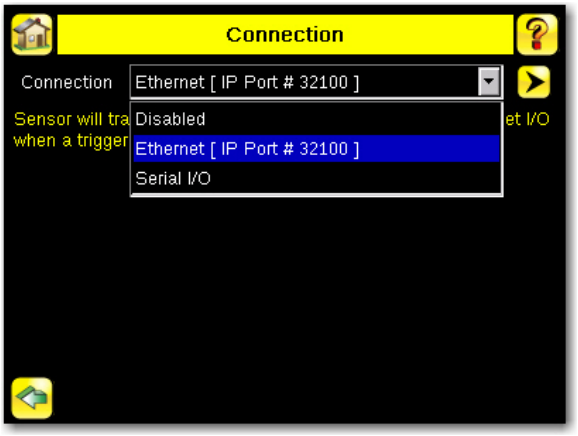
Main Menu > System > Communications > Data Export

When the Data Export Channel is enabled, the sensor will transmit selected inspection data when triggered.

Connection

Main Menu > Communications > Data Export > Connection

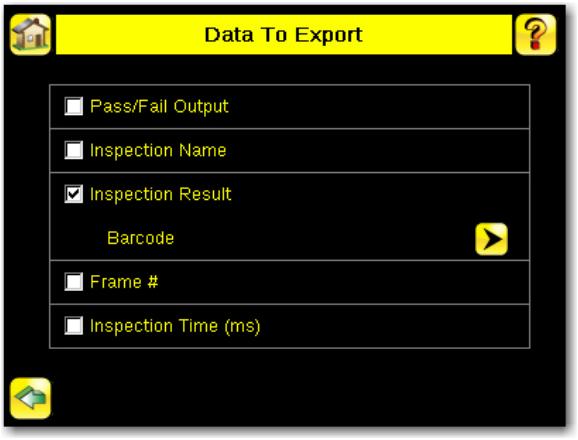
The Connection screen is used to enable or disable the Data Export Channel.



Data To Export

Main Menu > System > Communications > Data Export > Data To Export

The options in the Data To Export screen are used to determine what barcode data is exported via the serial port.



Output Format

Main Menu > System > Communications > Data Export > Output Format

In the Output Format screen, use the drop-down lists to select Start and End Strings as well a delimiter. In the field at the bottom of the screen is an example of how the data will look when it is output.

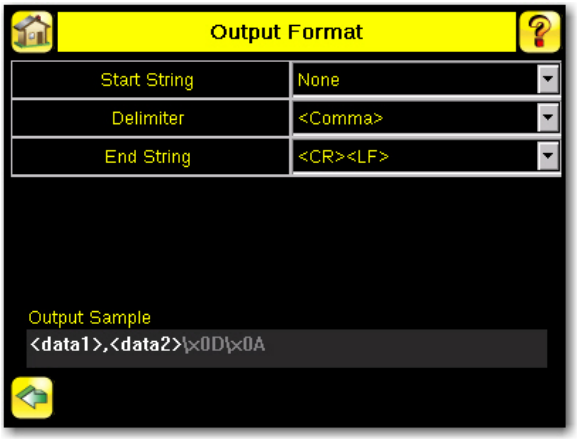


Image Export Channel

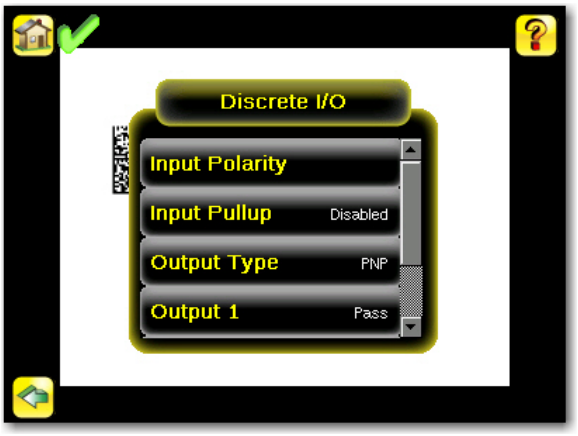
Main Menu > **System** > **Communications** > **Image Export**

When the Image Export Channel is enabled, the sensor will transmit the acquired image on every trigger. The image is transmitted as a bitmap (BMP) file. This operation is only available over Ethernet I/O.

3.2.6 Discrete I/O

The Discrete I/O options are used to adjust iVu input and output settings.

Main Menu > System > Discrete I/O



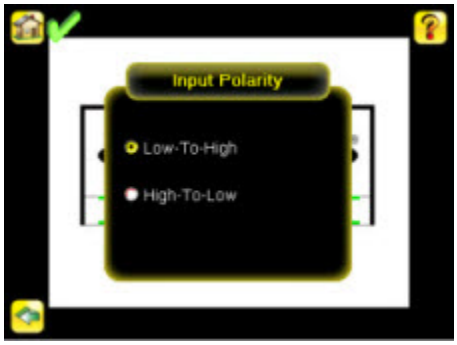
Input Polarity

The iVu has two input signals—Trigger and Remote Teach. The operation of these signals is dependent on the Input Polarity setting.

- **Low To High** - The Trigger and Remote Teach are detected on a low to high transition of the signal.
- **High To Low** - The Trigger and Remote Teach are detected on a high to low transition of the signal.

The default setting for a PNP sensor is Low To High, and for an NPN sensor it is High To Low. The user can change the setting on the Input Polarity screen.

Main Menu > System > Discrete I/O > Input Polarity

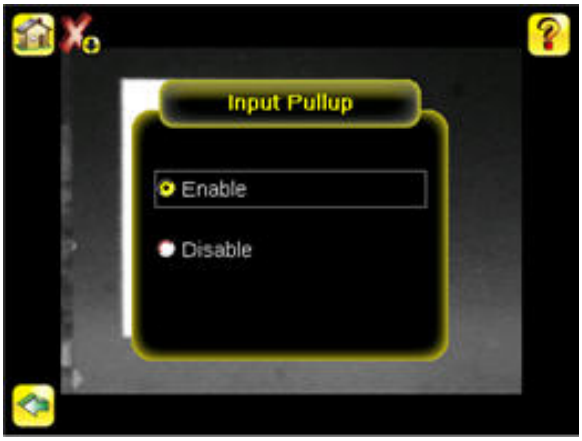


Input Pullup

Main Menu > **System** > **Discrete I/O** > **Input Pullup**

The NPN version of the iVu sensor triggers from high to low, and Remote Teach behaves electrically like trigger. If using the NPN version of the sensor, select Enable.

The PNP version of the iVu sensor triggers from low to high, and Remote Teach behaves electrically like trigger. If using the PNP version of the sensor, select Disable.



Output 1

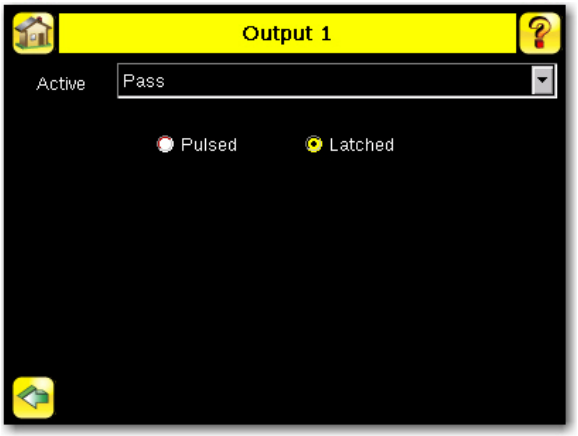
Output 1 can be configured for Pass, Fail, Read, No Read, Match, No Match, Missed Trigger, or System Error.

- A Read condition is when the configured number of barcodes are found in a scan. These barcodes must be error-free.
- A No Read condition is when the configured number of barcodes are not found in a scan sequence. This will not occur in Continuous Scan mode.
- If Data Compare is disabled, Pass and Fail are the same as Read and No Read.
- If the sensor is using Data Compare, Pass indicates that a good barcode was found, and the data compared.
- If the sensor is using Data Compare, Fail indicates that either no good barcode was found, or the data did not compare.
- A Match condition occurs when the required number of barcodes are found and the compare is successful.
- A No Match condition occurs when the required number of barcodes are found, but the compare is not successful.
- A Missed Trigger condition occurs when a trigger is received while sensor is busy inspecting the pervious image. This output signal will be set to active state. This signal will be reset up on resetting the 'History' on the statistics page.
- A System Error condition occurs when a fatal error is detected on the sensor. This output signal will be set to active state. This signal can be reset upon resetting the 'History' on the statistics page, or executing a 'ClearSystemError' command through command channel.

The default setting is Pass and Latched for Output 1. If Pulsed is selected, the default Pulse width is 50 ms.

NOTE: For Latched the signal is active until the results of an inspection cause a change in the signal output.

Main Menu > System > Discrete I/O > Output 1



Output2 and Output 3

Output 2 and Output 3 can be configured in a similar fashion to Output 1.

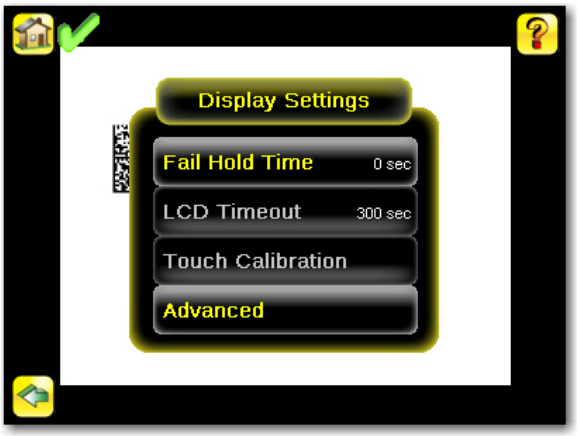
The default setting for Output 2 is Fail and Latched. The default setting for Output 3 is Pass and Latched.

Main Menu > System > Discrete I/O > Output 1

3.2.7 Display Settings

The Display Settings menu is for setting the Fail Hold Time, LCD Timeout, doing a Touch Screen Calibration. Display optimization can be enabled in the Advanced menu option.

Main Menu > System > Display Settings



Fail Hold Time

The Fail Hold Time determines how long a failed image is displayed on the LCD so that you can see what failed. The sensor will continue to process any triggers and the inspection will continue normally. This time delay is just for the screen. You can set this parameter from 0 to 3600 seconds using the slider at the bottom of the screen.

Main Menu > System > Display Settings > Fail Hold Time

LCD Timeout

The LCD screen dims after a user-selectable period when the device is not being used. Use the arrow keys or slide the bar at the bottom of the screen to set the LCD screen time out.

NOTE: This screen is not available on the Emulator.

Main Menu > System > Display Settings > LCD Timeout

Touch Calibration

Touchscreen Calibration may be necessary if the software does not correctly respond when an icon on the screen is pressed. The calibration routine aligns the touch screen's coordinates to the display behind it. Be sure to follow the prompts on the screen when executing the Touchscreen Calibration function.

NOTE: This screen is not available on the Emulator.

Main Menu > System > Display Settings > Touch Calibration

Advanced

The Advanced Display screen allows you to edit the response of the display screen settings. Disabling this function may cause the display and touchscreen to be lethargic when sensor is busy.

Main Menu > System > Display Settings > Advanced

3.2.8 Reboot Sensor

The Reboot Sensor screen allows you to force a reboot of the sensor.

NOTE: This option is not available on the Emulator.

Main Menu > System > Reboot Sensor

3.2.9 Firmware Update

The Firmware Update screen is used to load the latest sensor firmware. The Firmware Update screen lists the firmware versions it finds in the BANNER\FIRMWARE folder on the USB drive. When you receive a firmware update from Banner Engineering, be sure to put it in the BANNER\FIRMWARE folder on the USB drive.

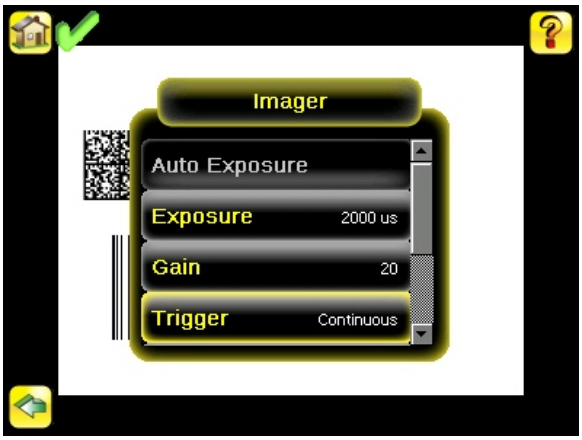
NOTE: The **Firmware Update** menu is not available on the Emulator.

Main Menu > System > Firmware Update

3.3 Imager Menu

The Imager menu icon is on the Main Menu, and lists parameters that affect the characteristics of the captured image.

Main Menu > Imager



3.3.1 Auto Exposure

Auto Exposure optimizes the exposure time and gain for the current lighting conditions. Multiple triggers are required to complete this function.

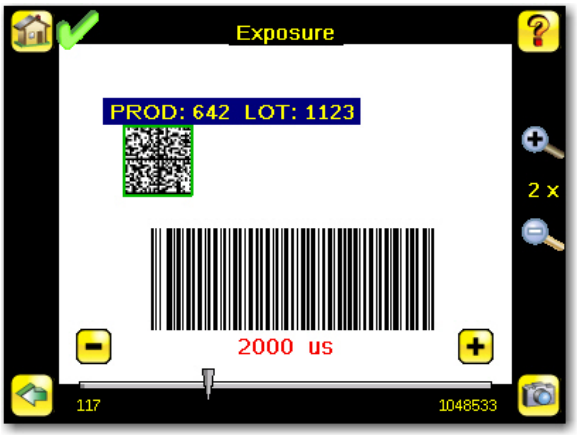
NOTE: The Auto Exposure option is not available on the Emulator.

Main Menu > Imager > Auto Exposure

3.3.2 Exposure

Exposure is the amount of time the sensor allows light to energize the imager. Increasing the exposure time by moving the slider to the right allows more light to energize the imager, which brightens the image.

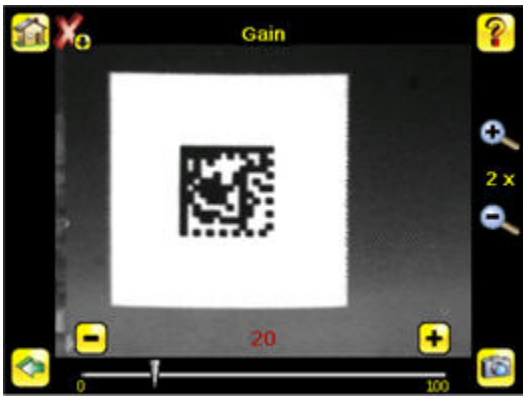
Main Menu > Imager > Exposure



3.3.3 Gain

Gain is an electronic boost to the image signal. Increasing Gain by using the '-' and '+' keys or moving the slider to the right increases image brightness without increasing exposure time. Note that Gain brightens both the light pixels and dark pixels and may reduce the image quality.

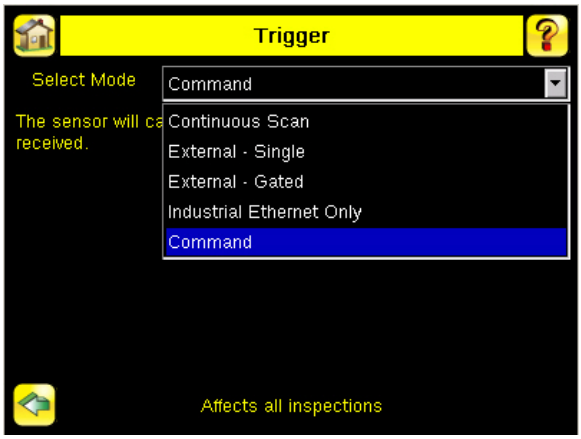
Main Menu > Imager > Gain



3.3.4 Trigger

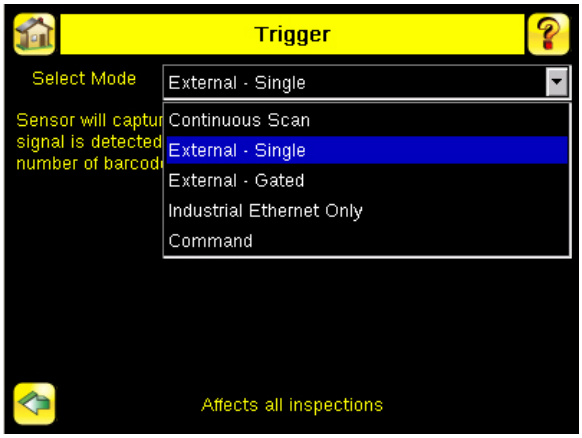
Main Menu > Imager > Trigger

A Trigger is a signal that makes the sensor capture a barcode image and decode it. From the drop-down list, select either Continuous Scan, External - Single, External - Gated, Industrial Ethernet Only, or Command.



External-Single Mode

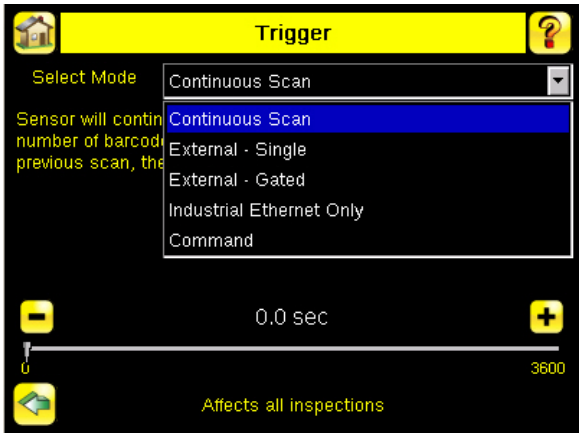
In External-Single mode, the sensor depends on an external trigger. For each trigger, the sensor captures an image and executes one scan through the configured barcode types looking for the specified number of barcodes. This trigger mode uses the Scan Time Limit parameter (**Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Properties** > **Scan Time Limit**) to limit the amount of time the sensor will attempt to scan for barcodes on an image.



Continuous Mode

In Continuous mode, the sensor uses internal timing to continuously capture images. For each captured image, the sensor scans through the configured barcode types looking for the specified number of barcodes. If the specified number of barcodes is found, a Read event occurs. If the specified number of barcodes is not found, the sensor captures another image and repeats the scan. There are two parameters that are used to fine-tune how Continuous Scan mode operates:

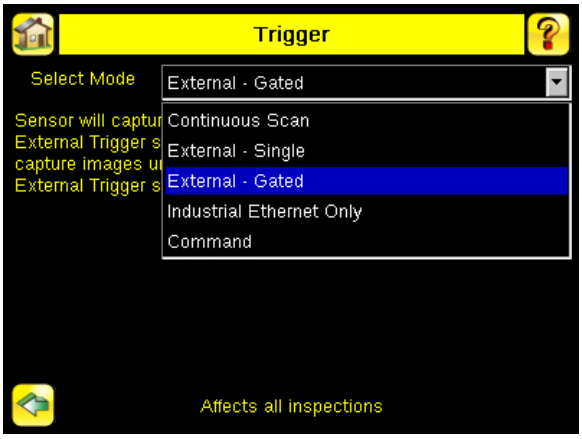
- Same Code Reject Time (set at the bottom of **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Trigger**)—time in seconds that must elapse before the scanner will report a previously scanned symbol again. A different symbol will be read immediately.
- Scan Time Limit (**Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Properties** > **Scan Time Limit**)—limits the amount of time the sensor will attempt to scan for barcodes on an image.



NOTE: A No Read condition will **not** occur in Continuous mode as another image capture and scan automatically follows.

External-Gated Mode

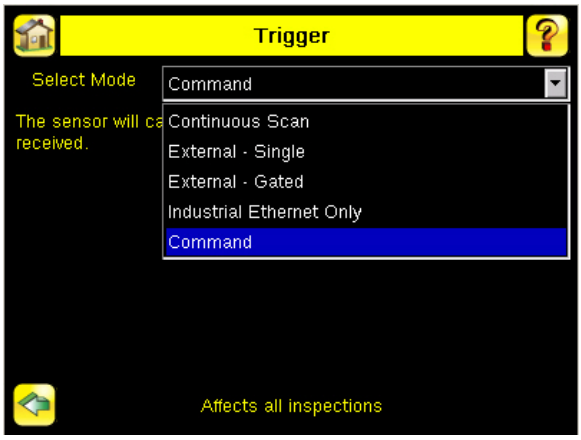
External-Gated mode is similar to Continuous mode. While an external trigger input signal is active, the sensor continues to capture images and run barcode scans until a successful Read occurs or the External Trigger input signal becomes inactive. The External - Gated mode uses the Scan Time Limit parameter (**Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Properties** > **Scan Time Limit**) to limit the amount of time the sensor will attempt to decode barcodes on an image.



NOTE: A No Read condition will **not** occur in External - Gated mode while the external trigger is active.

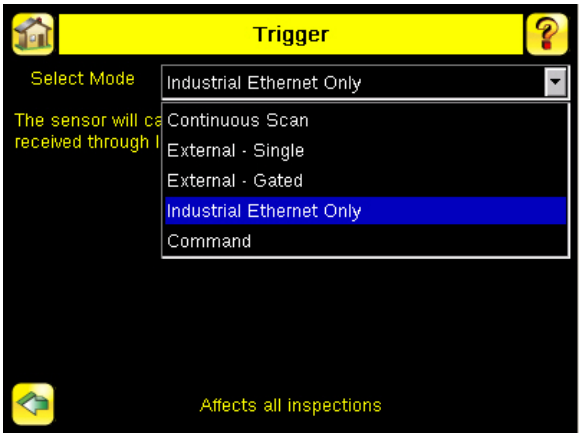
Command

In Command mode, the sensor will capture images when Trigger commands are received. The various trigger command modes described above can also be set through a command channel. Refer to Communications Chapter 6 for specific commands. The commands can come from either Serial I/O or Ethernet I/O.



Industrial Ethernet Only

When Industrial Ethernet communication channel is enabled, triggers can be received from the modes mentioned above. Triggers through Industrial Ethernet will not be executed if selected Trigger Mode is 'Continuous Scan'. If it is desired to receive triggers only through Industrial Ethernet channel, select the 'Industrial Ethernet Only'.

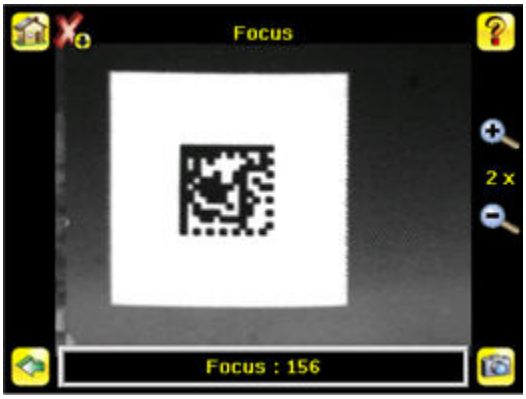


3.3.5 Focus

The Focus Number displayed at the bottom of this screen is used to fine-tune image focus. Loosen the lock on the lens cover, turn the focus ring on the sensor until the Focus Number peaks (or the image appears sharp), then lock the focus ring.

NOTE: For the Focus Number to work, the sensor must be triggering and the images must be similar over time.

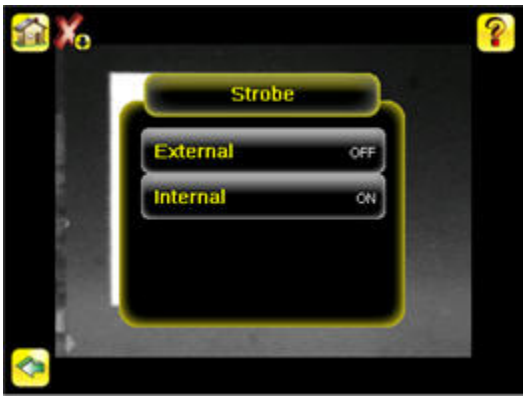
Main Menu > Imager > Focus



3.3.6 Strobe

The Internal Strobe configures the operation of the integrated ring light. The External Strobe configures the operation of an external light.

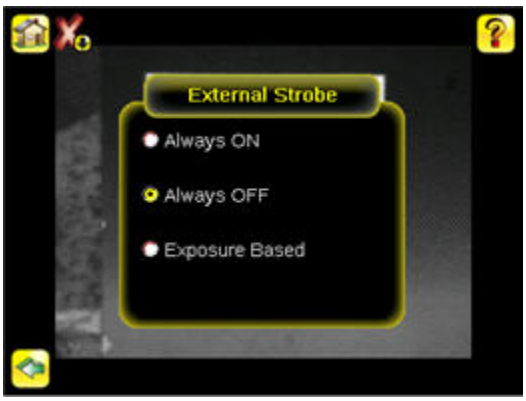
Main Menu > Imager > Strobe



External

The External Strobe is a 5V output that can be used for an external light. Setting options are Always ON, Always OFF, or Exposure Based. If Exposure Based is selected, then the external light is on during the time the sensor is capturing an image.

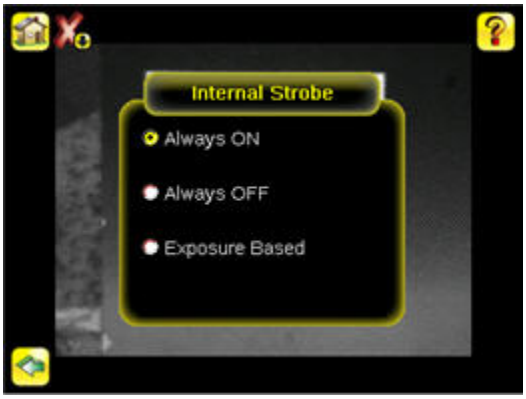
Main Menu > Imager > Strobe > External



Internal

The Internal Strobe setting configures the operation of the integrated ring light. Setting options are Always ON, Always OFF, or Exposure Based. If Exposure Based is selected, then the ring light is on during the time the sensor is capturing an image.

Main Menu > Imager > Strobe > Internal



3.3.7 FOV

The field of view (FOV) is the area that the sensor can see at a given working distance. The working distance is the distance from the sensor's lens cover to the part being inspected. By default, the sensor uses the entire FOV in its operation. The effective FOV can be reduced in order to speed up the processing time of an inspection, or to decrease background noise.

Main Menu > Imager > FOV

Maximize FOV

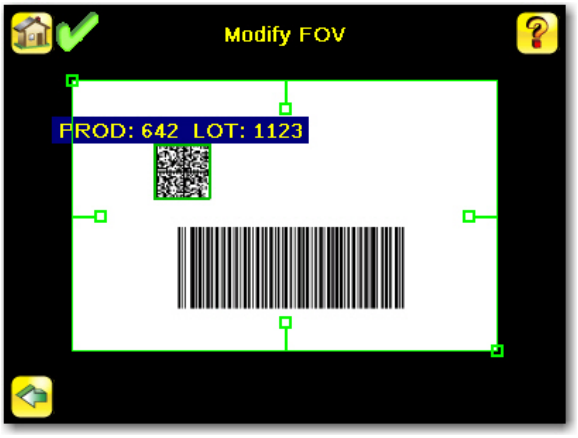
If the FOV has been modified and you want to get back to the default quickly, click the **Maximize FOV** menu option to restore the FOV to the entire sensor display.

Main Menu > Imager > FOV > Maximize FOV

Modify FOV

Use this option to reduce the size of the FOV.

Main Menu > Imager > FOV > Modify FOV



3.4 Inspection Menu

The Inspection menu icon is located on the Main Menu. The Inspection Menu provides options to set inspection parameters on currently running inspection and manage stored inspections.

Main Menu > Inspection

3.4.1 Barcode Menu

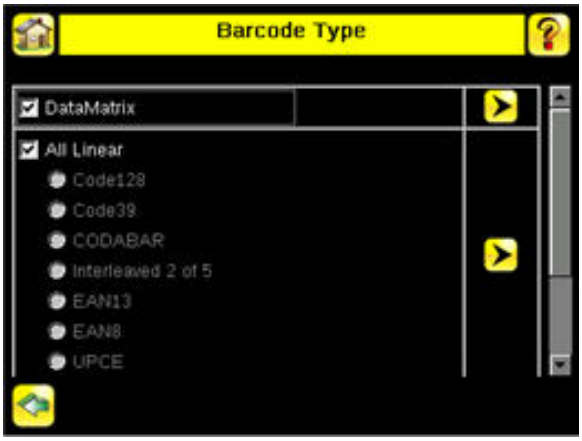
The Barcode Menu is the location for Barcode Type, Barcode Count, and Data Compare screens.

Main Menu > Inspection > Barcode

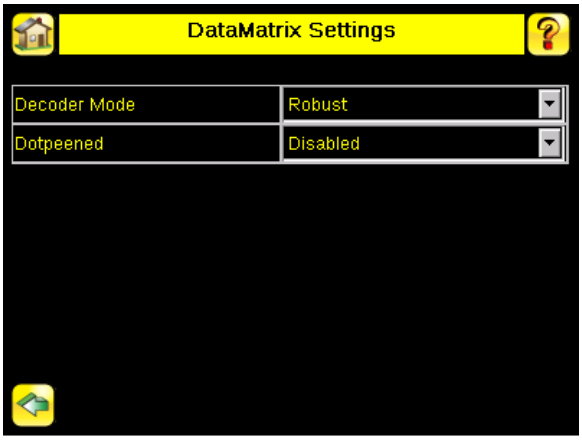
Barcode Type

Main Menu > **Inspection** > **Barcode** > **Barcode Type**

The first time the sensor is powered up, the selection checkboxes for DataMatrix and All Linear barcode types are checked. The best practice is to check only the barcode type(s) applicable for your particular application. Note that, if All Linear is unchecked, a single linear barcode type can be selected instead.



DataMatrix Settings



Decoder Mode

The Decoder Mode determines which decode algorithm to use and how imperfections in barcode images are handled. When you select Fast from the drop-down list, the sensor uses an algorithm that is tailored for speed. The algorithm does NOT correct for barcode image imperfections. The Fast setting has the best results on high-contrast images that contain high-quality barcodes. When you select Robust, the sensor uses an algorithm that performs routines to correct for imperfections of the barcode image.

Dotpeened

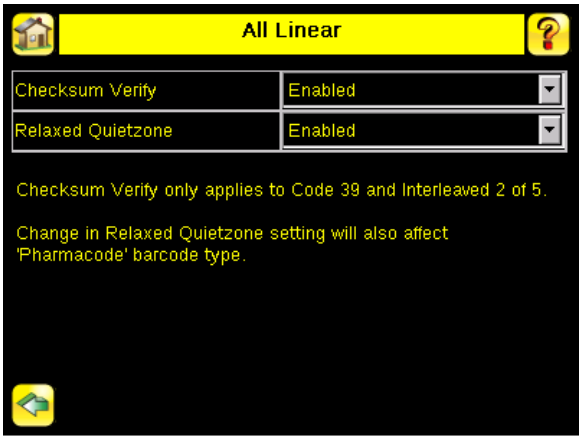
Enabling Dotpeened causes the decoder to be run in a method that is optimized for dot peened data matrix barcodes.

All Linear Settings

The All Linear settings described below apply to the following barcode types:

- Code 128
- Code 39
- CODABAR
- Interleaved 2 of 5
- EAN13

- EAN8
- UPCE
- Postnet
- IMB


All Linear
Checksum Verify
Enabled
Relaxed Quietzone
Enabled
Checksum Verify only applies to Code 39 and Interleaved 2 of 5.
Change in Relaxed Quietzone setting will also affect 'Pharmacode' barcode type.

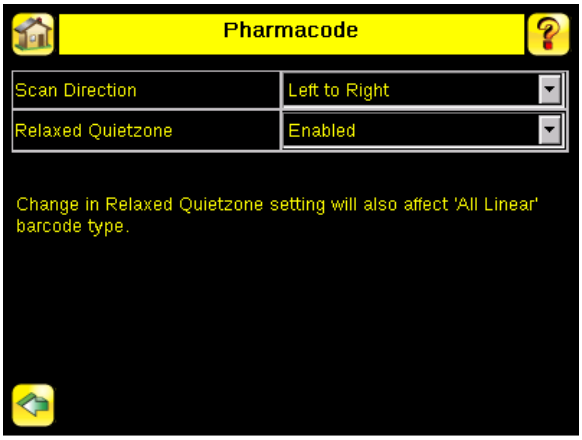
Checksum Verify

When checksum is enabled, the sensor uses a checksum to verify the integrity of the barcode being read.

Relaxed Quietzone

The Quietzone is a blank margin on either side of a barcode that indicates where the barcode begins and ends. If this Quietzone isn't big enough, the sensor can have trouble decoding the barcode. By enabling Relaxed Quietzone there is a greater tolerance with respect to the quiet zone required before and after the barcode.

Pharmacode Settings



Scan Direction

For Pharmacode, you can select one of the following for Line Scanning:

- Left to Right
- Right to Left
- Top to Bottom
- Bottom to Top
- Omnidirectional

Use Omnidirectional scanning if barcode can appear inverted on part being inspected. If 'Compare' is enabled, the sensor attempts to compare that string to decoed data in both scan directions. Inspection is marked as PASS if at least one string matches. The data that successfully matched is displayed on the screen and is exported through communication channels as requested.

If Omnidirectional scan is selected, but 'Compare' is disabled, the data decoded from left-to-right scan will be reported.

Relaxed Quietzone

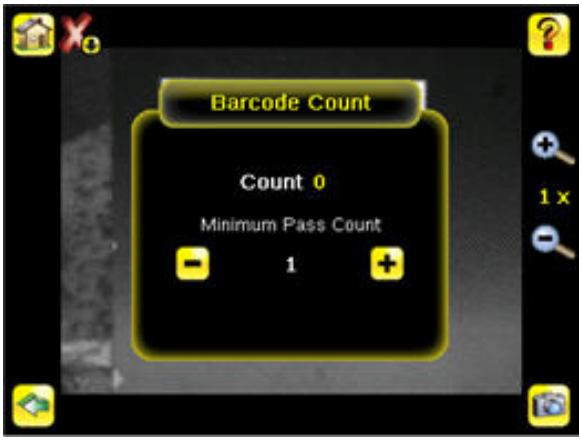
The Quietzone is a blank margin on either side of a barcode that indicates where the barcode begins and ends. If this Quietzone isn't big enough, the sensor can have trouble decoding the barcode. By enabling Relaxed Quietzone there is a greater tolerance with respect to the quiet zone required before and after the barcode.

Barcode Count

Main Menu > **Inspection** > **Barcode** > **Barcode Count**

In the Barcode Count screen, select the number of barcodes you want to decode. You can select from 1 to 10.

NOTE: For IMB, Postnet and Pharmacode barcode types, the sensor will decode only one barcode for each of these types regardless of the Barcode Count setting. This means that if there is one of each of these types in an image, and the Barcode Count is set to 3, the sensor will decode all three; however, if there are three IMB barcodes, for example, the sensor will always only decode one IMB barcode.



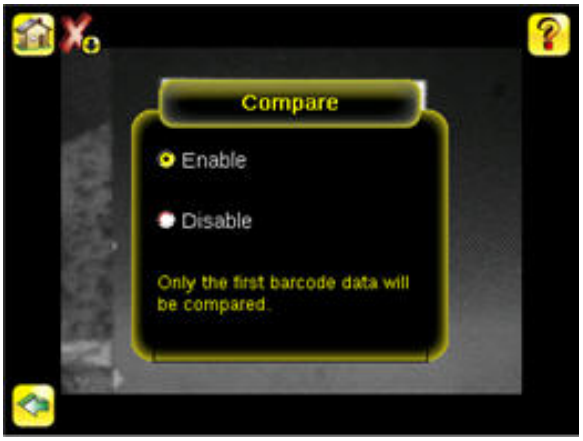
Data Compare

Main Menu > **Inspection** > **Barcode** > **Data Compare**

The menu options here are used to set up the sensor for Data Compare. Note that, if the Barcode Count is greater than 1, only the first barcode data can be compared or used in a remote teach operation. To see which barcode is the first one, turn on annotations.

Compare

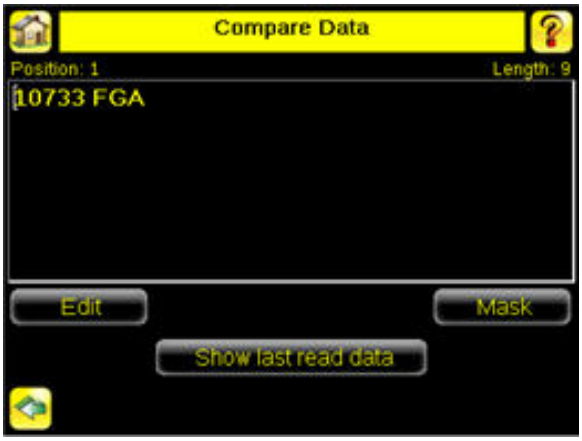
Use this menu to enable or disable Data Compare. If Data Compare is enabled, data can be defined in the Compare Data screen. The data can be retrieved from a previously scanned barcode, or it can be entered using the software keyboard on the touch screen, and insignificant characters can be masked within the data.



Compare Data

The Compare Data screen allows you to specify data against which you can compare a read barcode. Note that, if the Barcode Count is greater than 1, only the first barcode data can be compared or used in a remote teach operation. To see which barcode is the first one, turn on annotations.

- Click the Show last read data button to use the last read barcode data for the data compare.
- Click the Edit button to enter data using a software keyboard on the touch screen.
- Click the Mask button to select characters in the data to mask from the data compare. To mask a character, use the arrows at the bottom of the screen to move the cursor ([). When the cursor is to the left of a character you want to mask, click the Mask button. The character will change to green with a slash through it. If you want to unmask a character, make sure that the cursor is to the left of the masked character, and click the Unmask button.



Edit Compare Data

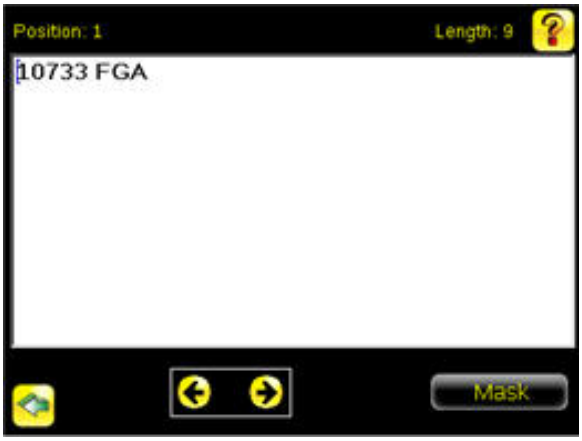
The Edit screen displays data that was previously read or entered in the text field. The Position of the cursor within the characters displayed ([) in the text field is indicated at the top of the screen. Additionally, the number of characters is indicated by Length. Use the left and right arrows below the software keyboard to move the cursor between the displayed characters. Place the cursor to the right of any character and use the back-arrow at the top of the screen to delete that character. Use the button at the bottom right of the screen to cycle through different character entry keyboards: text entry (with a button to toggle between upper- and lower-case characters), numeric entry, special character entry, and hex character entry.

Last Read Data

Click the Show last read data button to use the last read barcode data for the data compare

Mask Data

To mask characters in the data, move the cursor to the left of the character(s) to be masked, and click the Mask button. A masked character will appear gray with a strikeout (\) indicator. To unmask a previously masked character, click the UnMask button. Note that, when using Remote Teach to set new barcode data, if the previous input data contained any masked characters, Remote Teach will retain the masked characters only if the new data is of the same length as the previous input data. If the length does not match, masking is removed.

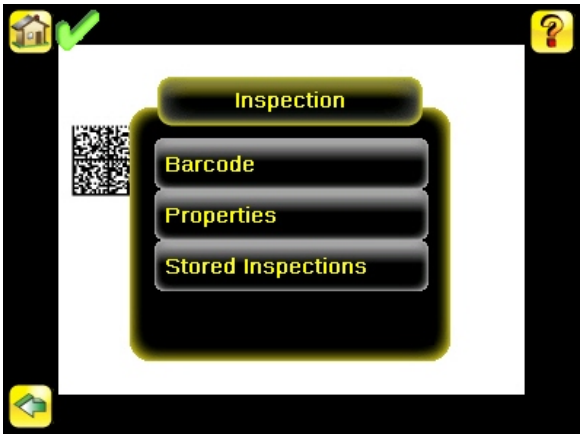


3.4.2 Properties

Properties Menu

Main Menu > Inspection > Properties

The Properties menu is used to edit an Inspection Name or set the Scan Time Limit.

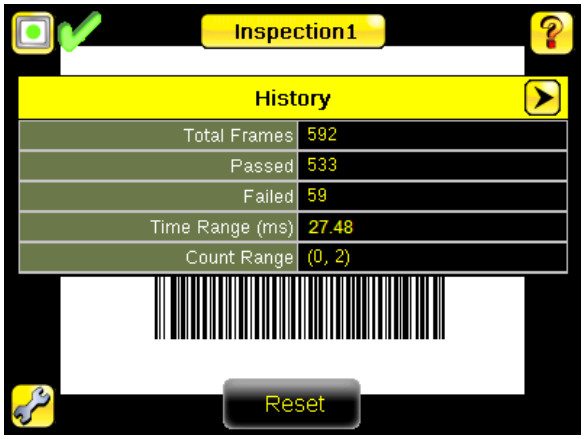


3.4.3 Stored Inspections

Stored Inspections Menu

Main Menu > Inspection > Stored Inspections

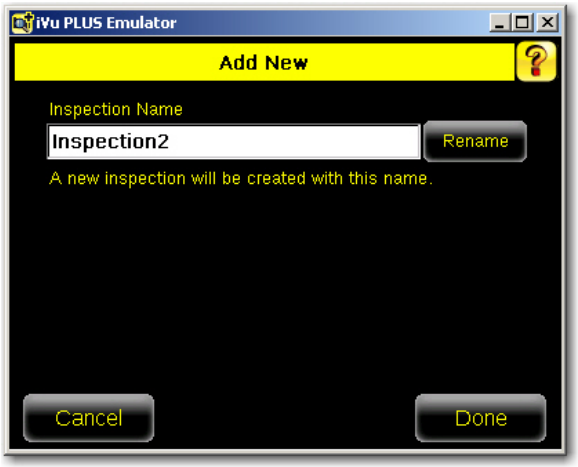
Stored Inspections is used to manage stored inspections. Management of stored inspections includes adding, deleting, and specifying which inspection should be defined as the Startup inspection.



Add New Inspection Screen

Main Menu > Inspection > Stored Inspections > Add New

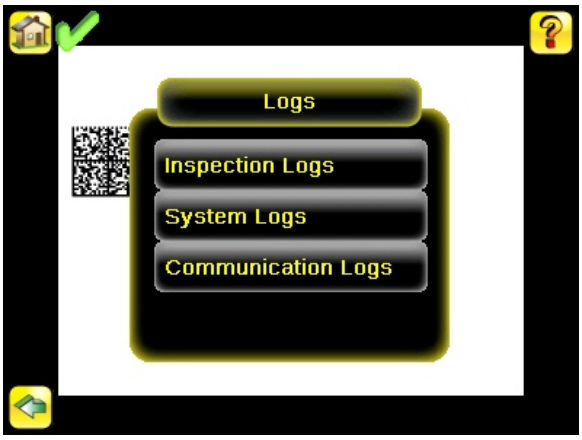
This screen is used to add a new inspection. The sensor can store up to 30 inspections. When you add a new one, it will begin running. When adding a new inspection, you can specify the name for the new inspection.



3.5 Logs Menu

The Logs menu icon is on the Main Menu, and is used to set up, view, and save Inspection, Communication, and System Logs.

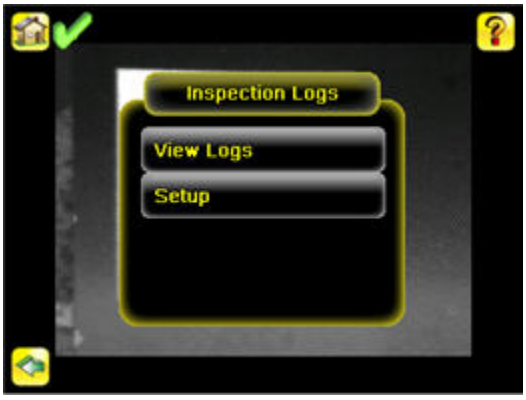
Main Menu > Logs



3.5.1 Inspection Logs

This menu provides for configuring and viewing Inspection Logs. Inspection Logs are stored inspection records that include a captured image, the parameters used to inspect it, and the results of that inspection. Up to ten Inspection Logs can be held in memory on the sensor. The next ten overwrite the previous. Inspection Logs can be saved to the USB drive so that the logs can be imported to the emulator.

Main Menu > Logs > Inspection Logs



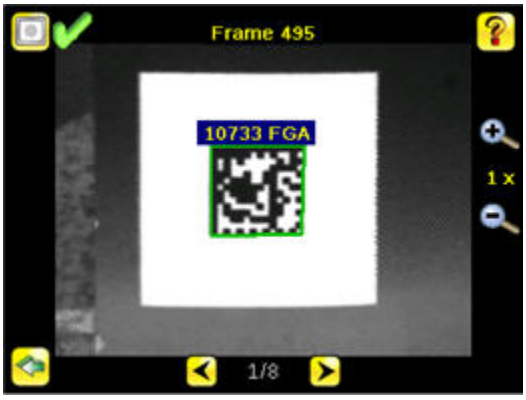
View Logs

Inspection Logs appear as a strip of film. You can select a frame to view a specific image. Use the icon in the lower right of the screen to save the logs to the USB drive. Logs saved to the USB drive can be imported into the emulator. Click the Clear button to clear Inspection Logs.

Main Menu > Logs > Inspection Logs > View Logs

The View Inspection Log screen is used to debug an inspection, and shows one inspection in read-only mode. Click the upper-left icon to cycle through views. When in Statistics view, the table title has arrows to switch between Inputs and Results of the Inspection.

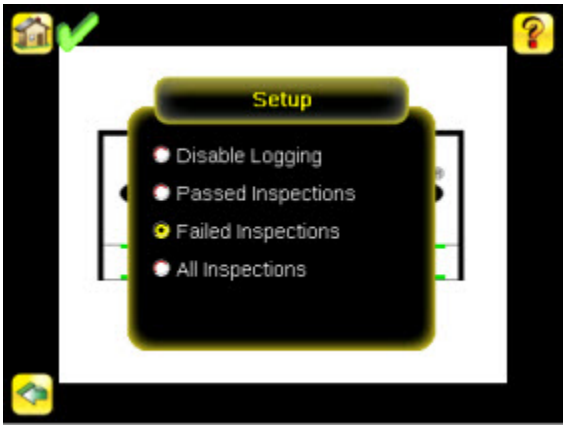
Use the left and right arrow keys at the bottom of the screen to navigate through the all stored Inspection Logs.



Setup

Use the radio buttons to Disable Logging, or to log Passed Inspections, Failed Inspections, or All Inspections.

Main Menu > Logs > Inspection Logs > Setup



3.5.2 System Logs

The System Log contains configuration change information, other notifications, and any errors or warnings that may be encountered.

- Click the icon in the upper left corner of the screen to show/hide the time column.
- Click Clear Log button at the bottom of the screen to clear the System Log.
- Click the icon at the lower-right of the screen to save the System Log to the USB drive.

NOTE: System log will not log changes while in Demo mode. Additionally, the Emulator does not log changes.

Main Menu > Logs > System Logs

3.5.3 Communication Logs

The Communication Log contains logs for the four communications channels; Industrial Ethernet, Command Channel, Data Export, and Image Export. The features below are available for each of the logs:

- Click the icon in the upper left corner of the screen to show/hide the time column.
- Click Clear Log button at the bottom of the screen to clear the log.
- Click the icon at the lower-right of the screen to save the Log to the USB drive.

NOTE: Communication log will not log changes while in Demo mode. Additionally, the Emulator does not log changes.

Main Menu > Logs > Communication Logs

4 Display Modes

In the upper left of the screen is an icon for accessing different Display Modes:

- Display Annotations
- Hide Annotations
- Display Statistics.

4.1 Display/Hide Annotations

Click the icon in the upper-left of the screen to display annotations. When annotations are on, the display shows the data the sensor has read.

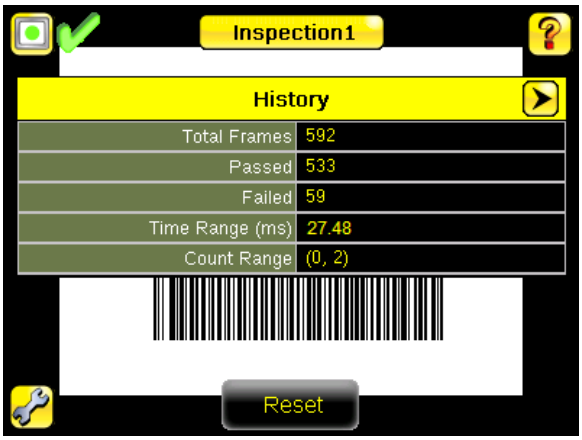
If the sensor reads more than one barcode in the field of view (FOV), in addition to the read data, the display indicates the index of each read barcode. In the example below, the top barcode is 1 and the bottom barcode is 2. It is important to note that, if the sensor reads more than one barcode, only the first barcode data (index #1) can be compared or used in a remote teach operation

Click the icon in the upper-left of the screen to hide annotations.

4.1.1 Inspection Statistics

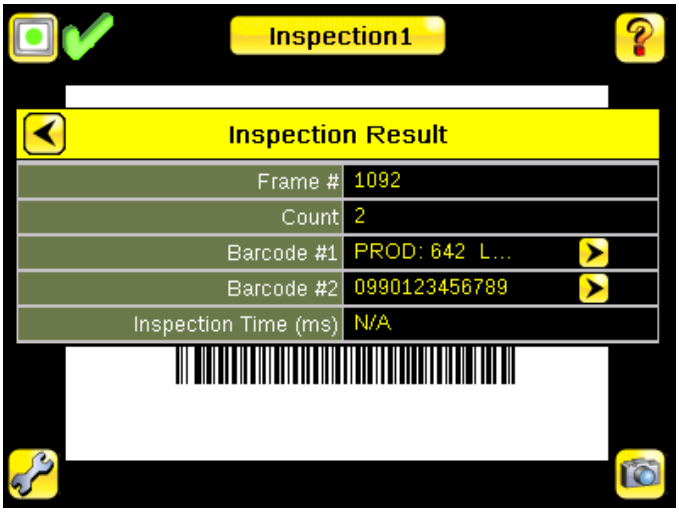
The History screen shows inspection statistics:

- Total Frames - Total number of objects counted
- Passed - running total of parts that passed inspection
- Failed - running total of parts that failed inspection
- Missed triggers - running total of missed triggers
- Time Range - minimum and maximum inspection times observed
- Count Range - number of times a specific barcode has been counted



4.1.2 Inspection Results

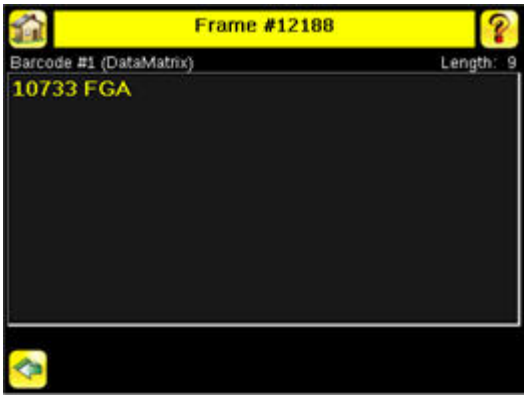
Click the right-arrow button on the History screen to see Inspection Result. The Inspection Result screen shows the last Frame number, the Barcode Count, the Inspection Time and read Barcode Data for each barcode.



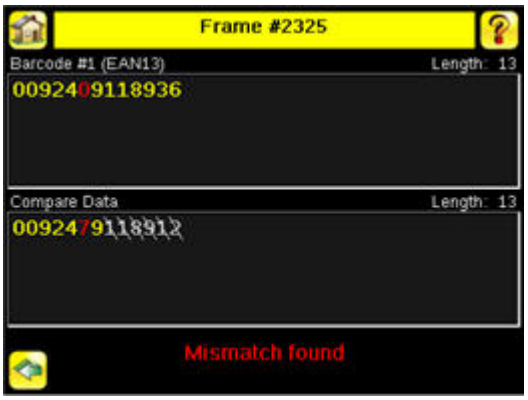
4.1.3 Barcode Viewer

To view detailed information about a particular barcode, click the arrow next to the Barcode # to access the Barcode Viewer screen.

If Data Compare is disabled, The Barcode Viewer screen shows a single text box indicating the index number of the barcode and the data the sensor is reading. The data is displayed in yellow.



If Data Compare is enabled and the barcode is the first one, there are two text boxes. The upper one displays the data read from the barcode, and the lower text box shows the data from the Data Compare screen. The sensor does a position-by-position match and the characters that match are in yellow and mismatches are in red.



5 Setting up for an Inspection

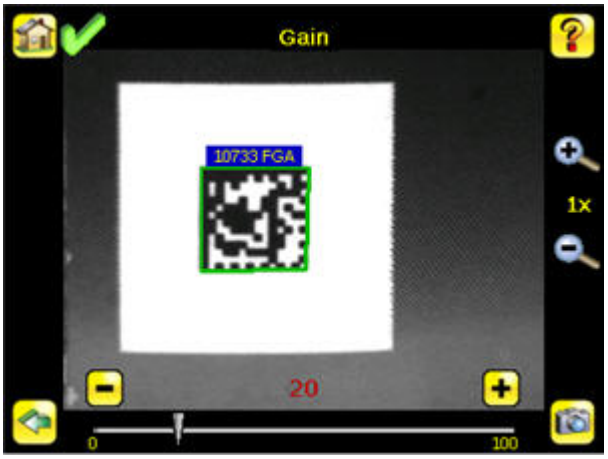
In order to set up for an inspection, you need to:

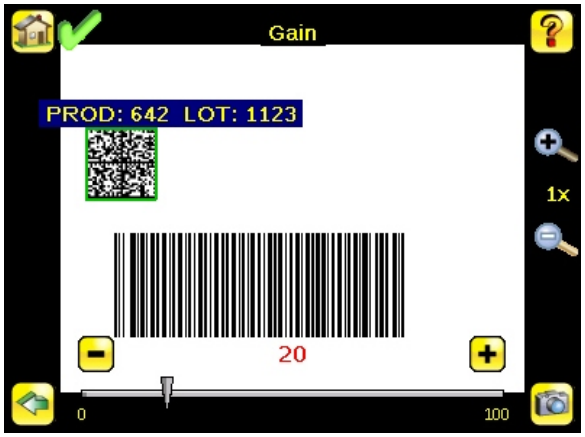
1. Acquire a good image.
2. Set up a barcode application
3. Set data compare parameters

5.1 Acquiring a Good Image

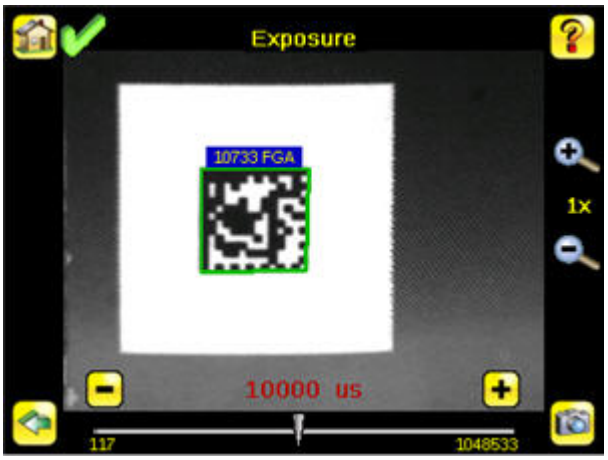
The iVu Series sensor needs to capture a good image to ensure that it can read the barcode(s) correctly.

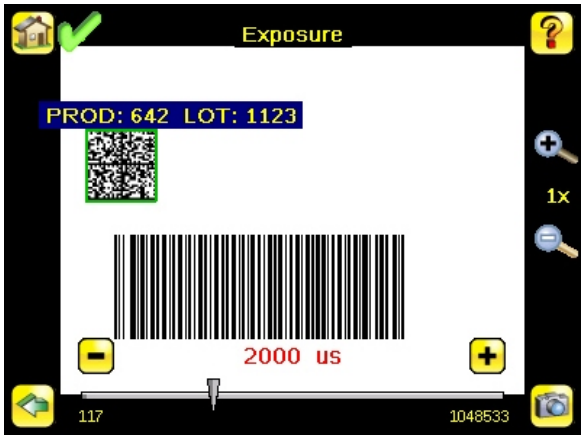
1. Go to **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Auto Exposure** to run the **Auto Exposure** routine.
2. Check the lighting.
   - Make sure that the lighting is constant and consistent (unchanging over time, no shadows or hot spots).
   - Capture the barcode with lighting that optimizes its contrast and separates it from the background. Depending on the target, this may mean the integral ring light is not the best choice and other Banner lights should be considered.
   - Adjust the mounting angle to provide the clearest image of the barcode. The mounting bracket lets you easily position and adjust the sensor on your line. Typically, a slight angle will help with read robustness.
3. If needed, go to **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Auto Exposure** to run the **Auto Exposure** routine a second time or adjust **Gain** and **Exposure** manually:
   - **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Gain**



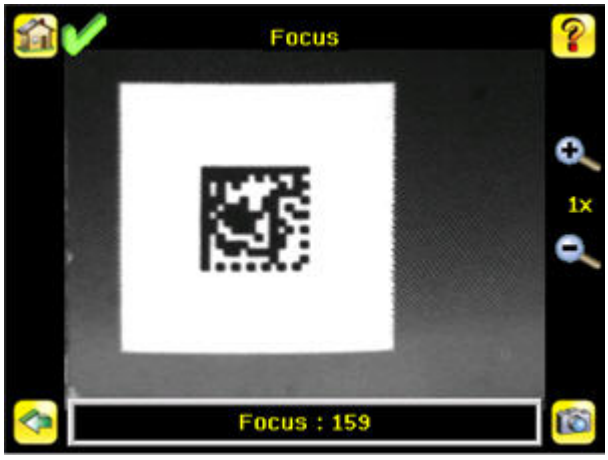


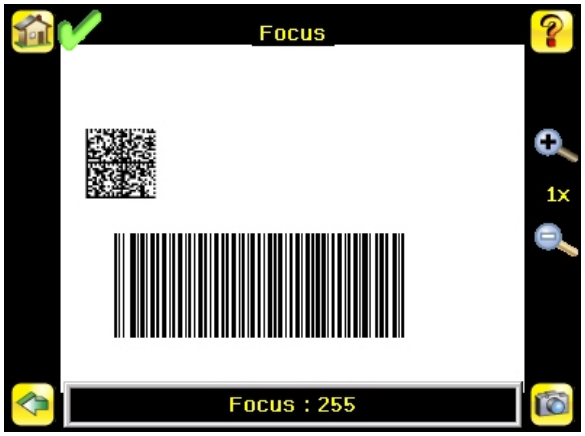
- **Main Menu > Imager > Exposure**





4. Go to **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Focus** to adjust the focus while monitoring the **Focus Number**:





For Micro-lens Models Only:

1. Use the supplied 1/16" hex key to loosen the Focusing Window locking screw (**D**), then adjust focus on the iVu Series sensor using the clear Focusing Window (**B**).
2. Adjust focus while monitoring the focus number. To ensure the best image, adjust the focus until the Focus Number peaks.

NOTE: Turning the Focusing Window counter-clockwise focuses on closer objects, while turning the Focusing Window clockwise focuses on more distant objects.

3. Once the best image has been acquired, lock the focusing window.

Micro-Lens Models		
	A	Lens
	B	Focusing Window
	C	Locking Clip

Micro-Lens Models

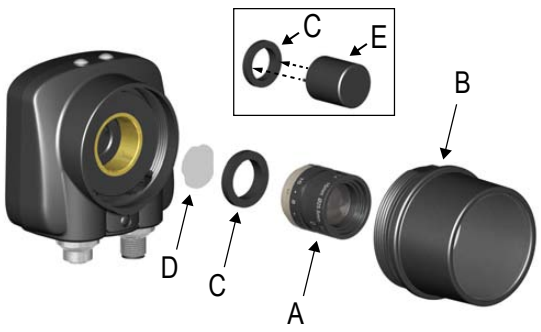
D	Locking Screw
E	Filter Cap (optional)
F	Filter (optional)

NOTE: Filter Kits are available separately.

For C-Mount Models Only:

1. Remove the Lens Enclosure
2. Adjust focus while monitoring the focus number. To ensure the best image, adjust the focus until the Focus Number peaks.
3. Replace the Lens Enclosure on the camera.

C-Mount Models



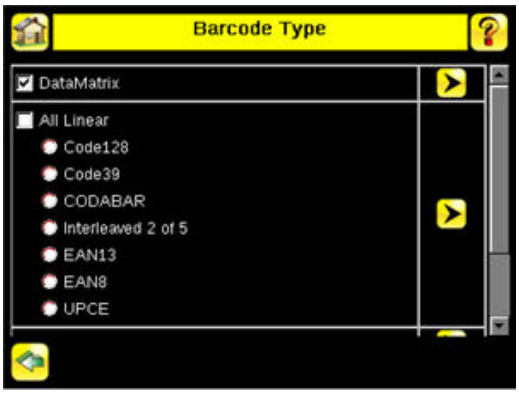
A	C-Mount Lens
B	Lens Enclosure
C	Retainer Ring (optional)
D	Filter (optional)
E	Filter Retainer Ring Tool

NOTE: Filter Kits are available separately.

5.2 Setting Up a Barcode Application

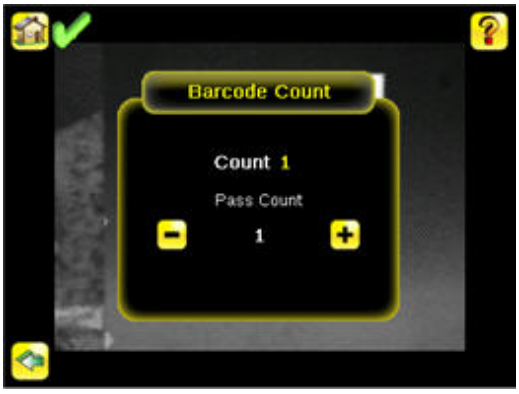
This section describes how to set up the iVu Plus BCR sensor.

1. Go to **Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Barcode** > **Barcode Type** to select one or more Barcode Types from the list.



NOTE: To ensure optimal performance, select only the barcode types for your application. For example, if you use only one of the of the barcode types listed for All Linear, uncheck the box next to All Linear, and select a radio button next to the desired linear barcode type. If you use only DataMatrix, uncheck all the boxes except the one next to DataMatrix.

2. Go to **Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Barcode** > **Barcode Count** to select the number of barcodes (1 to 10) to be read at one time.



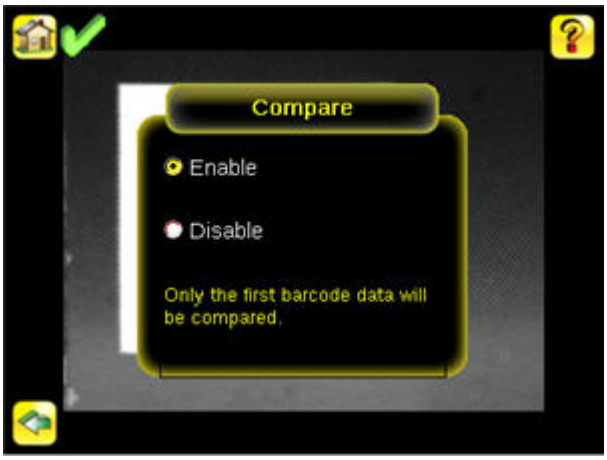
Once the sensor has been set up as described:

- Each successfully read barcode is marked by a green bounding box. If annotations are on, the barcode data is also displayed.
- Any case where data does not compare is marked with a solid red bounding box. If the barcode is marked with a dotted red bounding box, this indicates a checksum error or quiet zone violation.
- Any barcodes in the field of view that the sensor does not detect (for example, because they are not one of the barcode types selected), are unmarked.

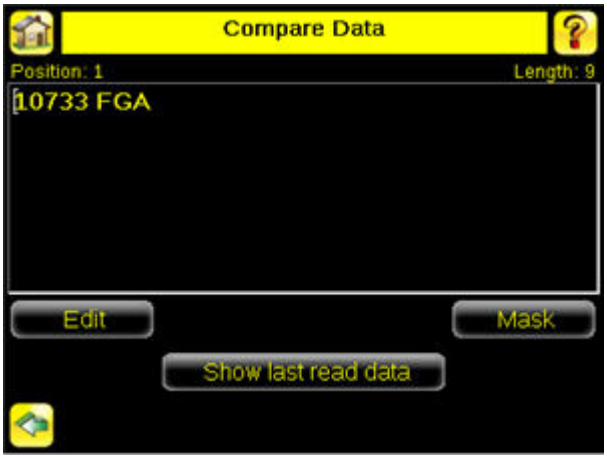
5.3 Setting up for Data Compare

This section describes how to set up the iVu Plus BCR sensor to compare decoded barcode data against some reference. For this example, the reference data will be from a previously decoded barcode.

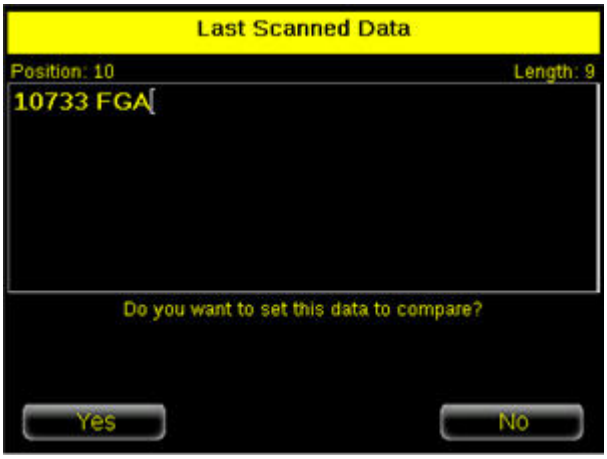
1. Go to the **Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Barcode** > **Data Compare** > **Compare** to Enable data compare.



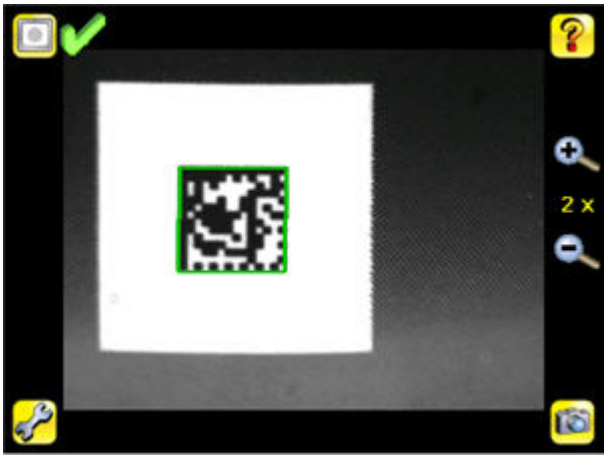
2. Go to the **Main Menu** > **Inspection** > **Barcode** > **Data Compare** > **Set Data** , and click the **Show last read data** button.



3. Press the **Yes** button.



4. Press the Home icon to return to the main screen.



For all subsequent triggers, when the sensor reads the barcode data, it will compare it against this reference data.

6 iVu Plus Communications

6.1 iVu Plus Communications

The iVu Plus provides for communicating with other devices via Ethernet or a UART serial communications port (RS-232). In order to establish an Ethernet connection to the sensor, the external device must be configured with the correct IP address and correct TCP port to communicate. If planning to use the serial communications connection, port settings for baud rate, data bits, parity, and stop bits must be configured on the iVu Plus to match the settings of the external device.

6.1.1

The iVuPlus device can be controlled or monitored over Industrial Ethernet using Ethernet/IP, Modbus/TCP or PCCC protocols. This document will help you to set up the iVu Plus in the desired configuration and provide you with information you will need to connect to the master device (PLC, HMI, etc.).

6.1.2 Communication Channels

The iVu Plus BCR supports up to four communications channels . To access the channels, go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** .

- Command Channel — a bi-directional communication protocol that currently supports ASCII and enables other devices to remotely control the iVu Plus sensor and access sensor results
- Industrial Ethernet — a bi-directional communication channel that allows the user to control the sensor and access sensor results using Ethernet/IP, Modbus/TCP, or PCCC protocol
- Data Export — used to export selected inspection data to a remote device
- Image Export — used to export inspection images to a remote device

Data export and command channel can be configured for either Ethernet or Serial I/O (but not both); image export is only available over Ethernet. The table below briefly summarizes valid communication channel configuration options.

Command Channels	Scenario #1		Scenario #2		Scenario #3	
	Ethernet	Serial I/O	Ethernet	Serial I/O	Ethernet	Serial I/O
Command Channel	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
Industrial Ethernet	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Data Export	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
Image Export	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No

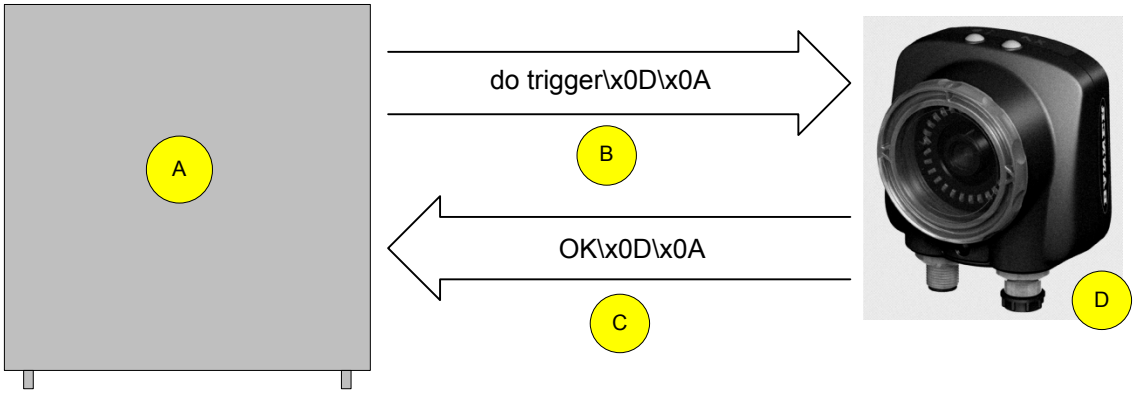
6.1.3 Industrial Ethernet

Main Menu > **System** > **Communications** > **Industrial Ethernet**

The iVuPlus device can be controlled or monitored over Industrial Ethernet using Ethernet/IP, Modbus/TCP or PCCC protocols. This document will help you to set up the iVu Plus in the desired configuration and provide you with information you will need to connect to the master device (PLC, HMI, etc.).

6.1.4 Command Channel

The iVu Plus BCR command channel is a bi-directional communication protocol that currently supports ASCII via either Ethernet or the RS-232 serial interface, and enables other devices to remotely control the iVu sensor and access sensor results.



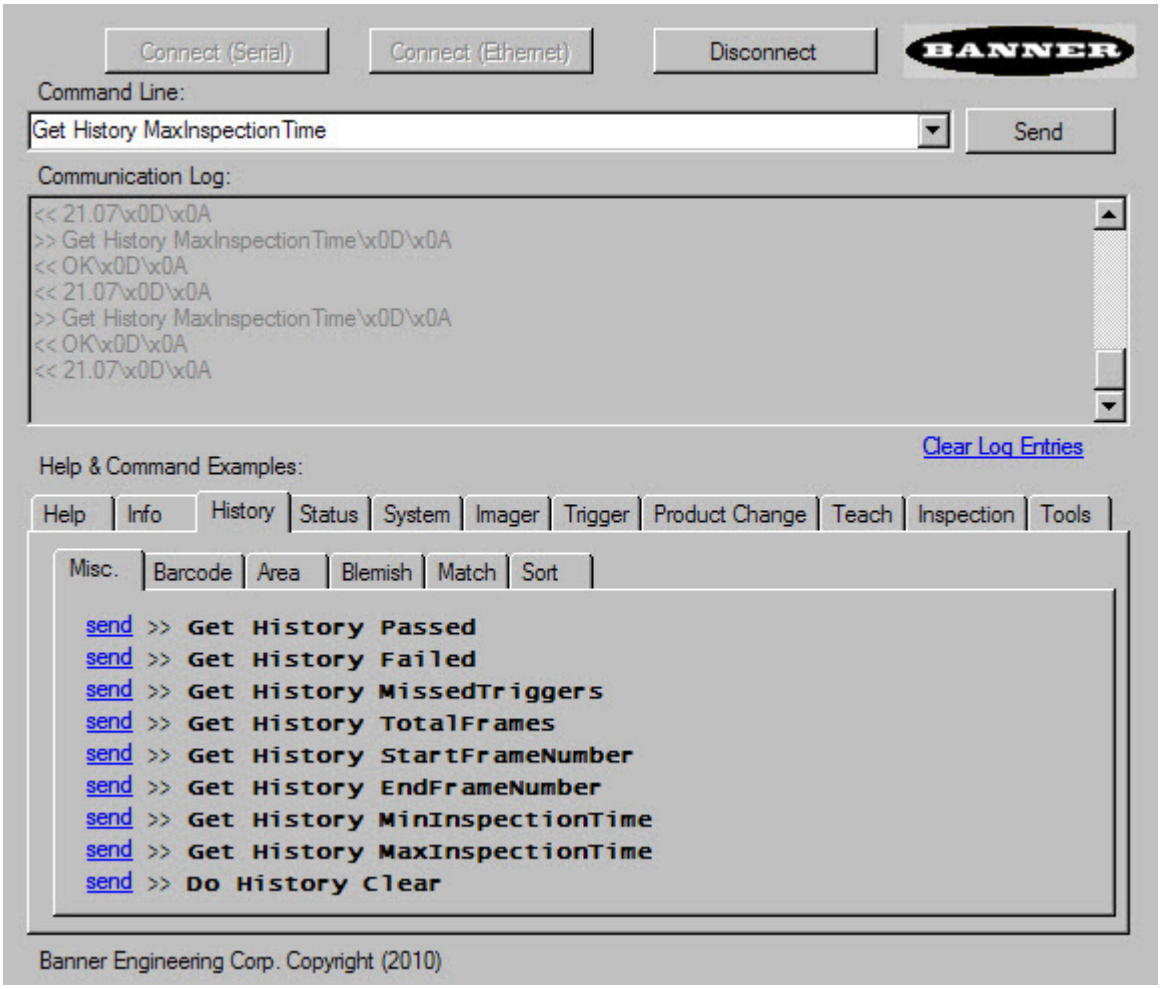
A	Control Device, which can be a PLC, PC program, or a terminal	**C**	Response Frame
B	Request Frame	**D**	iVu Plus Sensor

The following are some of the functionality available via the command channel:

- Get sensor information (such as version and sensor name)
- Control "discrete" I/O (such as trigger and teach)
- Get sensor results (such as sensor status)
- Change the running inspection

6.1.4 Command Channel Sample Application

The iVu Plus BCR installation CD has a Command Channel sample application that provides an easy interface to execute commands. In a production environment, you will need to create your own application for bi-directional communication with the sensor.



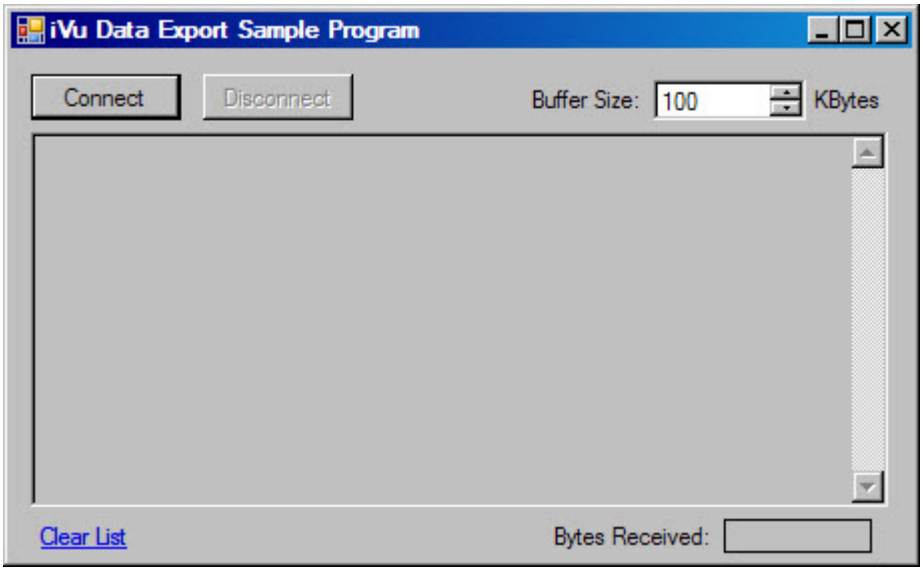
6.1.5 Data Export

The iVu Plus sensor provides for exporting user-selected inspection data via either Ethernet or the RS-232 serial interface. Inspection data that can be exported includes:

- Pass/Fail Output
- Inspection Name
- Inspection Results
- Frame #
- Inspection Time (ms)

6.1.5 Sample Application

The iVu Plus BCR installation CD has a Data Export sample application that provides for viewing exported data while setting up the sensor, etc. In a production environment, you will need to create your own application to process data exported from the sensor.



6.1.6 Image Export

Image export is only supported on Ethernet ports. Inspection images are a maximum 752x480 8-bits per pixel grayscale images in Windows BMP format that represent all the data in a full Field of View (FOV).

Each exported image is comprised of a header (64 bytes) followed by the image data (approximately 361K). All 16- and 32-bit numeric entries are little endian.

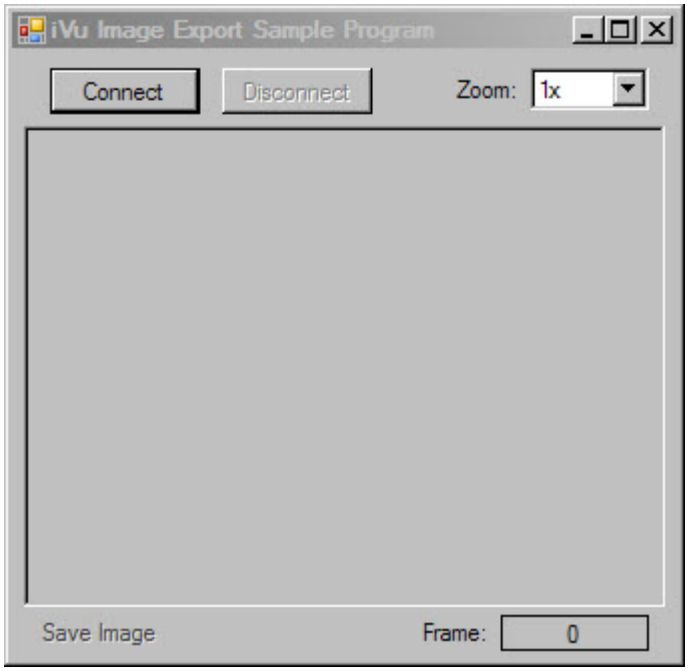
The header includes the following information:

Byte Offset	Field ID	Size in Bytes	Data Type	Description
0-15	Header Prefix	16	char	"IVU PLUS IMAGE"
16-19	Header Version	4	UInt32	1
20-23	Image Size	4	UInt32	Number of bytes (Windows BMP image)
24-27	Image Frame Number	4	UInt32	Most recently snapped image frame number
28-29	Image Width	2	UInt16	752 (max)
30-31	Image Height	2	UInt16	480 (max)
32-33	Image Format	2	UInt16	0: Bitmap, 1: JPEG
34-63	Reserved	32	byte	Reserved for future use

NOTE: If FOV's are adjusted so that they are smaller, the bitmaps will also be smaller.

6.1.6 Image Export Sample Application

The iVu Plus BCR installation CD has a Image Export sample application that provides a way to save exported images. In a production environment, you will need to write your own application to process exported images, for example to display them on an HMI or to save them to disk.



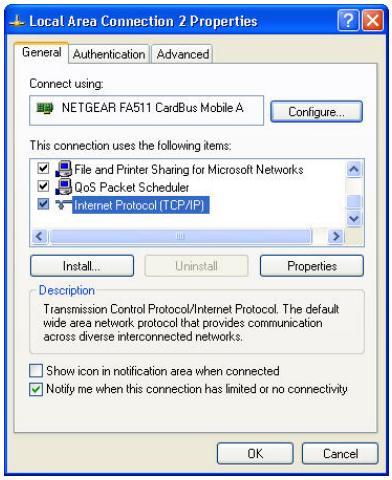
6.2 Enabling Communications

6.2.1 Setting Up Ethernet Communications

The following is the general flow for setting up for Ethernet communications between the iVu Plus sensor and a remote device:

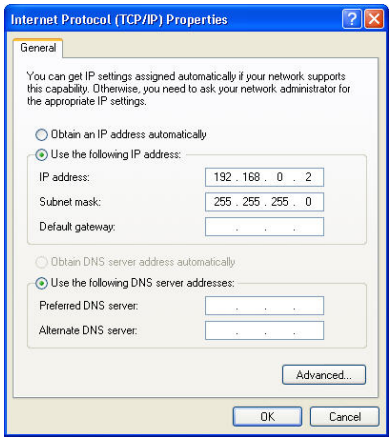
On the Windows PC, configure the IP address as follows:

Windows XP	Windows 7
1. Open **Network Properties** on the PC (right-click on the **Network Neighborhood** icon). 2. On the Local Area Connection, right-click on **Properties.**. 3. In the dialog, click on **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click the **Properties** button.	1. Open **Network Connections** by clicking on the Start button, then selecting the Control Panel followed by Network and Internet, and clicking Manage network connections. 2. Right-click the connection you want to change, then click Properties. If you are prompted for an administrator password or confirmation, type the password or provide confirmation. 3. In the Networking dialog, click on **Internet Protocol Version 4(TCP/IPv4)** and click the **Properties** button.

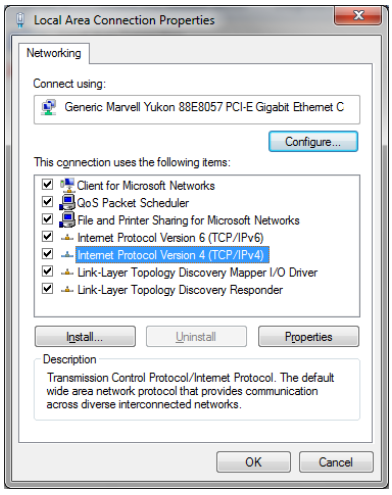


Windows XP

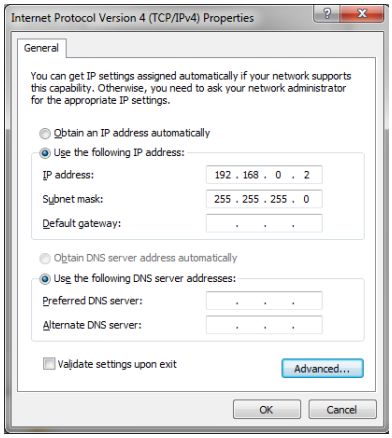
4. In the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** dialog, select **Use the following IP address** and make sure that the IP address is 192.168.0.2, and the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.


Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties
General
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.
Obtain an IP address automatically
Use the following IP address:
IP address: 192 . 168 . 0 . 2
Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:
Obtain DNS server address automatically
Use the following DNS server addresses:
Preferred DNS server:
Alternate DNS server:
Advanced...
OK
Cancel

Windows 7

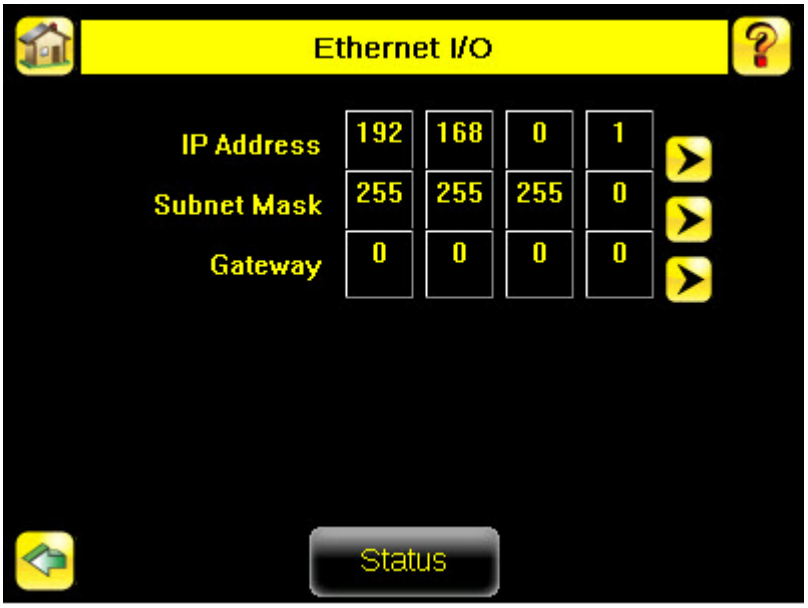

Local Area Connection Properties
Networking
Connect using:
Generic Marvell Yukon 88E8057 PCI-E Gigabit Ethernet C
Configure...
This connection uses the following items:
Client for Microsoft Networks
QoS Packet Scheduler
File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks
Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder
Install...
Uninstall
Properties
Description
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
OK
Cancel

4. In the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IPv4) Properties** dialog, select **Use the following IP address** and make sure that the IP address is 192.168.0.2, and the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.


Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
General
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.
Obtain an IP address automatically
Use the following IP address:
IP address: 192 . 168 . 0 . 2
Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:
Obtain DNS server address automatically
Use the following DNS server addresses:
Preferred DNS server:
Alternate DNS server:
Validate settings upon exit
Advanced...
OK
Cancel

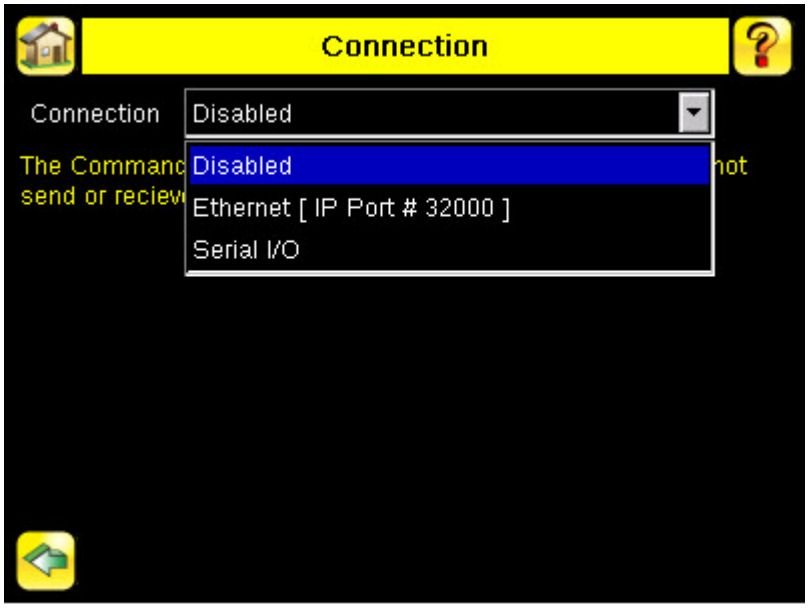
On the iVu sensor:

1. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Ethernet I/O** and make sure that the sensor is configured as shown below.

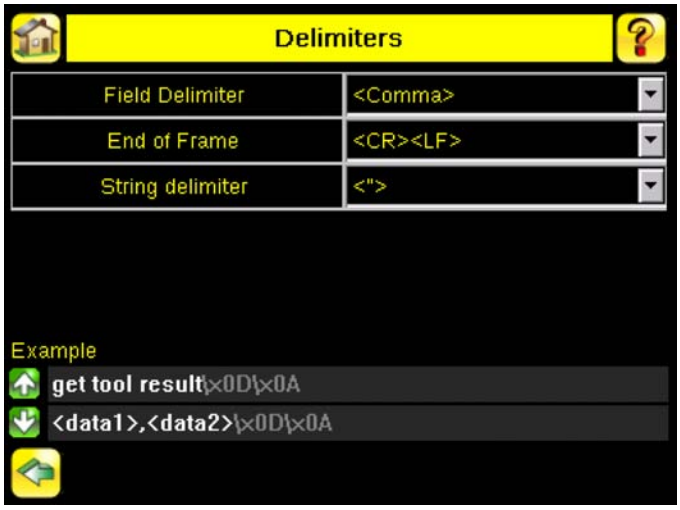


2. To enable the command channel over Ethernet:

   a. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Command Channel** > **Connection** , and select Ethernet [IP Port # 32000].



   b. Configure the field and end-of-frame delimiters. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Command Channel** > **Delimiters** .

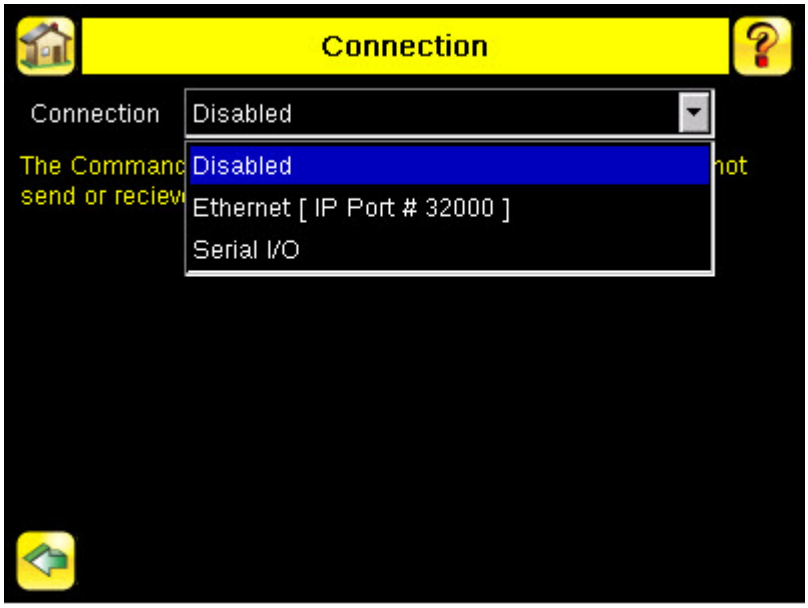


Valid end-of-frame delimiters are: <comma>, <colon>, <semicolon>, <CR>, <CR><LF>, <LF><CR>, or <ETX>.

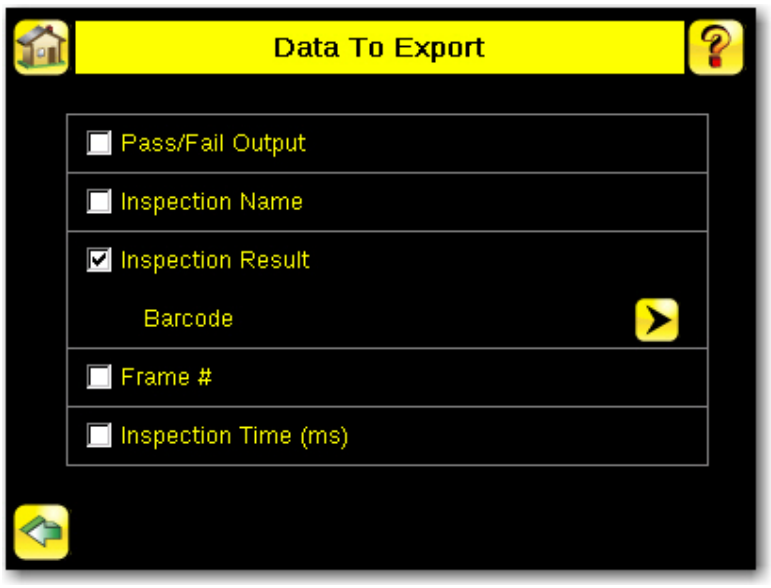
c. Verify that the iVu receives and transmits data correctly.

3. To enable Data Export over Ethernet:

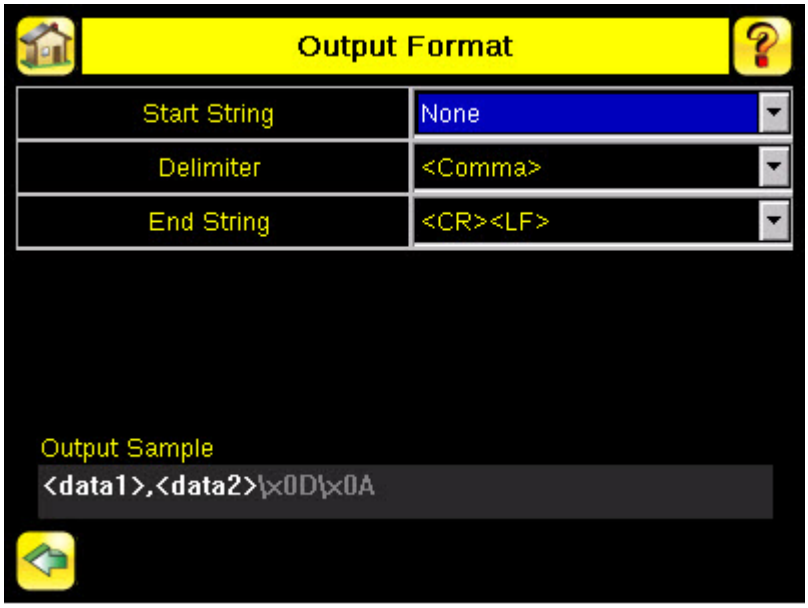
a. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Data Export** > **Connection** and select Serial I/O from the drop-down.



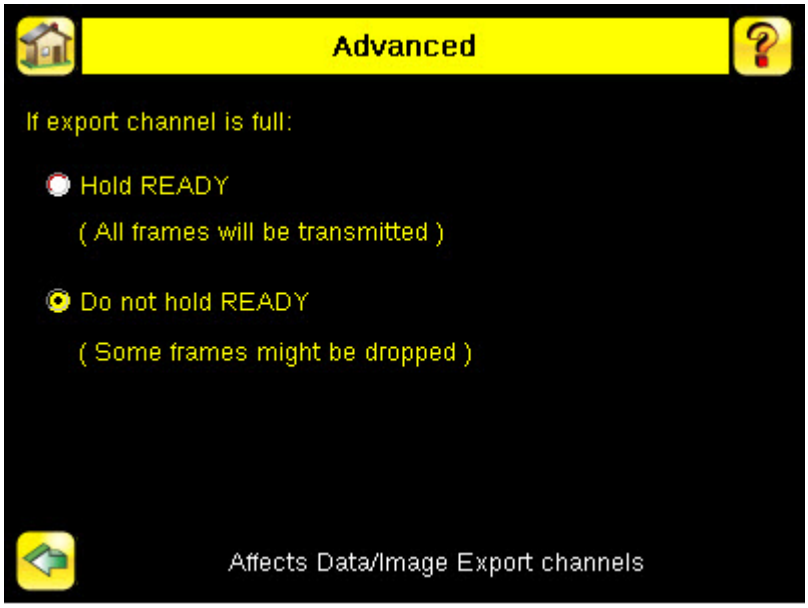
b. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Data Export** > **Data To Export** and select the inspection data to export.



c. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Data Export** > **Output Format** and select the Start String, Delimiter, and End String.



d. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Data Export** > **Advanced** .


Advanced
If export channel is full:
Hold READY
(All frames will be transmitted)
Do not hold READY
(Some frames might be dropped)
Affects Data/Image Export channels

During the Data and Image export operation the sensor's output channels might become full. This can occur if the sensor is producing export data (frames) faster than the data can be exported from the device (due to bandwidth limitations) or faster than the client is reading the channel export data.

This setting affects how the sensor will behave in this situation.

- Select Hold READY to ensure that all frames are transmitted. In this case, the READY signal will remain inactive (sensor is busy) until the new frame has been added to the channel for transmission. Triggers might be missed during this time.
- Select Do not hold READY to cause the sensor to discard the new frame if the channel is full and thus activate the READY signal immediately after the current inspection is complete. In this case, the discarded frames will not be transmitted.

Communications Channel Ports

The following are the default Ethernet port settings for the communications channels:

- Command Channel — 32200
- Data Export — 32100
- Image Export — 32000

6.2.2 Setting Up Serial Communications

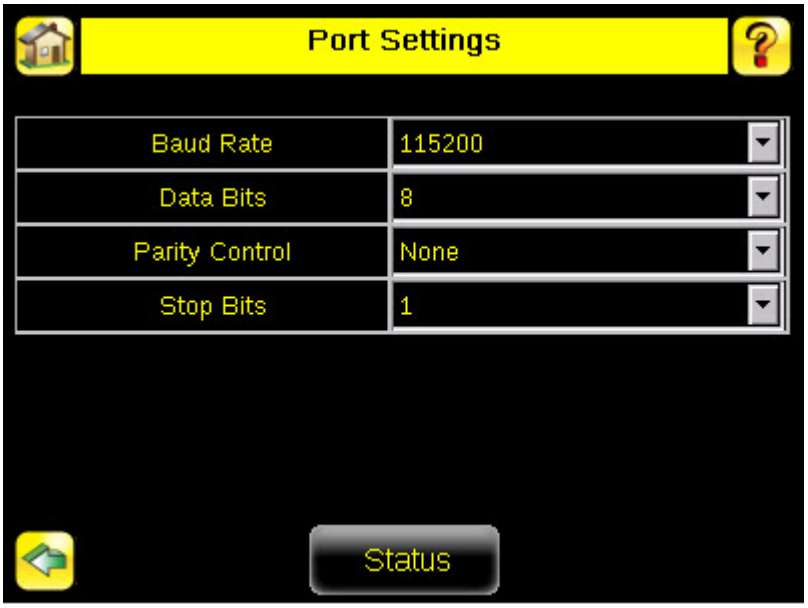
The general flow for setting up for serial communications:

1. Prepare the connection — RS-232 wiring.

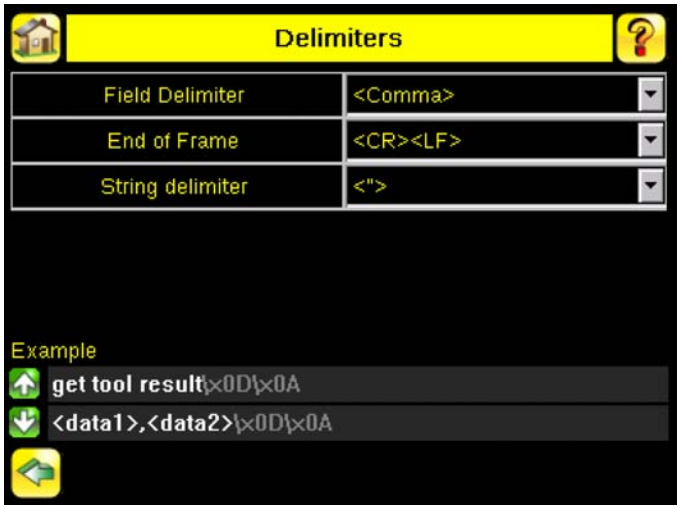
   Electrically connect the control device and the iVu sensor. On the iVu, the pins/wire colors used for serial communications via RS-232 are shown in the table below.

iVu RS-232 Connections		
Pin #	**Wire Color**	**Description**
10	Light-Blue	TX
11	Black	Signal Ground
12	Violet	RX

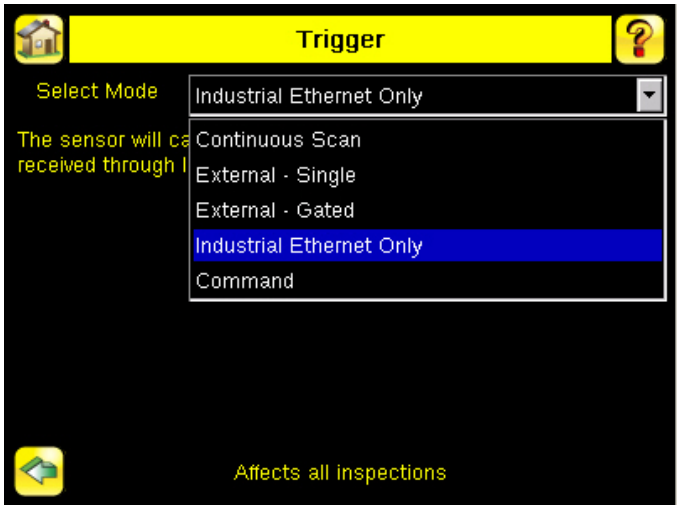
2. Configure port settings (baud rate, data bits, parity, and stop bits) on the iVu to match the settings on the control device. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Serial I/O** .



3. To enable the command channel over the serial connection:
   a. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Command Channel** > **Connection** and select Serial I/O.
   b. Configure the field and end-of-frame delimiters. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Command Channel** > **Delimiters** .



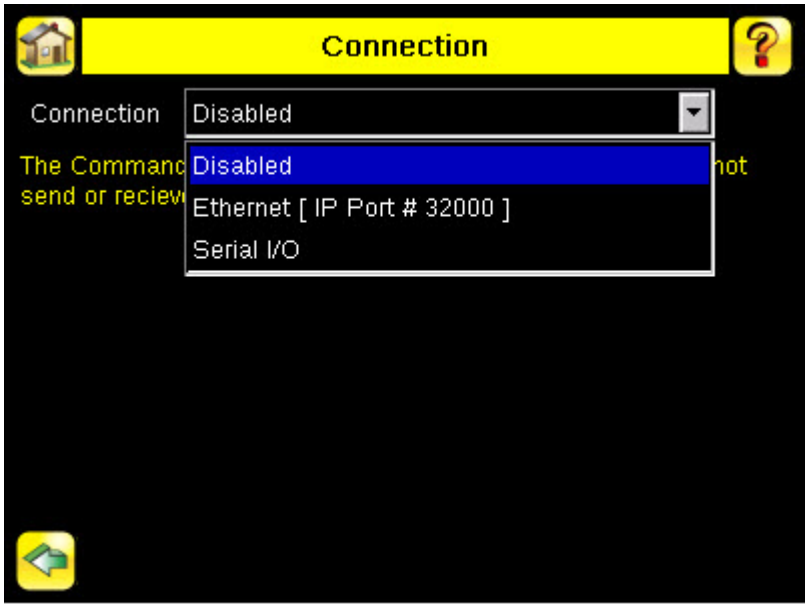
   Valid end-of-frame delimiters are: <comma>, <colon>, <semicolon>, <CR>, <CR><LF>, <LF><CR>, or <ETX>.
   c. Optionally, if you want to trigger the iVu from the control device, set the trigger mode to Command (go to **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Trigger** and select Command from the drop-down).



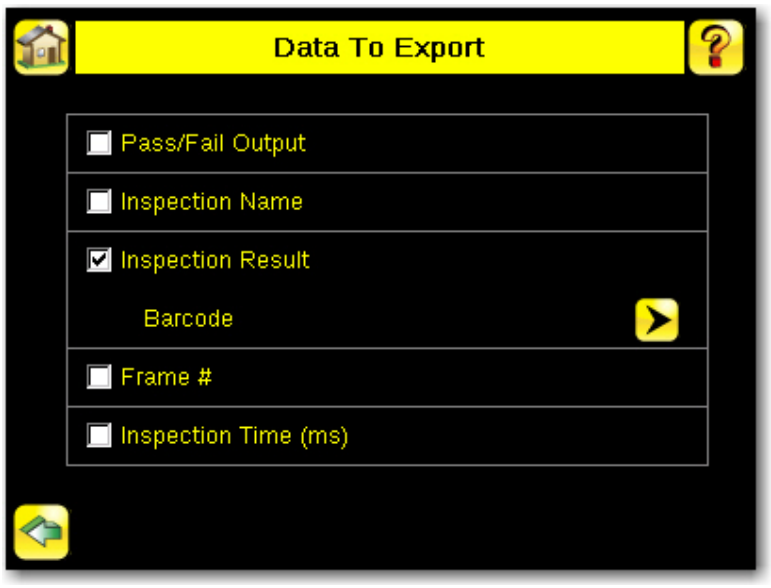
d. Verify that the iVu receives and transmits data correctly.

4. To enable Data Export over the serial connection:

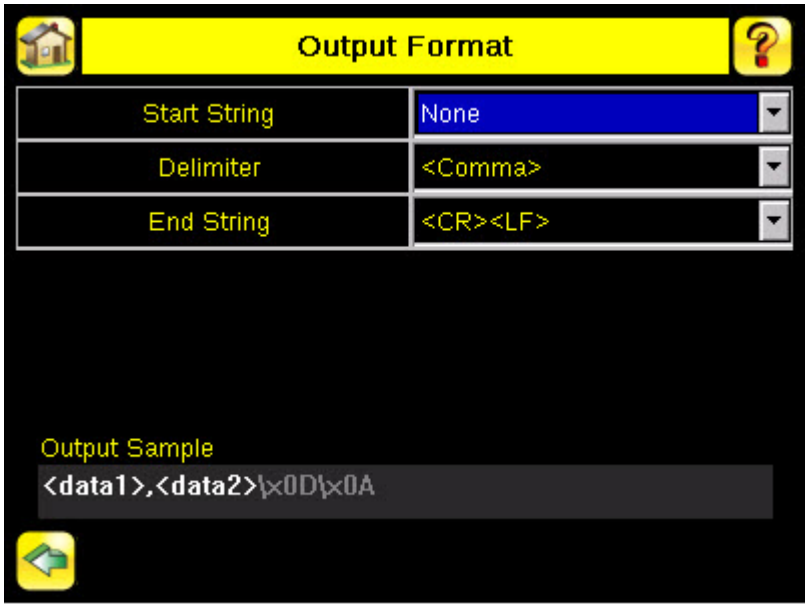
a. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Data Export** > **Connection** and select Serial I/O from the drop-down.



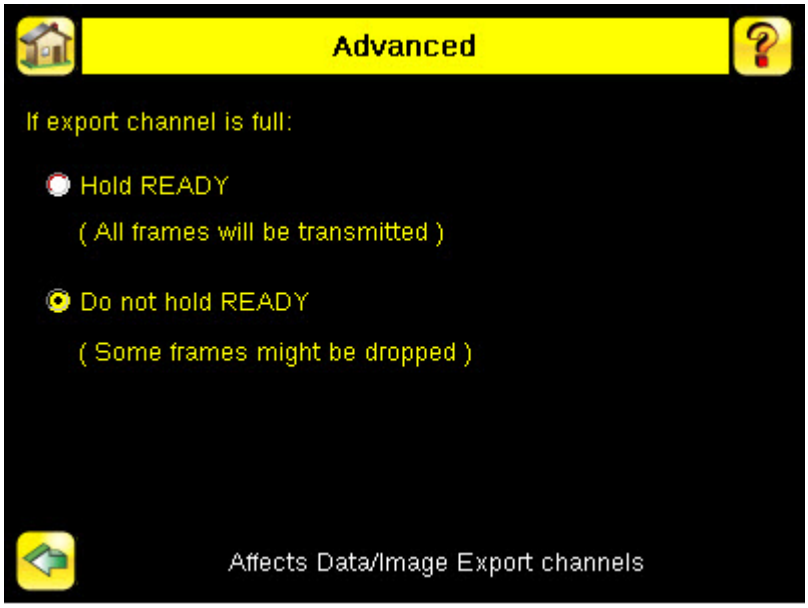
b. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Data Export** > **Data To Export** and select the inspection data to export.



c. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Data Export** > **Output Format** and select the Start String, Delimiter, and End String.



d. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Data Export** > **Advanced** .


Advanced
If export channel is full:
Hold READY
(All frames will be transmitted)
Do not hold READY
(Some frames might be dropped)
Affects Data/Image Export channels

During the Data and Image export operation the sensor's output channels might become full. This can occur if the sensor is producing export data (frames) faster than the data can be exported from the device (due to bandwidth limitations) or faster than the client is reading the channel export data.

This setting affects how the sensor will behave in this situation.

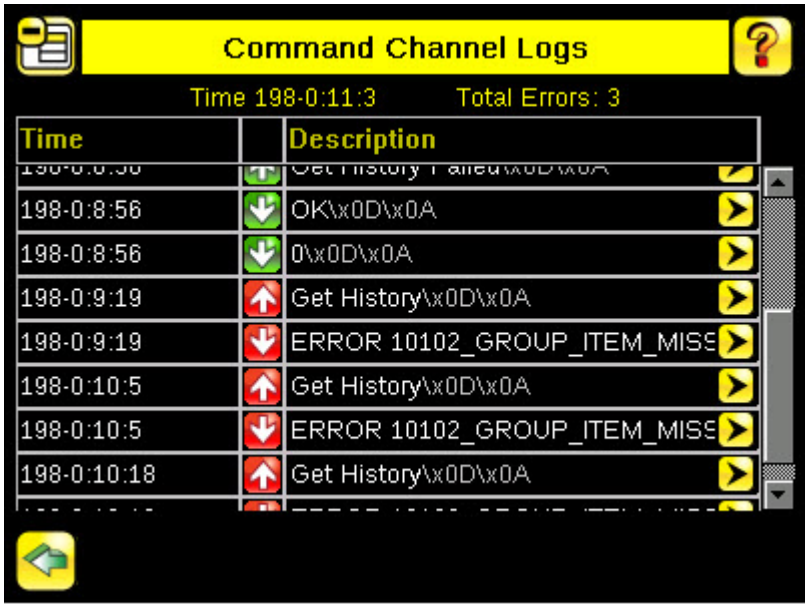
- Select Hold READY to ensure that all frames are transmitted. In this case, the READY signal will remain inactive (sensor is busy) until the new frame has been added to the channel for transmission. Triggers might be missed during this time.
- Select Do not hold READY to cause the sensor to discard the new frame if the channel is full and thus activate the READY signal immediately after the current inspection is complete. In this case, the discarded frames will not be transmitted.

7 Testing and Troubleshooting iVu Plus Communications

7.1 Understanding the Communication Log

The iVu Plus sensor includes the following Communication Logs:

- Command Channel Log that can be used to ensure that commands are properly formed (syntax is correct), and provides a history of commands issued along with responses to these commands. To access the Command Channel Log, go to **Main Menu** > **Logs** > **Communication Logs** > **Command Channel** .
- Data Export and Image Output logs that are purely output logs (that is, there is no receive activity to log).



Some notes about the logs:

- To see an expanded view of each entry, click on the small right-triangle control on each entry.
- To save the log, click the save icon. The saved communication log can be loaded into the emulator for troubleshooting offline.

The table below describes the icons used in the Communication Log, the up-arrow indicates an incoming request to the iVu from the control device; the down-arrow indicates an outgoing response from the iVu to the control device.

Icon	Description
	Port opened.
	Port closed.
	Indicates that the command has been processed without errors.
	Indicates that the incoming entry is stalled (no new bytes), or end-of-frame delimiter was not received, or client is not reading data on ethernet.
	If the response frame contains an error or is dropped, the log entry icons for the request and the response frames will be colored red, and the displayed error count will increment by one.

Icon	Description
	If the command takes a long time to process, the last long entry will change to an hourglass (for example, during trigger of long inspections).

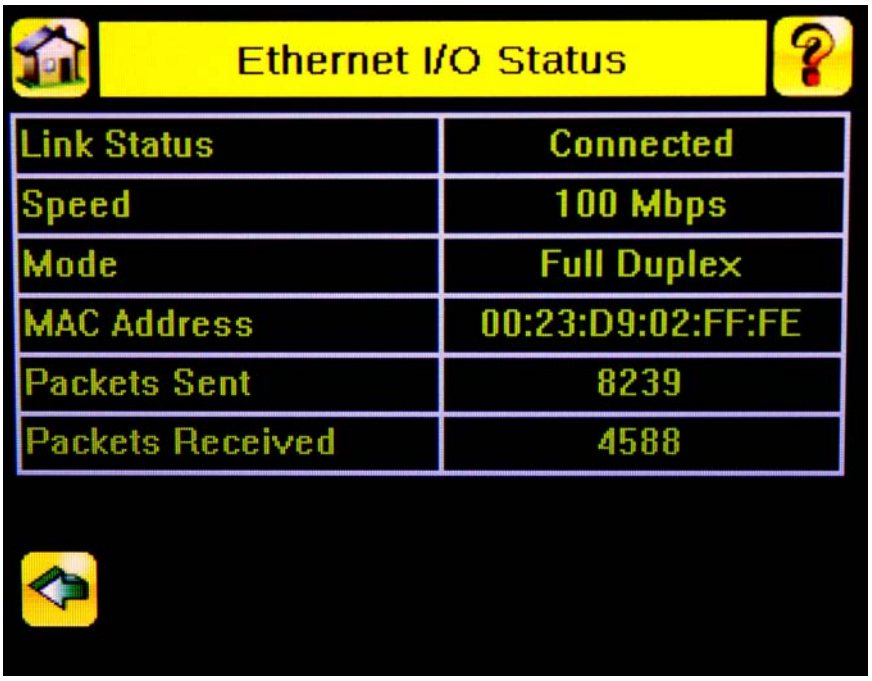
For Ethernet channels:

- The channel's log will show an Enabled entry that indicates which port is being listened to.
- When a client connects, a log entry is added that indicates which IP address connected.
- When a client closes the connection, a log entry indicates that the channel is no longer being listened to.

7.2 Ethernet I/O

7.2.1 Ethernet I/O Status

The Ethernet I/O Status screen can be used to verify that the Ethernet wiring has been correctly set up. In addition to determining if the link has been established, incoming and outgoing traffic can be monitored.

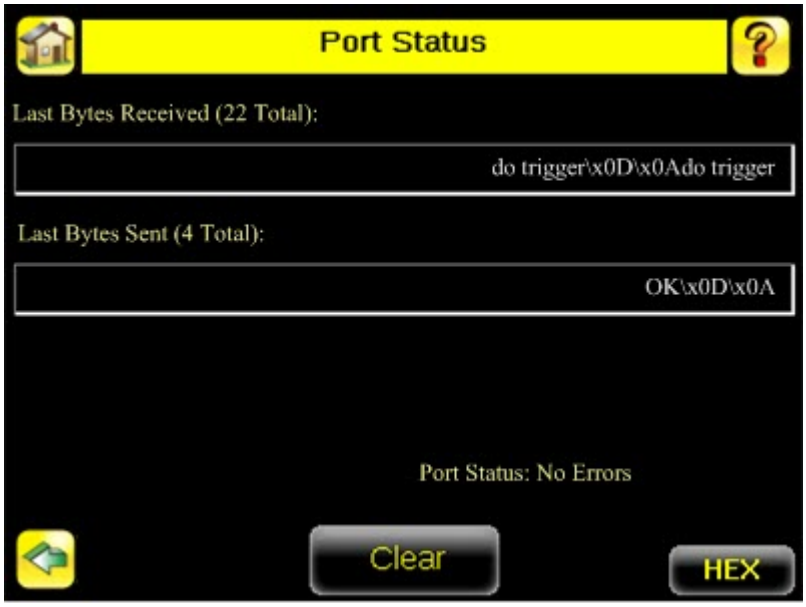


7.3 Serial I/O

7.3.1 Using the Port Status Screen for Testing RS-232 Communications

The Port Status screen can be used to ensure data is entering and exiting the sensor. This can be useful for debugging issues such as improper wiring, mismatched baud rates, or other serial I/O issues. To access the Port Status screen, go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Serial I/O** and click on the Status button.

- The upper field shows the bytes received (request frame) on the iVu from the control device.
- The lower field shows the bytes sent (response frame) from the iVu to the control device.



Port Errors

The Port Errors screen can help to debug communications channel issues: Parity, Break, and Framing indicate mismatched port settings or, in the case of Break, incorrect cabling.

7.3.2 Using the iVu Command Channel Sample Application or a Terminal Program for Testing

The easiest way to test that the iVu command channel is correctly receiving and transmitting data is to use either the iVu Command Channel Sample App (available on the installation CD) or to use a terminal program running on a PC:

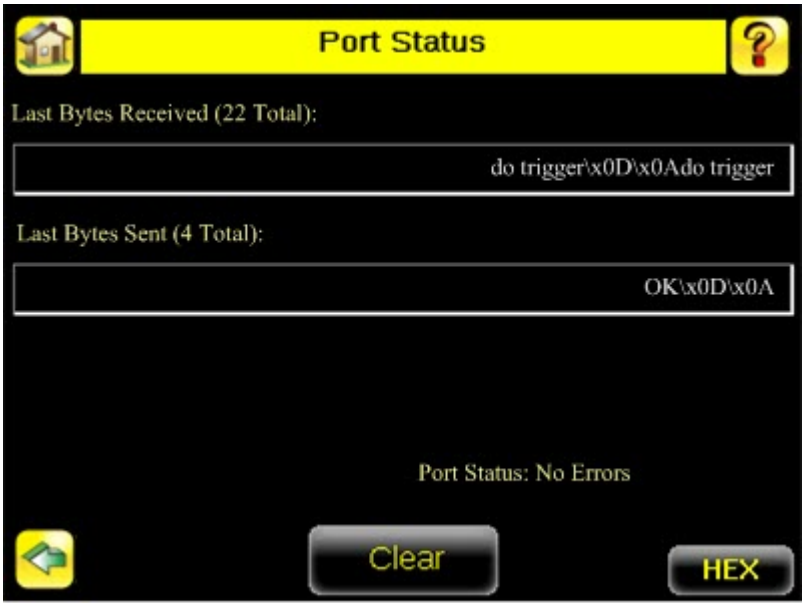
If using a terminal program, in the terminal program's configuration:

- Set new-line transmit to <CR><LF> (and set the end-of-frame delimiters on the iVu to match).
- Enable local echo.
- Set the Serial port set up so that the PC port number's baud rate, data, parity, and stop bits match those setup on the iVu.

7.3.3 Verifying Basic Receive Functionality

To verify the iVu can receive request frames from the requesting device:

1. On the iVu Sensor, go to the **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Serial I/O** > **Port Status** screen.



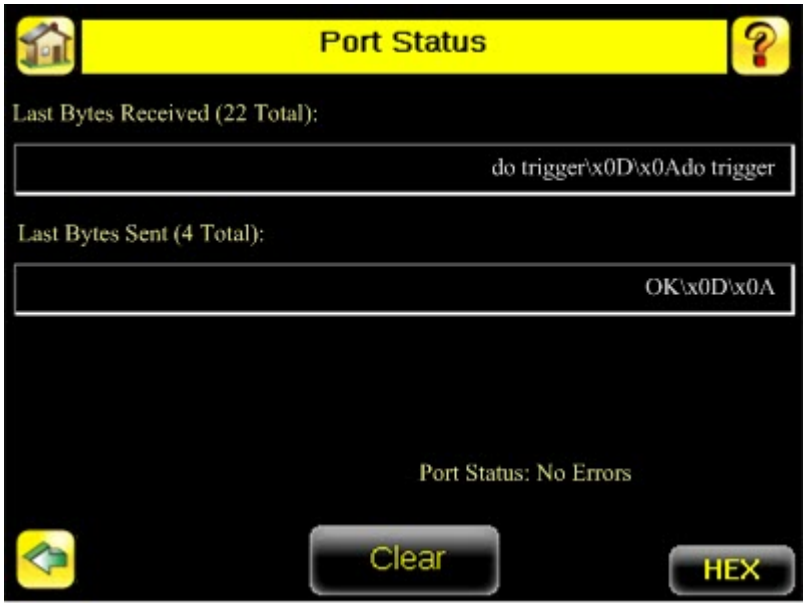
2. On the requesting device, transmit one or more bytes to the iVu sensor.
   - If the data byte values appear correct and the number sent by the requesting device matches the number received by the iVu sensor, then the transmit/receive functionality is working properly.
   - If the connection is incorrect (electrically) or if the baud rate is mismatched, no bytes will appear in the upper field on the Port Status screen.
   - If the connection is correct (electrically), bytes will appear in the upper field of the Port Status screen in the order they were received.
   - If the Port Status: Errors at the bottom of the Port Status screen highlights red, then the connection is correct electrically but there is likely a settings mismatch between the iVu sensor and the requesting device. Verify the settings on both devices.
   - If the bytes appear with no errors but appear incorrect or there are too many or too few, then the port settings (for example, baud rate) are likely mismatched in a way that does not generate serial hardware errors. Verify the settings on both devices match exactly.

Verifying Basic Transmit Functionality

The iVu command channel will only send response frames to the requesting device if it receives a valid end-of-frame delimiter from the requesting device. To verify transmit functionality:

1. Transmit an end-of-frame delimiter sequence from the requesting device to the iVu sensor. For example, in a terminal program, simply hit Enter.

   If a valid end-of-frame delimiter is received, the iVu sensor will immediately transmit a short error message back to the requesting device (for example, ERROR 10000_COMMAND_MISSING).
2. Verify that the number of bytes sent by the requesting device are the same as the number shown in the lower field of the Port Status screen on the iVu sensor. Go to the **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Serial I/O** > **Port Status** screen.



3. If the byte count does not match, re-verify that the settings on both devices match exactly. If no bytes are received, re-check the wiring.

If the correct response frame is received, then basic electrical and port settings are correct.

8 Command Channel Primer

8.1 Command Channel Commands

All iVu command channel request command frames use the following syntax:

```
>> command group item value<EOF>
```

Notes

<EOF> is the end-of-frame delimiter. See below for a description.

All commands are in ASCII and are case-insensitive

command

An action to be performed on a particular iVu group; for example, get, set, do, login, or logout.

group

Identifies the iVu group that the command should act upon; for example, info, system, trigger, or bcr_input.

item

Further qualifies the action by specifying an item within the identified group; for example, comparedata or status.

value

For set commands, this identifies the data that must be set for the specified group item.

Note: Item is not used with get commands.

<EOF>

Identifies the end-of-frame for the command so that the iVu knows to begin processing. The iVu will return a response that includes the end-of-frame delimiter. The options for the <EOF> are set in the iVu Serial I/O menu, and are as follows:

- <comma>
- <colon>
- <semicolon>
- <CR>
- <CR><LF>
- <LF><CR>
- <ETX>

NOTE: When data is displayed on iVu screens such as the Port Status screen, printable delimiters are displayed as expected. Non-printable characters, such as <CR> are displayed in hex notation (\x0D).

8.1.1 Command Flow

The command flow should be such that a new command request should not be issued until the iVu command channel acknowledges the previous command request.

For example, the following is a series of command requests and responses. The first request sets the trigger mode to command and, once the sensor responds with an "OK," the next command request is issued to do (or execute) the trigger.

```
>>  set trigger mode command\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A

>>  do trigger\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

8.1.2 String Delimiters and Escaping

By default setting, all strings used in commands are enclosed in quotation marks (""). All text in quotes is part of the command. Quotes (") or back-slashes (\) that are part of the string must be escapted with a back-slash. For example:

"abc\"def\"ghi\\jkl"

Set the String Delimiter parameters to 'None' if strings should not be enclosed in quotation marks.

8.1.3 Command Channel Command Synopsis

There are a number of general types of commands to do, set, and get sensor data.

Command Channel Response Frames

The iVu responds to all request frames with one or two responses depending on the type of command.

Do commands

All do commands are followed by one response that identifies the command status. For example:

```
>>  do trigger\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

Get commands

All get commands are followed by two responses: the first identifies the status of the command, and the second contains the retrieved information. For example:

```
>>  get bcr_input comparedata\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  "012345ABCDEF"\x0D\x0A
```

Set commands

All set commands are followed by one response that identifies the command status. For example:

```
>>  set bcr_input comparedata "012345ABCDEF"\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

Command Channel Command Status

The command status is either OK or ERROR. If OK, then the command has fully and successfully completed. If an error is returned it is in the form *ERROR nnnnn_ERROR_IDENTIFIER* (for example ERROR 10001_COMMAND_NOT_RECOGNIZED). Refer to *Command Channel Error Codes* on page 97 for a list of errors.

8.2 Conventions Used for Examples

There are a number of command channel examples included here, and the following are the conventions used in the examples:

- All examples use <CR><LF> for the end-of-frame delimiter, and this delimiter is always denoted in hex (\x0D\x0A) since that is what is displayed in the iVu logs and, for example, the Port Status screen.
- All commands are in **bold** text.
- For each example, a command request to the iVu sensor is prefaced with a **>>**, and a command response frame from the iVu sensor is prefaced by a **<<** as shown below. These are only used to make the documentation clearer.

```
>>  get info companyname\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  "Banner Engineering Corp."\x0D\x0A
```

8.3 Examples

8.3.1 Example 1: How to Trigger the Sensor and Retrieve Barcode Data using the Command Channel

To trigger the sensor and retrieve barcode data, do the following

1. Set Trigger to Command. Go to the **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Trigger** screen, and from the drop-down select Command
2. Issue a trigger command as follows:

```
>>  do trigger\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

3. Check that the inspection passed.

```
>>  get inspection status\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  Pass\x0D\x0A
```

4. Get the barcode data read by the iVu sensor.

```
>>  get bcr_result\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  "0043000011201"x0D\x0A
```

8.3.2 Example 2: How to Modify Barcode Compare Data Using the Command Channel

1. Set Trigger to Command. Go to the **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Trigger** screen, and from the drop-down select Command

2. Set the compare data.

```
>>  set bcr_input comparedata "0043000011201"\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

3. Trigger the sensor.

```
>>  do trigger\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

4. Check that the inspection passed.

```
>>  get inspection status\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  Pass\x0D\x0A
```

5. Get the barcode data read by the iVu sensor.

```
>>  get bcr_result data\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  "0043000011201"\x0D\x0A
```

8.4 iVu Plus Command Channel Reference

8.4 Info Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	Info	CompanyName	The company name as a string.
Get	Info	ModelNumber	The sensor model number as a string.
Get	Info	FirmwareVersion	The sensor firmware version as a string.
Get	Info	SerialNumber	The sensor serial number as a string.
Get	Info	Name	The sensor name as a string.
Get	Info	BootNumber	The number of sensor bootups
Get	Info	UpTimer	The elapsed time the sensor has been running in the format hh:mm:ss:msec.
Get	Info	HourCount	The number of hours the sensor has been running.
Get	Info	RemoteConnected	The remote display connected status as a boolean value (true or false)

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	Info	RemoteModelNumber	The model number of the remote display as a string.
Get	Info	RemoteSerialNumber	The serial number of the remote display as a string.

Examples

```
>>  get info companyname\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  "Banner Engineering Corp."\x0D\x0A

>>  get info bootnumber\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  42\x0D\x0A

>>  get info uptimer\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  4:42:42:324\x0D\x0A
```

8.4 System Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Do	System	Reboot	Reboots the sensor. Pre-empts other commands except Save.
Do	System	Save	Saves inspection and configuration parameters. Blocks until finished. Should be used sparingly.
Get	Ethernet	IPAddress	Get the current active IP address of the sensor as a string.
Get	Ethernet	SubnetMask	Get the current active subnet mask of the sensor as a string.
Get	Ethernet	Gateway	Get the current active Gateway address of the sensor as a string.
Set	Ethernet	IPAddress	Set IP address of the sensor. A valid IP address must be supplied as a string (for example: 192.168.0.1). A 'Reboot' command from the command channel must follow in order to make the new IP address effective. You may also set new Subnet Mask and Gateway address as required before a 'Reboot' command is sent to the sensor.
Set	Ethernet	SubnetMask	Set new subnet mask. A 'Reboot' command is required to be sent from the command channel in order to make the new mask effective.

Command	Group	Item	Description
Set	Ethernet	Gateway	Set new Gateway IP address. A 'Reboot' command is required to be sent from the command channel to make the new address effective.

Examples

```
>>  do system save\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

8.4 Status Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	Status	Ready	Flag indicating whether the system is ready to trigger (true) or busy (false)
Get	Status	SystemError	Flag indicating whether a system error is active (true) or cleared (false)
Do	Status	ClearSystemError	Clears the system error LED and sets the internal flag to false.

Examples

```
>>  get status ready\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  True\x0D\x0A

>>  get status systemerror\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  False\x0D\x0A

>>  do status clearsystemerror\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

8.4 Trigger Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	Trigger	Mode	The sensor's triggering mode. This value must match the modes supported by the sensor. This value can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' op-

Command	Group	Item	Description
			eration is required to persist this value.
Set	Trigger	Mode	The sensor's triggering mode. This value must match the modes supported by the sensor. This value can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' operation is required to persist this value.
Do	Trigger	Immediate	This command initiates a single trigger and inspection. The sensor does not transmit a response until the sensor has completed the action and returned to the READY state. This command requires the 'Command' trigger mode. The sensor must be in the ready state to perform the desired operation.
Do	Trigger	Gated	This command initiates the gated triggering mode. Images are repeatedly acquired until a valid object is detected or this mode is aborted. The sensor does not transmit a response until the sensor has completed the action and returned to the READY state. This command requires the 'Command' trigger mode. The sensor must be in the ready state to perform the desired operation.
Do	Trigger	AbortGated	This command aborts the gated triggering mode. The sensor does not transmit a response until the gated triggering option has been aborted and the sensor has returned to the READY state. This command requires the 'Command' trigger mode.

Examples

8.4 Imager Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	Imager	Gain	The sensor's value used to electronically brighten all image

Command	Group	Item	Description
			pixels This value can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' operation is required to persist this value.
Set	Imager	Gain	The sensor's value used to electronically brighten all image pixels This value can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' operation is required to persist this value.
Get	Imager	Exposure	The sensor's value used to control the amount of time the imager is allowed to gather light for the image. This value can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' operation is required to persist this value.
Set	Imager	Exposure	The sensor's value used to control the amount of time the imager is allowed to gather light for the image. This value can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' operation is required to persist this value.

Examples

```
>>  get imager exposure\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  Command\x0D\x0A

>>  set imager exposure"11900"\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

8.4 Teach Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Do	Teach	NextTrigger	This commands forces the sensor to perform the Remote Teach operation on the next trigger. This command can be performed using the sensor's touchscreen.

Examples

```
>>  do teach\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

8.4 ProductChange Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Do	ProductChange	[*Name*]	Forces the sensor to switch to the specified inspection. The sensor does not transmit a response until the sensor has completed the action. Inspections results will be invalid until the next trigger.
Get	ProductChange	InspectionNames	List of all inspections stored in the sensor

Examples

```
>>  get productchange inspectionnames\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A

>>  do productchange "inspection2"\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

8.4 History Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	History	Passed	This value indicates the number of passed inspections for the active inspection. This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	History	Failed	This value indicates the number of failed inspections for the active inspection. This value is

Command	Group	Item	Description
			cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	History	MissedTriggers	This value indicates the number of missed triggers for the active inspection. This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	History	StartFrameNumber	This value indicates the starting frame number for the active inspection. This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	History	EndFrameNumber	This value indicates the latest frame number for the active inspection. This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	History	TotalFrames	This value indicates the total number inspections (frames) for the active inspection. This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	History	MinInspectionTime	This value indicates the minimum (fastest) inspection time for the active inspection. This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	History	MaxInspectionTime	This value indicates the maximum (slowest) inspection time for the active inspection. This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	History	MinBarcodeCount	This value indicates the minimum number of barcodes read for the active inspection This value is cleared (reset) whenev-

Command	Group	Item	Description
			er history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	History	MaxBarcodeCount	This value indicates the maximum number of barcodes read for the active inspection This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Do	History	Clear	This command clears all history fields for the active inspection. History values include pass count, fail count, execution times and tool specific history values. This command can be performed using the sensor's touchscreen.

Examples

```
>>  get history passed\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  13\x0D\x0A

>>  get history startframenumber\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  3\x0D\x0A

>>  do history clear\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

8.4 Inspection Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	Inspection	Status	This status of the most recent inspection either Pass, Fail, or Idle (no triggers).
Get	Inspection	Name	The name of the active inspection.
Get	Inspection	FrameNumber	The most recent inspection frame number
Get	Inspection	ExecutionTime	The most recent inspection execution time in msec.

Examples

```
>>  get inspection status\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
```

```
<<  Fail\x0D\x0A

>>  get inspection executiontime\x0D\x0A
<<  OK\x0D\x0A
<<  37.739\x0D\x0A
```

8.4 BCR_INPUT Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	BCR_INPUT	CompareData	The Barcode inspection compare data string. This string must start and end with the double quote character. This value can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' operation is required to persist this value.
Set	BCR_INPUT	CompareData	The Barcode inspection compare data string. This string must start and end with the double quote character. This value can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' operation is required to persist this value.
Get	BCR_INPUT	CompareMask	The Barcode inspection compare string mask in binary format; that is, masked characters are indicated by a "1" and unmasked characters are "0." Note that the mask character string must match the length of the compare string. This value can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' operation is required to persist this value.
Set	BCR_INPUT	CompareMask	The Barcode inspection compare string mask in binary format; that is, masked characters are indicated by a "1" and unmasked characters are "0." Note that the mask character string must match the length of the compare string. This value

Command	Group	Item	Description
			can be modified using the sensor's touchscreen. This remotely modified value is not persisted to the sensors permanent memory. The 'Save' operation is required to persist this value.

Examples

8.4 BCR_RESULT Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	BCR_RESULT	Count	The total number of barcodes found. The most recent inspection value is used. Access to this value requires a valid trigger.
Get	BCR_RESULT	Data	The decoded barcode data strings. Each string starts and ends with the double quote character. Multiple values are seperated by the field delimiter The most recent inspection value is used. Access to this value requires a valid trigger.
Get	BCR_RESULT	Type	The decoded barcode symbol type(s). Multiple values are seperated by the field delimiter The most recent inspection value is used. Access to this value requires a valid trigger.

Examples

8.4 BCR_HISTORY Command Group

Command	Group	Item	Description
Get	BCR_HISTORY	MinCount	This value indicates the minimum number of barcodes read for the active inspection This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.
Get	BCR_HISTORY	MaxCount	This value indicates the maximum number of barcodes read for the active inspection This value is cleared (reset) whenever history is cleared. This value

Command	Group	Item	Description
			is cleared (reset) when the device starts up or is rebooted.

Examples

8.5 Command Channel Error Codes

Numeric ID	Text ID	Description
00000	SUCCESS	Command processed successfully
10000	EMPTY_FRAME_RECEIVED	Indicates that the request was empty. The command channel requires a command, any arguments, and an end-of-frame delimiter.
10001	COMMAND_NOT_RECOGNIZED	The command specified is not recognized
10100	GROUP_MISSING	A Group ID must be specified immediately after the command
10101	GROUP_NOT_FOUND	The specified Group ID is invalid / unknown
10102	GROUP_ITEM_MISSING	A Group Item ID must be specified immediately after the Group ID
10103	GROUP_ITEM_NOT_FOUND	The specified Group Item ID is invalid / unknown
10152	NOT_READABLE	Attempt to get a value that is not readable
10153	NOT_WRITEABLE	Attempt to set a value that is not writeable
10250	NOT_A_METHOD	Method ID specified is not a method
10251	WRONG_ARGUMENT_COUNT	Total method arguments specified do not match method
10252	COMMAND_NOT_FINISHED	Attempt to issue command when a previous command has not finished
10300	INVALID_ARGUMENT_TYPE	Item ID specified must be a item (not a group or method)
10301	DATA_VALUE_MISSING	Command missing item's data value
10350	ARGUMENTS_DETECTED	Get command received with unneeded arguments
10351	INVALID_ARGUMENT_TYPE	Item ID specified must be a item (not a group or method)
10340	MINIMUM_VALUE_EXCEEDED	New item value is below the minimum
10341	MAXIMUM_VALUE_EXCEEDED	New items value is above the maximum
10500	DATA_SET_EMPTY	Data export operation returned no results.
10900	SENSOR_NOT_READY	Command specified requires sensor to be in the READY state.

Numeric ID	Text ID	Description
10920	SENSOR_TYPE_NOT_ACTIVE	Command specified belongs to a different sensor type.
15000	VALUE_INVALID	Text value is invalid / unknown
15050	VALUE_INVALID	Text value is invalid - expecting True or False
15100	STRING_TOO_LONG	String value specified exceeds maximum allowable length
20000	BARCODE_TIMEOUT	Attempt to obtain Barcode result data when decoder has timed out
20001	NO_BARCODES_FOUND	Attempt to obtain Barcode result data when no barcodes were found
20002	COMPARE_DATA_DISABLED	Operation requires Barcode compare to be enabled
20003	COMPARE_MASK_INVALID	Compare mask invalid. Expecting string of 1's and 0's with length equal to compare data string
20004	NUMBER_TO_FIND_NOT_ONE	Barcode number to find must be set to one for this operation.
80000	REMOTE_DISPLAY_NOT_CONNECTED	Remote Display must be connected to obtain this value
80001	REMOTE_DISPLAY_NOT_SUPPORTED	This sensor does not have Remote Display capability
80100	COMMAND_MODE_EXPECTED	The Trigger Mode must be set to "Command" perform this operation
80101	COMMAND_TIMED_OUT	The command timed out before finishing
80102	TRIGGER_REQUIRED	Access to the specified data requires a triggered inspection
80103	TRIGGER_NOT_GATED	Command requires a active Gated Trigger
80150	COMMAND_TIMED_OUT	The command timed out before finishing
80200	SYSTEM_ERROR_NOT_ACTIVE	The System Error must be active to execute this command

9 Industrial Ethernet Overview

9.1 Device Setup

9.1.1 Set IP Address

When shipped, the device is assigned a default IP address - 192.168.0.1, a default Subnet Mask - 255.255.255.0, and a default gateway - 0.0.0.0. To change these defaults, click on **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Ethernet I/O**.

9.1.2 Set Industrial Ethernet Protocol (EIP/Modbus/TCP/PCCC)

The Industrial Ethernet communication channel is disabled by default. In order to enable this channel, click on **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Industrial Ethernet** > **Connection**. Select the channel of interest (EIP, Modbus/TCP or PCCC). Only one type of connection can be established at any given time.

Information about an established connection can be obtained from **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Industrial Ethernet** > **Status** screen. Click on the connection of interest to view details.

This device provides extensive logging for the communication that occurs over the Industrial Ethernet connection. Logs can either be viewed from **Main Menu** > **System** > **Communications** > **Industrial Ethernet** > **View Logs**, or **Main Menu** > **Logs** > **Communication Logs** > **Industrial Ethernet**.

9.1.3 Set Trigger Mode

The sensor can be triggered using either the hardware trigger or through over the Industrial Ethernet. In order to only accept triggers generated through the Industrial Ethernet communication channel, click on the **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Trigger**, and select **Industrial Ethernet Only** from the drop-down menu.

9.2 Supported Functions

The iVu Plus Series sensor is controlled over Ethernet/IP and Modbus/TCP using the input and output data it makes available as a slave device for those protocols.

Here are some of the Sensor operations that can be performed using input and output values:

- Product Change
- Teach Enable
- Trigger the sensor
- Read output indicators (pass/fail/ready/error)
- Read counters (pass, fail, system error, missed trigger, frame count, iteration count)
- Read iVu sensor tool results
- On Barcode, change compare string and its mask

9.2.1 iVu Input Values

The operation of the iVu Plus Series sensor can be controlled through input bits and commands.

Input Bits

The following commands can only be executed using bits:

Input Coil Bit	Command	Description
0	Product Change	Execute a product change (inspection number specified in the "Product Change Number" 32-bit integer register).
1	Teach Latch	Latch a teach flag. Teach is executed on next trigger.
2	Trigger	Causes system to trigger an inspection if ready.
3	Gated Trigger	Causes system to start looking for requested barcodes (BCR products only)
5	Set BCR String	Sets barcode compare string (BCR products only)
6	Set BCR Mask	Sets masks for barcode compare string (BCR products only)
15	Command	Set this bit to 1 to execute the command entered in the Command Register.

Input Commands

The following commands need to be executed using Command ID and the Command Bit stated above.

Command	Command ID			Description	Data Type
	Do	Set	Get		
Trigger					
Trigger Mode		1	10001	The sensor's triggering mode. This value must match the modes supported by the sensor	Int16
Product Change					
Product Change By Name	21			This command forces the sensor to switch to the specified inspection. The sensor does not transmit a response until the sensor has completed the action. Inspections results immediately after a product change will be invalid until a new trigger is received.	Byte Array
Imager					
Gain		51	10051	The sensor's value used to electronically brighten all image pixels	Int32
Exposure		52	10052	The sensor's value used to control the amount of time the imager is allowed to gather light for the image.	Int32
Status					
Clear System Error	81			This command clears the system error LED and resets the internal system error flag to false.	N/A
System					
Reboot Sensor	101			This command reboots the sensor. If sensor configuration data is being currently being saved, this command will block until that operation completes	N/A
Save Configuration	102			This command saves all modified inspection and configuration parameters. This command blocks until all values have been persisted	N/A
Info					
Sensor Name			10151	Sensor user assignable name.	Byte Array
Model Number			10152	Sensor model number	Byte Array
Serial Number			10153	Sensor serial number	Byte Array
Firmware Version			10154	Sensor firmware (software) version	Byte Array
Hour Counter			10155	The total number of hours the sensor has been energized.	Byte Array
History					
Clear History	301			This command clears all history fields for the active inspection. History values include pass count, fail count, execution times and tool specific history values.	N/A
Inspection					
Inspection Name			10501	The name of the active inspection.	Byte Array

Command	Command ID			Description	Data Type
	Do	Set	Get		
BCR inputs					
Compare String			11001	The Barcode inspection compare data string. This string must start and end with the double quote character	Byte Array
Compare Mask			11002	The Barcode inspection compare string mask in binary format; that is, masked characters are indicated by a "1" and un-masked characters are "0." Note that the mask character string must match the length of the compare string	Byte Array

9.2.2 iVu Output Values

Using output values, the following information can be obtained:

- ACK bits (acknowledgement bits) for input commands, including error codes
- System indicators (Ready, Pass/Fail, Read/No Read, Output signals, Command Error, etc.)
- Inspection History (Iteration Count, Pass Count, Fail Count, etc.)
- Current Inspection Results (data of the sensor type contained in the inspection)
- Command Responses

Refer to sections on protocols to get more information.

ACK Flags

For each of the Command Flags there is a corresponding ACK flag. The Vision Sensor sets the ACK flag when the corresponding action is complete. Command flags cause actions to occur on the low-to-high transition of that flag. **You must clear the flag after the corresponding ACK flag has been observed to be high** .

As an example, to use the Trigger ACK flag, the programming steps for triggering an inspection would be:

1. Wait for ready.
2. Set Trigger command flag to 1.
3. Wait for Trigger ACK to go to 1.
4. Set Trigger command flag to 0.

Command Responses

Commands executed using command IDs may have a response value. Depending on the Data Type, the response value will be contained in one or multiple registers. Refer to protocol specific sections for more information.

9.3 Sensor Operation

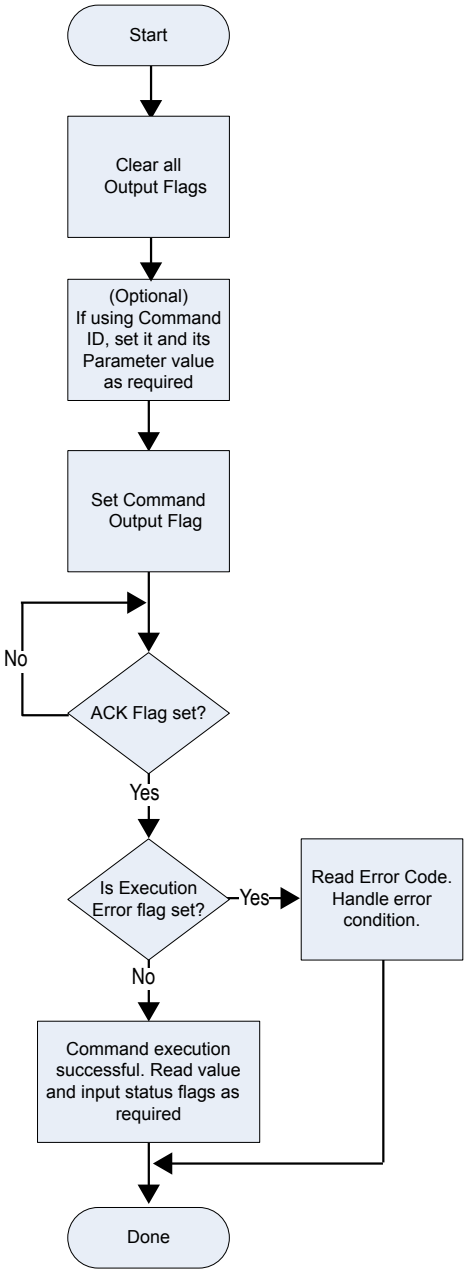
Any Industrial Ethernet protocol can be used to trigger inspections, remote teach and perform command functions. On iVuPlus BCR models, compare strings can also be set.

9.3.1 General Command Execution

Point of View of PLC

Following rules apply for the usage of input bit commands:

- Only one output bit can be set at a time.
- Corresponding ACK bits are only set high on completion of the command (if output bit is still high).


Start
Clear all Output Flags
(Optional) If using Command ID, set it and its Parameter value as required
Set Command Output Flag
No
ACK Flag set?
Yes
Is Execution Error flag set?
Yes
Read Error Code. Handle error condition.
No
Command execution successful. Read value and input status flags as required
Done

- Corresponding ACK bits are cleared when the output bit is cleared.
- When multiple output bits are set simultaneously, the Execution Error input bit is set and an Error Code value is reported on the input register.
- The Execution Error input bit is cleared when all ACK bits get cleared, or a new valid command is received.

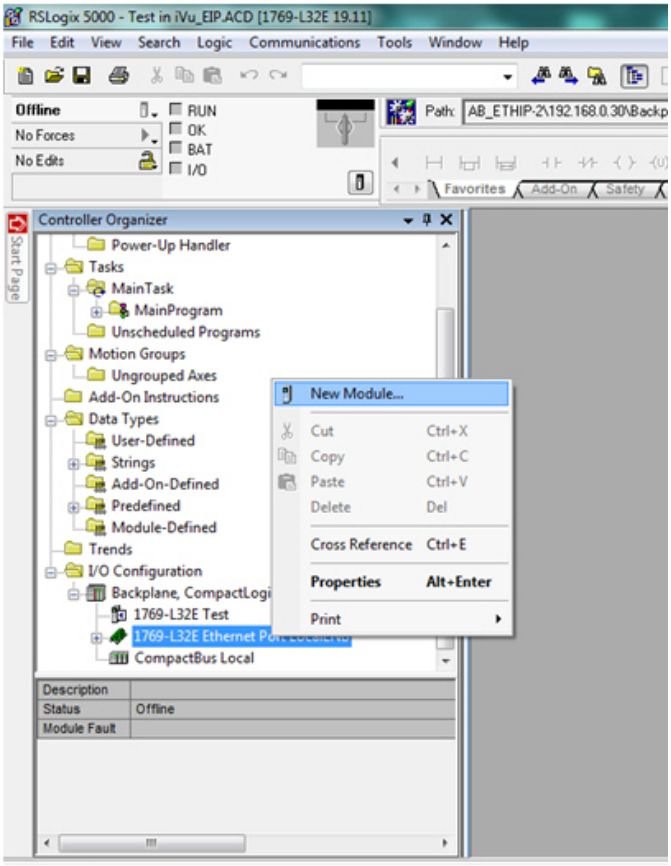
9.4 Ethernet/IP

The iVu Plus device is controlled by a ControlLogix PLC using assembly objects. From the point-of-view of a PLC, there are three input assemblies (IVU_INPUT1, IVU_INPUT2, and IVU_INPUT3) and two output assemblies (IVU_OUTPUT1, IVU_OUTPUT2).

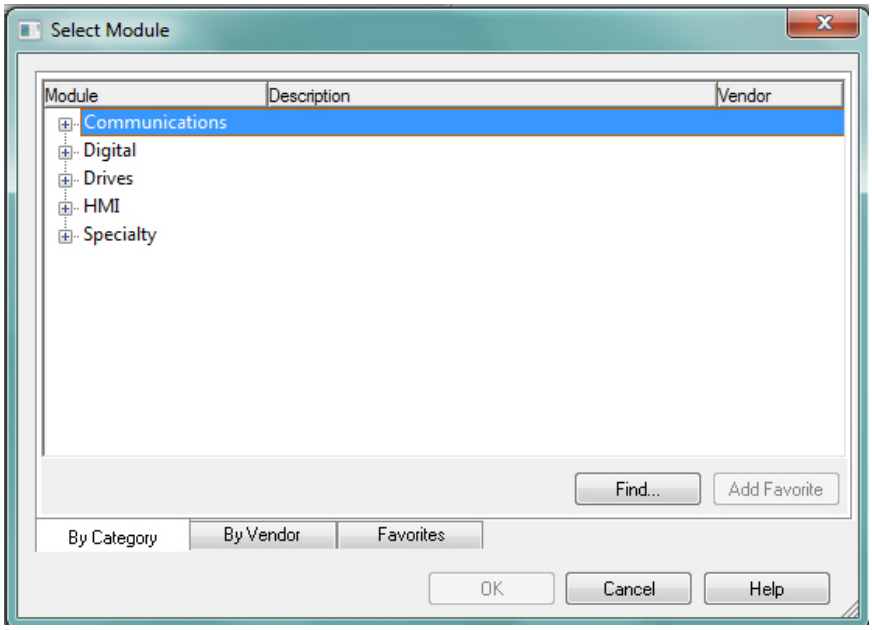
9.4.1 RSLogix5000 Configuration

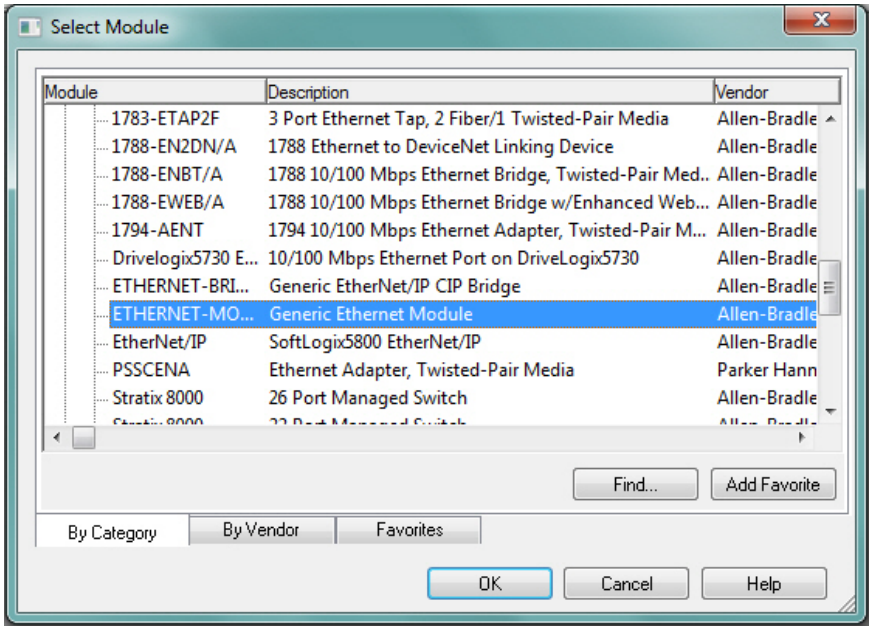
To create an implicit Class 1 configuration to the iVu Plus using EIP when using a ControlLogix family PLC, configure the iVu Plus as a "Generic Ethernet Module" under the ENET_MODULE. The following is a sample setup of Banner sensor:

1. Add a generic ethernet module to the PLC's ethernet card.


RSLogix 5000 - Test in iVu_EIP.ACD [1769-L32E 19.11]
File Edit View Search Logic Communications Tools Window Help
Offline
No Forces
No Edits
RUN
OK
BAT
I/O
Path: AB_ETHIP-2\192.168.0.30\Backp
Favorites
Add-On
Safety
Controller Organizer
Start Page
Power-Up Handler
Tasks
MainTask
MainProgram
Unscheduled Programs
Motion Groups
Ungrouped Axes
Add-On Instructions
Data Types
User-Defined
Strings
Add-On-Defined
Predefined
Module-Defined
Trends
I/O Configuration
Backplane, CompactLogi
1769-L32E Test
1769-L32E Ethernet Po
CompactBus Local
New Module...
Cut Ctrl+X
Copy Ctrl+C
Paste Ctrl+V
Delete Del
Cross Reference Ctrl+E
Properties Alt+Enter
Print
Description
Status Offline
Module Fault

2. Select Module.

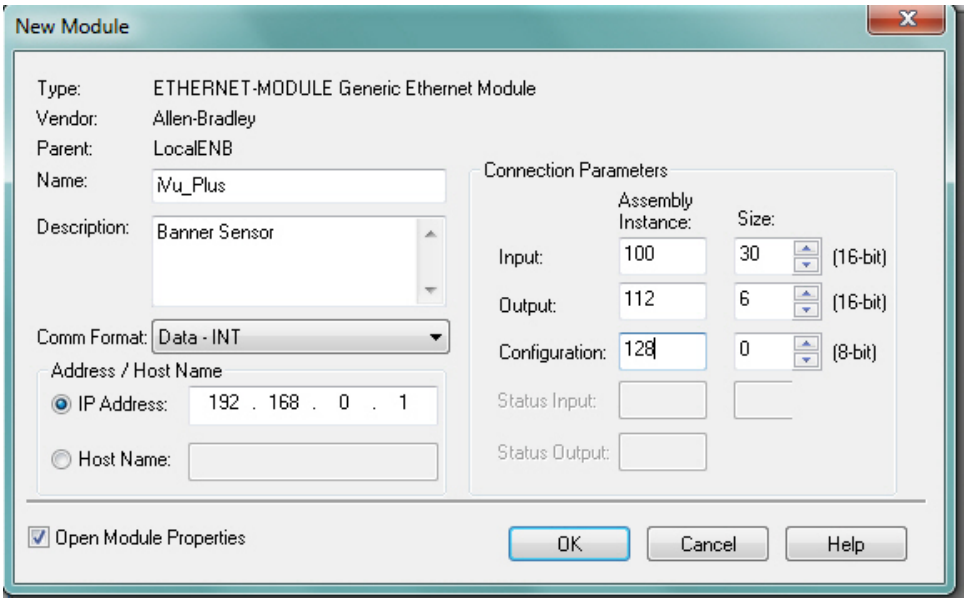
- 

- 

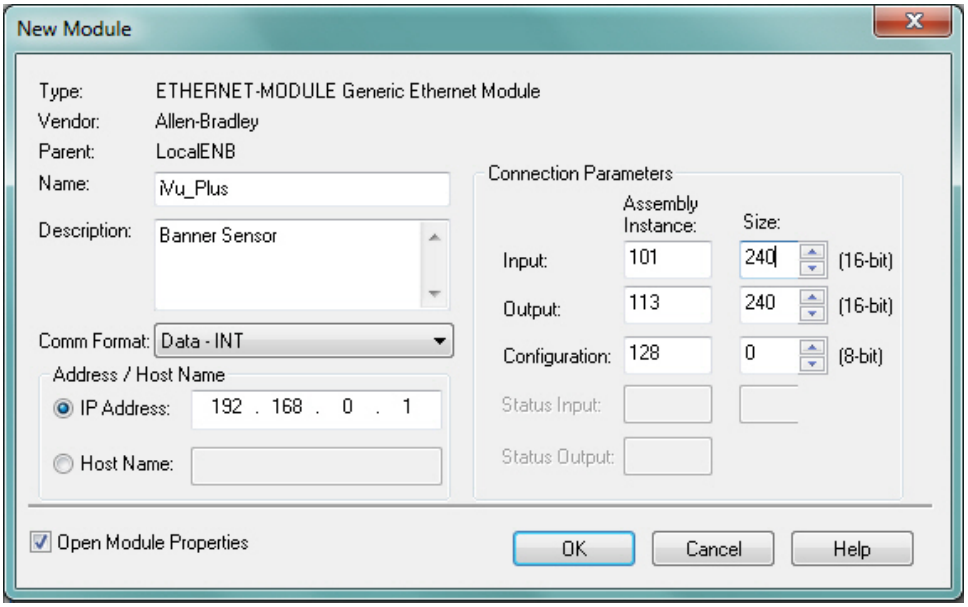
3. Configure Module Properties.

   See *Assembly Objects* on page 112 for more information on each specific assembly instance.

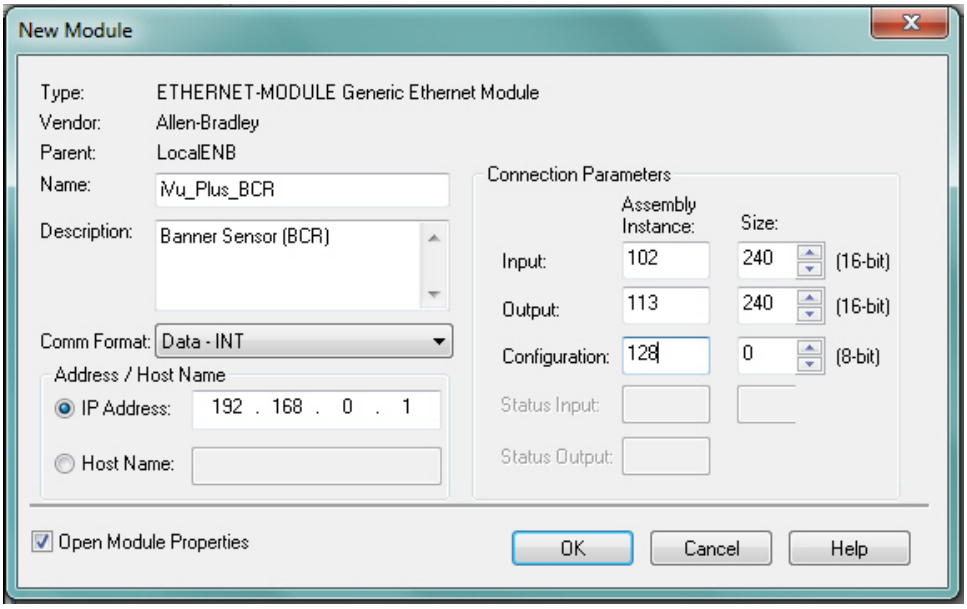
   Input Assembly (100)



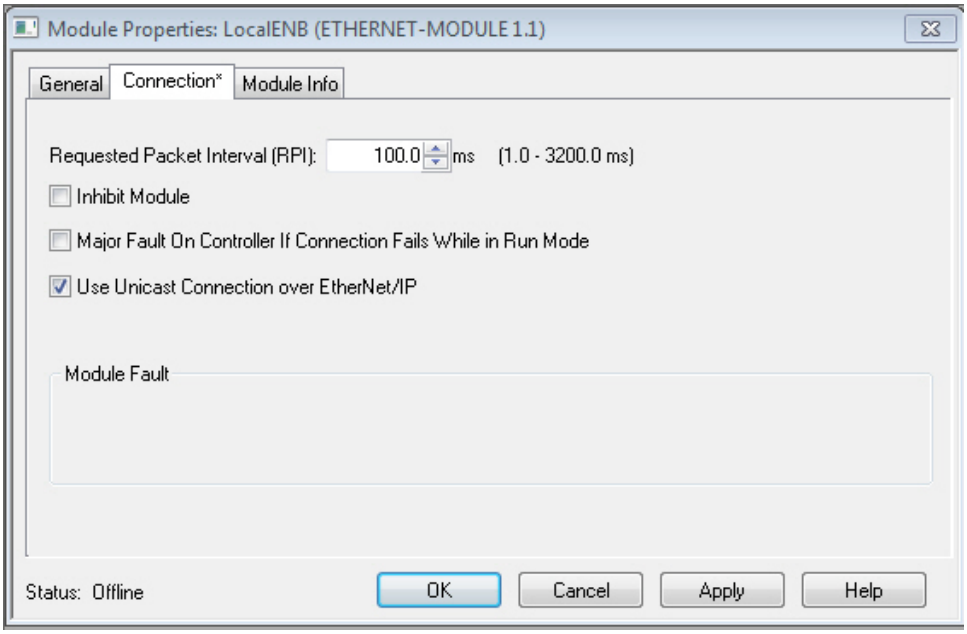
   Input Assembly (101)



Input Assembly (102)



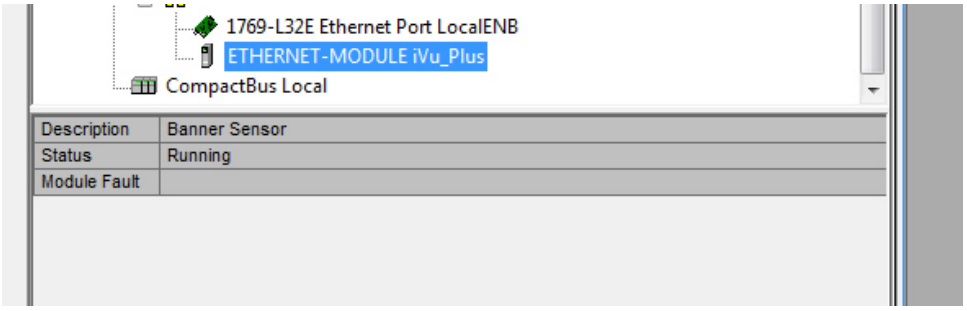
Select or deselect Unicast Connection as desired.



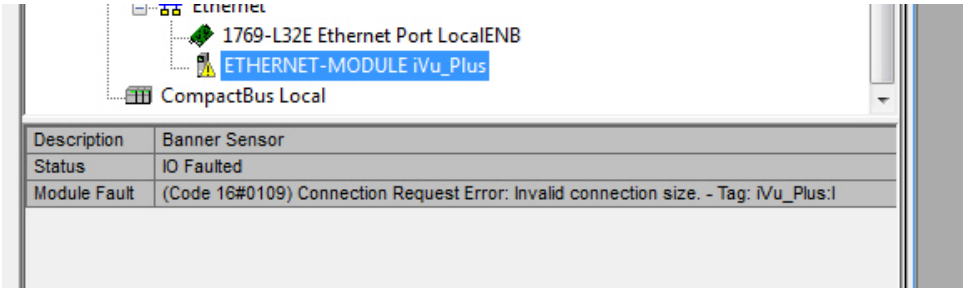
NOTE: The data type in the Comm Format must be changed to an INT.

NOTE: The minimum allowed RPI is 50 ms.

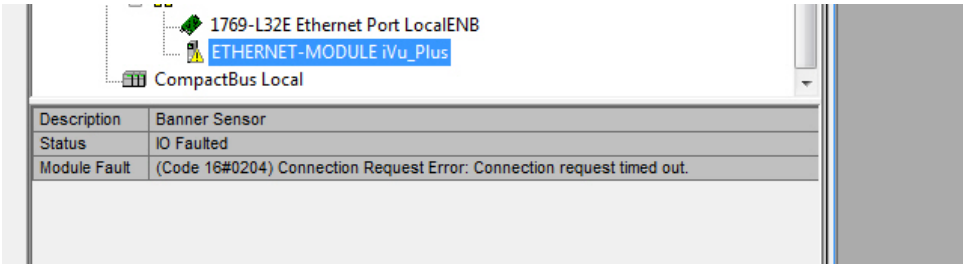
4. If the module configuration was successful, the following information should be displayed:



If the module configuration was not successful, the RSLogix 5000 software will indicate errors similar to the ones displayed below:

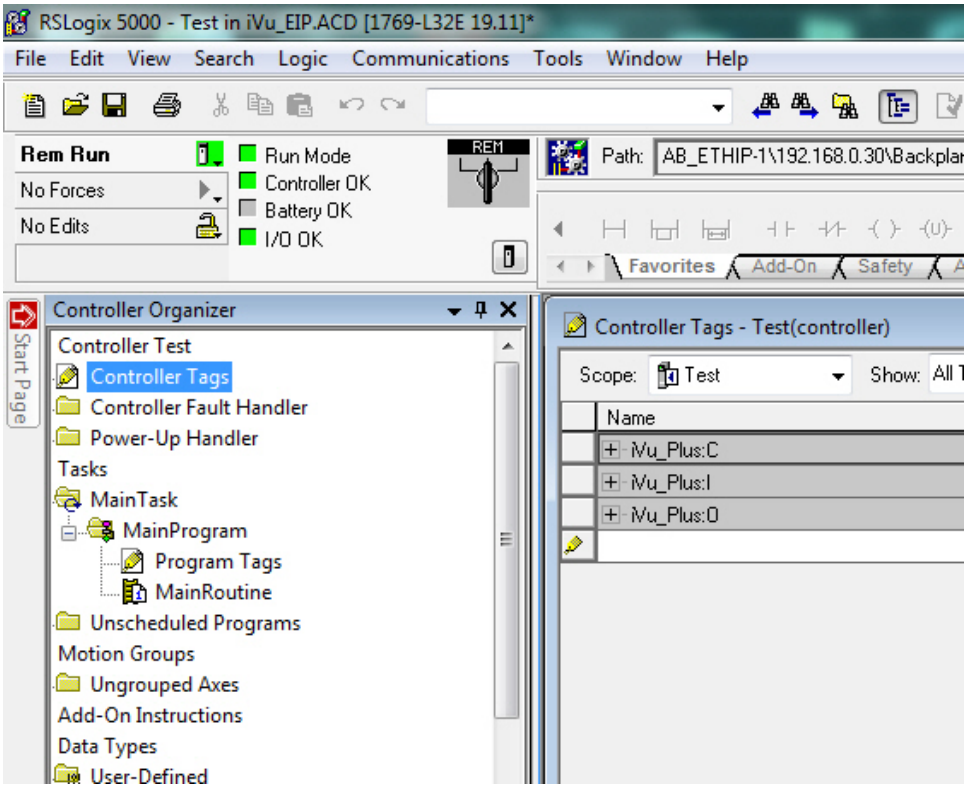


ERROR: Assembly Instance number and/or size incorrect.

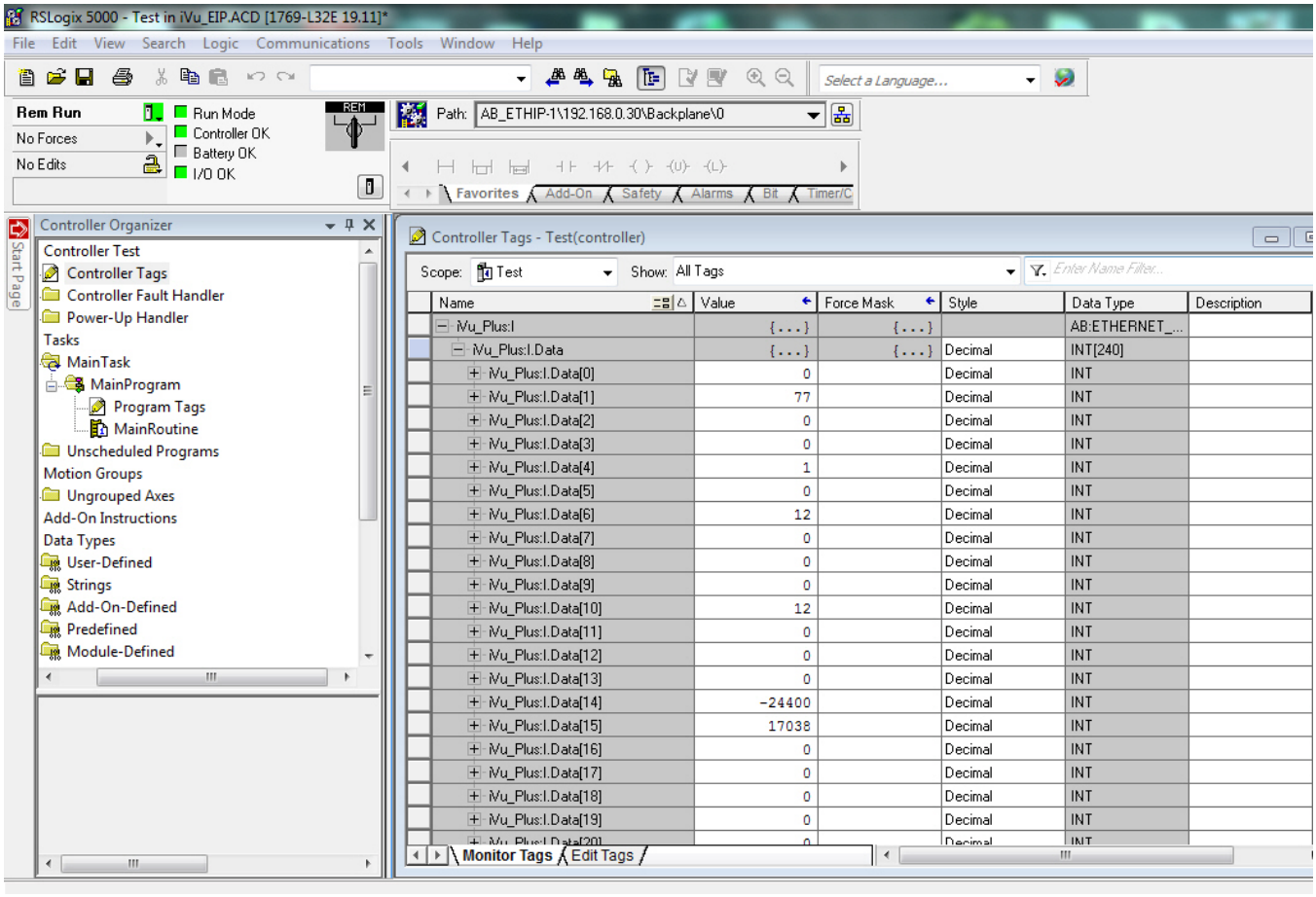


ERROR: iVu Plus not powered up or ethernet cable not attached.

5. Locate the memory map setup from Banner module to PLC memory map.



C = Configuration (not used)
I = Inputs to PLC (outputs from iVu Plus)
O = Outputs from PLC (inputs to iVu Plus)



The iVu Plus memory map expanded. I = Inputs to PLC (outputs from iVu Plus).

Sample map demonstrating string values:

Memory Map: Default

iVu_Plus:I.Data[55]	1		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[56]	1		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[57]	1		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[58]	20		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[59]	20		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[60]	0		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[61]	22121		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[62]	20597		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[63]	30060		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[64]	8307		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[65]	27977		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[66]	26465		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[67]	8293		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[68]	25939		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[69]	29550		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[70]	29295		Decimal	INT

NOTE: ControlLogix string format. "iVu Plus Image Sensor"

Memory Map: "Style" changed to ASCII

iVu_Plus:I.Data[55]	1		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[56]	1		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[57]	1		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[58]	20		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[59]	20		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[60]	0		Decimal	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[61]	'Vi'		ASCII	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[62]	'Pu'		ASCII	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[63]	'ul'		ASCII	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[64]	' s'		ASCII	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[65]	'mI'		ASCII	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[66]	'ga'		ASCII	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[67]	' e'		ASCII	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[68]	'eS'		ASCII	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[69]	'sn'		ASCII	INT
iVu_Plus:I.Data[70]	'ro'		ASCII	INT

All data is initially transferred as "INT" data type. An ASCII string looks like gibberish in this format. Changing the "style" to ASCII instead of "Decimal" reveals the correct string data.

9.4.2 Assembly Objects

Outputs from PLC

iVu_OUTPUT1 Instance 0x70 (112) - 6 Registers

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Input Bits Register	16-bit integer
1-2	Product Change Number	32-bit integer
3-5	*reserved*	

iVu_OUTPUT2 0x71 (113) - 240 Registers

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Inputs Bit Register	16-bit integer
1-2	Product Change Number	32-bit integer
3-49	*reserved*	32-bit integer
50	Command ID	16-bit integer
51	Command Parameter Int16	16-bit integer
52-53	Command Parameter Int32	32-bit integer
54-55	Command Parameter Float	Float
56-57	String Length	32-bit integer
58-107	String Parameter	100 Byte Array
108	*reserved*	16-bit integer
109-110	Barcode String/Mask Length	32-bit integer
111-210	Barcode String/Mask	200 Byte Array
211-239	*reserved*	

Inputs to the PLC

iVu_Input1 0x64 (100) - 30 Registers

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Input Bits ACK Register	16-bit integer
1	Output Bits Register	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	

iVu_Input2 0x65 (101) - 240 Registers

Sensor Type - Area (iVu Plus TG)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Input Bits ACK Register	16-bit integer
1	Output Bits Register	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
56-57	Area Count	32-bit integer
58-59	Area Range Min	32-bit integer
60-61	Area Range Max	32-bit integer
62-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	16-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response Float	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Blemish (iVu Plus TG)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Input Bits ACK Register	16-bit integer
1	Output Bits Register	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
56-57	Blemish Count	32-bit integer
58-59	Blemish Min Edge Length	32-bit integer
60-61	Blemish Max Edge Length	32-bit integer
62-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	16-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response Float	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Match (iVu Plus TG)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Input Bits ACK Register	16-bit integer
1	Output Bits Register	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
56-57	Match Count	32-bit integer
58	Match Min Percent Match	16-bit integer
59	Match Max Percent Match	16-bit integer
60-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	16-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response Float	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Sort (iVu Plus TG)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Input Bits ACK Register	16-bit integer
1	Output Bits Register	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
56	Sort Pattern Map	16-bit integer
57	Sort Pattern Count	16-bit integer
58	Sort Pattern 1 Count	16-bit integer
59	Sort Pattern 2 Count	16-bit integer
60	Sort Pattern 3 Count	16-bit integer
61	Sort Pattern 4 Count	16-bit integer

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
62	Sort Pattern 5 Count	16-bit integer
63	Sort Pattern 6 Count	16-bit integer
64	Sort Pattern 7 Count	16-bit integer
65	Sort Pattern 8 Count	16-bit integer
66	Sort Pattern 9 Count	16-bit integer
67	Sort Pattern 10 Count	16-bit integer
68	Sort Min Percent Match	16-bit integer
69	Sort Max Percent Match	16-bit integer
70-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	16-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response Float	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Barcode (iVu Plus BCR)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Input Bits ACK Register	16-bit integer
1	Output Bits Register	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
56	Barcode Count	16-bit integer

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
57	Barcode-1 Type	16-bit integer
58	Barcode-1 Actual Decoded Data Length	16-bit integer
59-60	Barcode-1 Data Array Length	32-bit integer
61-162	Barcode-1 Data Array	100 Byte Array
163-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	16-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response Float	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	

iVu_Input 3 0x66 (102)

Sensor Type (iVu Plus BCR)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Input Bits ACK Register	16-bit integer
1	Output Bits Register	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30	Barcode Count	16-bit integer
31	Barcode-1 Type	16-bit integer
32	Barcode-1 Length	16-bit integer
33-50	Barcode-1 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
51	Barcode-2 Type	16-bit integer
52	Barcode-2 Length	16-bit integer
53-70	Barcode-2 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
71	Barcode-3 Type	16-bit integer
72	Barcode-3 Length	16-bit integer
73-90	Barcode-3 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
91	Barcode-4 Type	16-bit integer
92	Barcode-4 Length	16-bit integer
93-110	Barcode-4 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
111	Barcode-5 Type	16-bit integer
112	Barcode-5 Length	16-bit integer
113-130	Barcode-5 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
131	Barcode-6 Type	16-bit integer
132	Barcode-6 Length	16-bit integer
133-150	Barcode-6 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
151	Barcode-7 Type	16-bit integer
152	Barcode-7 Length	16-bit integer
153-170	Barcode-7 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
171	Barcode-8 Type	16-bit integer
172	Barcode-8 Length	16-bit integer
173-190	Barcode-8 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
191	Barcode-9 Type	16-bit integer
192	Barcode-9 Length	16-bit integer
193-210	Barcode-9 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
211	Barcode-10 Type	16-bit integer
212	Barcode-10 Length	16-bit integer
213-230	Barcode-10 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
231-239	*reserved*	

Flags

Output Bit Flags

Bit Position

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Command ACK									Set BCR Mask ACK	Set BCR String ACK		Gated Trigger ACK	Trigger ACK	Teach Latch ACK	Product Change ACK

Input ACK Bits

Bit Position

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Command									Set BCR Mask	Set BCR String		Gated Trigger	Trigger	Teach Latch	Product Change

Input Bit Flags

Bit Position

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Execution Error	System Error	Teach Error	Missed Trigger					Output 3	Output 2	Output 1		Ready Latch	Read/ No Read	Pass/Fail	Ready

9.4.3 Configuration Assembly Object

The iVuPlus EIP implementation does not support an assembly object configuration instance. However, one is required for creation of implicit Class 1 connections on a ControlLogix family PLC. Therefore, a configuration instance is defined as instance number 0x80 (128 decimal). It's size is zero.

9.4.4 Data Formats

The iVuPlus EIP implementation supports 32-bit Integers in LSW_MSW data format. The least significant word is stored first, then the most significant word. This format is used for Allen-Bradley ControlLogix PLCs.

The string format is compatible with the Allen-Bradley ControlLogix built-in string data type. This format is a 32 bit (DINT) length followed by character bytes (SINT). This results in the following string format as viewed from the iVu Plus:

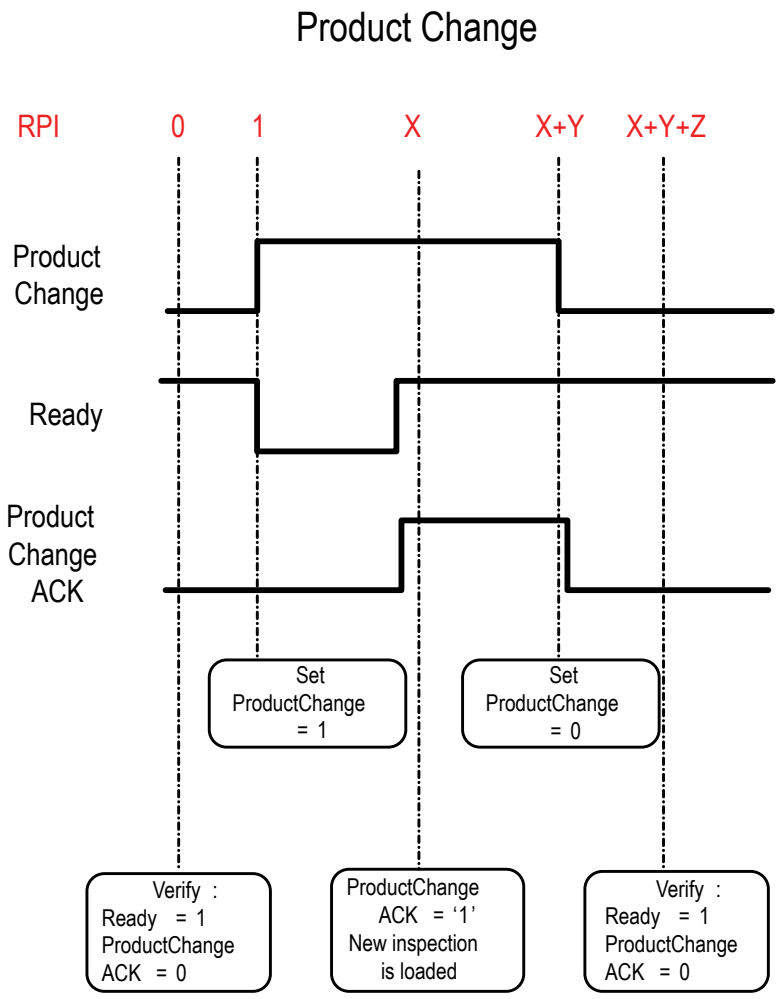
Word	0	1	2		3		4			
	Length LSW	Length MSW	byte 1	byte 0	byte 3	byte 2	byte 5	byte 4	...	...

9.4.5 Minimum Requested Packet Inverval (RPI) Value

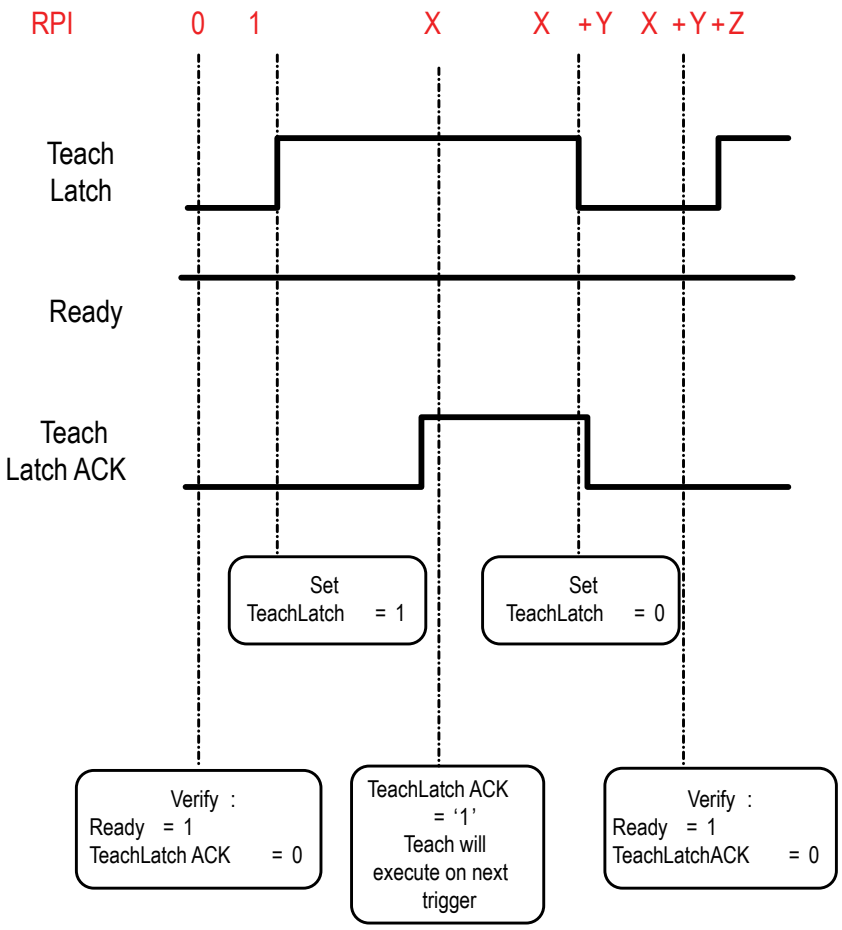
iVuPlus devices can operate with input and output Requested Packet Intervals (RPIs) as low as 50 milliseconds. **The device may not operate reliably if a lower RPI value is selected.**

9.4.6 Sample Timing Diagram

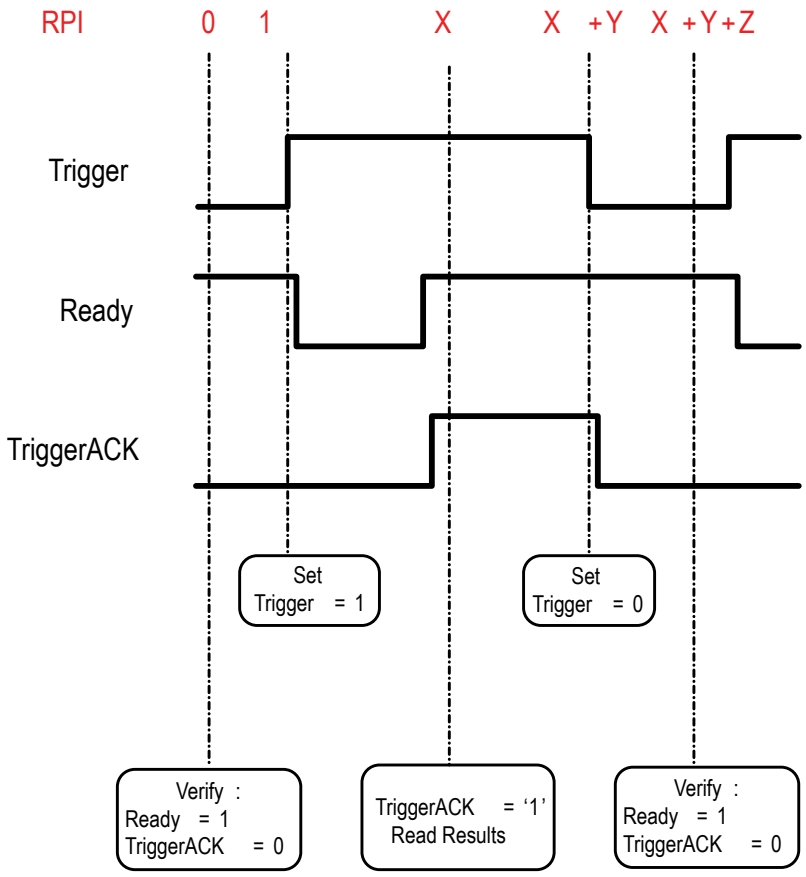
X, Y, Z: Represent snapshot in time



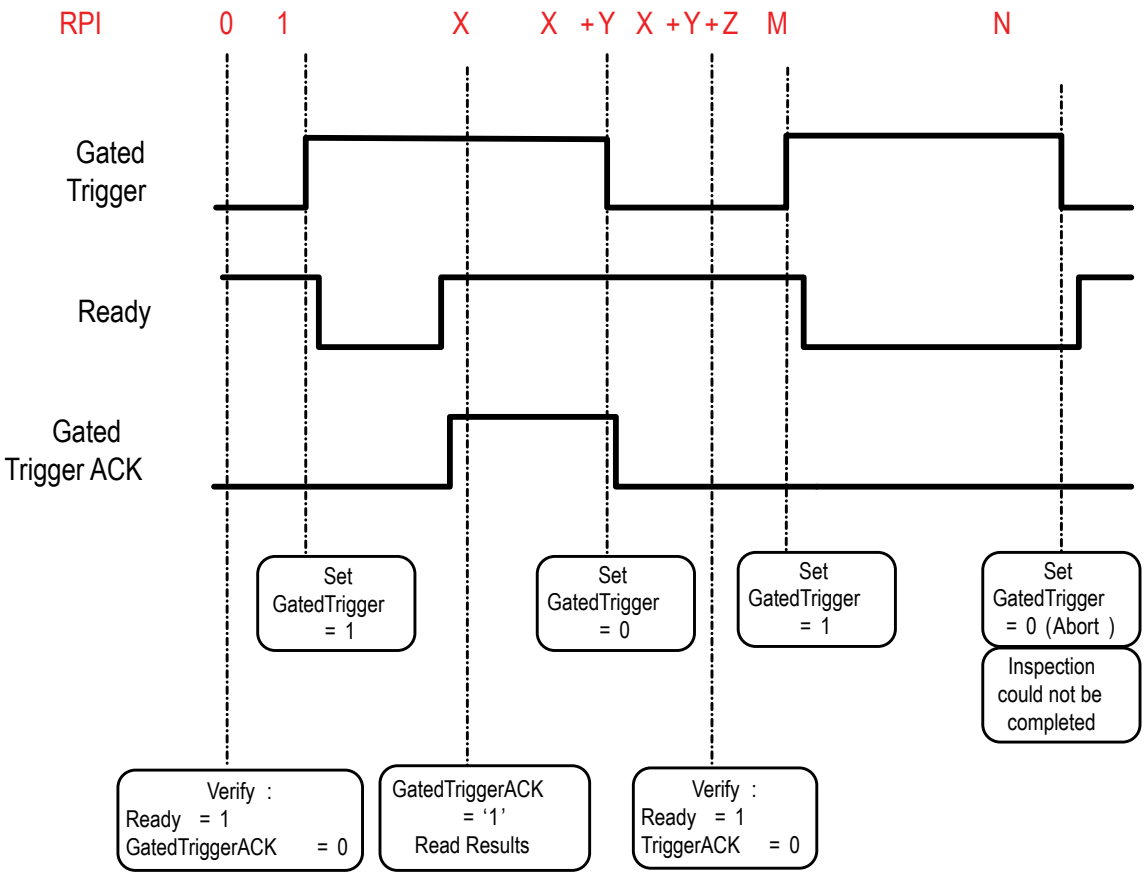
Teach Latch


RPI
0
1
X
X +Y
X +Y+Z
Teach Latch
Ready
Teach Latch ACK
Set TeachLatch = 1
Set TeachLatch = 0
Verify :
Ready = 1
TeachLatch ACK = 0
TeachLatch ACK = '1'
Teach will execute on next trigger
Verify :
Ready = 1
TeachLatchACK = 0

Trigger


RPI
0
1
X
X +Y
X +Y+Z
Trigger
Ready
TriggerACK
Set
Trigger = 1
Set
Trigger = 0
Verify :
Ready = 1
TriggerACK = 0
TriggerACK = '1'
Read Results
Verify :
Ready = 1
TriggerACK = 0

Gated Trigger



9.5 Modbus/TCP

The Modbus/TCP protocol provides device control using register and coil banks defined by the slave device. This section defines the iVu Plus Modbus/TCP register and coil banks. From the point of view of the slave device (PLC), there is one output coil registers and two Input Coil registers. The bits in the Output Coil Registers cause actions to occur. The corresponding ACK bits in the Input Coil register get set when the action is complete. The Status Coil register provides status of certain system states. By specification, Modbus/TCP uses TCP port 502.

Note that the output coils correspond to the Output and ACK Flags, and the input coils correspond to the Input Flags.

Modbus Function Codes Supported:

01: Read Coil Status

02: Read Input Status

03: Read Holding Registers

04: Read Input Registers

05: Force Single Coil

06: Preset Single Register

07: Read Exception Status

15: Write Multiple Coils

16: Preset Multiple Registers

9.5.1 Holding Registers

The Holding registers are used by the PLC to push values to the iVu Plus sensor. These values are accessed in the register address range of 40001 - 40240. To write, use Function Codes 6/16 (Preset Single/Multiple Registers). Also available in this range of registers are the registers containing output data. These outputs are available using the address range of 41001 - 41480. To read these output into the PLC use Function Code 03 (Read Holding Registers).

Input Registers Map

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
40001	Output Coil Bits	16-bit integer
40002-3	Product Change Number	32-bit integer
40004-50	*reserved*	32-bit integer
40051	Command	16-bit integer
40052	Command Parameter Int16	16-bit integer
40053-54	Command Parameter Int 32	32-bit integer
40055-56	Command Parameter	Float
40057-58	Command Parameter String Length	32-bit integer
40059-108	Command Parameter String	100 Byte Array
40109	*reserved*	16-bit integer
40110-111	BCR String/Mask Length	32-bit integer
40112-211	BCR String/Mask	200 Byte Array
40212-240	*reserved*	

9.5.2 Output Registers

The Output registers are used to send output values from the iVu Plus to the PLC. Note that some devices (such as Modicon family PLCs) cannot access data using the 30000 range of register addresses. For these devices, the output values are also available using the 40000 range of addresses (at offset 41000). To access the Modbus/TCP Output Registers use Function Code 04 (Read Input Registers).

Output Registers Map

Sensor Type - Area (iVu Plus TG)

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
30001	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
30002	Status Coil Bits	16-bit integer
30003-4	Error Code	32-bit integer
30005-6	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
30007-8	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
30009-10	Pass Count	32-bit integer
30011-12	Fail Count	32-bit integer
30013-14	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
30015-16	Current Inspection Time	Float
30017-30	*reserved*	
30031-53	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
30054-55	Frame Number	32-bit integer

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
30056	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
30057-58	Area Count	32-bit integer
30059-60	Area Range Min	32-bit integer
30061-62	Area Range Max	32-bit integer
30063-171	*reserved*	
30172	Command Status	32-bit integer
30173	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
30174-75	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
30176-77	Comand Response	Float
30178-79	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
30180-229	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
30230-240	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Blemish (iVu Plus TG)

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
30001	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
30002	Status Coil Bits	16-bit integer
30003-4	Error Code	32-bit integer
30005-6	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
30007-8	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
30009-10	Pass Count	32-bit integer
30011-12	Fail Count	32-bit integer
30013-14	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
30015-16	Current Inspection Time	Float
30017-30	*reserved*	
30031-53	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
30054-55	Frame Number	32-bit integer

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
30056	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
30057-58	Blemish Count	32-bit integer
30059-60	Blemish Min Edge Length	32-bit integer
30061-62	Blemish Max Edge Length	32-bit integer
30063-171	*reserved*	
30172	Command Status	32-bit integer
30173	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
30174-75	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
30176-77	Comand Response	Float
30178-79	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
30180-229	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
30230-240	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Match (iVu Plus TG)

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
30001	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
30002	Status Coil Bits	16-bit integer
30003-4	Error Code	32-bit integer
30005-6	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
30007-8	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
30009-10	Pass Count	32-bit integer
30011-12	Fail Count	32-bit integer
30013-14	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
30015-16	Current Inspection Time	Float
30017-30	*reserved*	
30031-53	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
30054-55	Frame Number	32-bit integer

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
30056	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
30057-58	Match Count	32-bit integer
30059	Match Min Percent Match	16-bit integer
30060	Match Max Percent Match	16-bit integer
30061-171	*reserved*	
30172	Command Status	32-bit integer
30173	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
30174-75	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
30176-77	Comand Response	Float
30178-79	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
30180-229	Command Response Da-ta	100 Byte Array
30230-240	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Sort (iVu Plus TG)

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
30001	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
30002	Status Coil Bits	16-bit integer
30003-4	Error Code	32-bit integer
30005-6	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
30007-8	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
30009-10	Pass Count	32-bit integer
30011-12	Fail Count	32-bit integer
30013-14	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
30015-16	Current Inspection Time	Float
30017-30	*reserved*	
30031-53	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
30054-55	Frame Number	32-bit integer
30056	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
30057	Sort Pattern Map	16-bit integer
30058	Sort Pattern Count	16-bit integer
30059	Sort Pattern 1 Count	16-bit integer
30060	Sort Pattern 2 Count	16-bit integer
30061	Sort Pattern 3 Count	16-bit integer
30062	Sort Pattern 4 Count	16-bit integer
30063	Sort Pattern 5 Count	16-bit integer
30064	Sort Pattern 6 Count	16-bit integer
30065	Sort Pattern 7 Count	16-bit integer
30066	Sort Pattern 8 Count	16-bit integer
30067	Sort Pattern 9 Count	16-bit integer
30068	Sort Pattern 10 Count	16-bit integer
30069	Sort Min Percent Match	16-bit integer
30070	Sort Max Percent Match	16-bit integer
30071-171	*reserved*	
30172	Command Status	32-bit integer
30173	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
30174-75	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
30176-77	Comand Response	Float
30178-79	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
30180-229	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
30230-240	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Barcode-1 (iVu Plus BCR)

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
30001	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
30002	Status Coil Bits	16-bit integer
3003-4	Error Code	32-bit integer
30005-6	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
30007-8	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
30009-10	Pass Count	32-bit integer
30011-12	Fail Count	32-bit integer
30013-14	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
30015-16	Current Inspection Time	Float
30017-30	*reserved*	
30031-53	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
30054-55	Frame Number	32-bit integer
30056	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
30057	Barcode Count	16-bit integer
30058	Barcode-1 Type	16-bit integer
30059	Barcode-1 Actual Decoded Data Length	16-bit integer
30060-61	Barcode-1 Data Array Len.	32-bit integer
30062-163	Barcode-1 Data Array	100 Byte Array
30164-171	*reserved*	
30172	Command Status	32-bit integer
30173	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
30174-75	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
30176-77	Comand Response	Float
30178-79	Command Response Len.	32-bit integer
30180-229	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
30230-240	*reserved*	
30241	Barcode Count	16-bit integer
30242	Barcode-1 Type	16-bit integer
30243	Barcode-1 Length	16-bit integer
30244-61	Barcode-1 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array

REGISTER	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
30262	Barcode-2 Type	16-bit integer
30263	Barcode-2 Length	16-bit integer
30264-81	Barcode-2 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
30282	Barcode-3 Type	16-bit integer
30283	Barcode-3 Length	16-bit integer
30284-301	Barcode-3 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
30302	Barcode-4 Type	16-bit integer
30303	Barcode-4 Length	16-bit integer
30304-21	Barcode-4 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
30322	Barcode-5 Type	16-bit integer
30323	Barcode-5 Length	16-bit integer
30324-41	Barcode-5 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
30342	Barcode-6 Type	16-bit integer
30343	Barcode-6 Length	16-bit integer
30344-61	Barcode-6 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
30362	Barcode-7 Type	16-bit integer
30363	Barcode-7 Length	16-bit integer
30364-81	Barcode-7 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
30382	Barcode-8 Type	16-bit integer
30383	Barcode-8 Length	16-bit integer
30384-401	Barcode-8 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
30402	Barcode-9 Type	16-bit integer
30403	Barcode-9 Length	16-bit integer
30404-21	Barcode-9 Data	32-bit len + 32-byte array
304022	Barcode-10 Type	16-bit integer
30423	Barcode-10 Length	16-bit integer
30424-41	Barcode-10 Data	32-bit len + 32-byte array

9.5.3 Input and Output Coils

The Modbus TG / BCR Output Coils are used to push single bit commands from the PLC/HMI to the iVu Plus sensor. To access the Modbus/TCP Output and Input Coils use Function Code 02 (Read Input Status).

Output Coils

Bit Position

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Command									Set BCR Mask	Set BCR String		Gated Trigger	Trigger	Teach Latch	Product Change

ACK Coils

Bit Position

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Command ACK									Set BCR Mask ACK	Set BCR String ACK		Gated Trigger ACK	Trigger ACK	Teach Latch ACK	Product Change ACK

Status Coils

Bit Position

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Execution Error	System Error	Teach Error	Missed Trigger					Output 3	Output 2	Output 1		Ready Latch	Read/ No Read	Pass/Fail	Ready

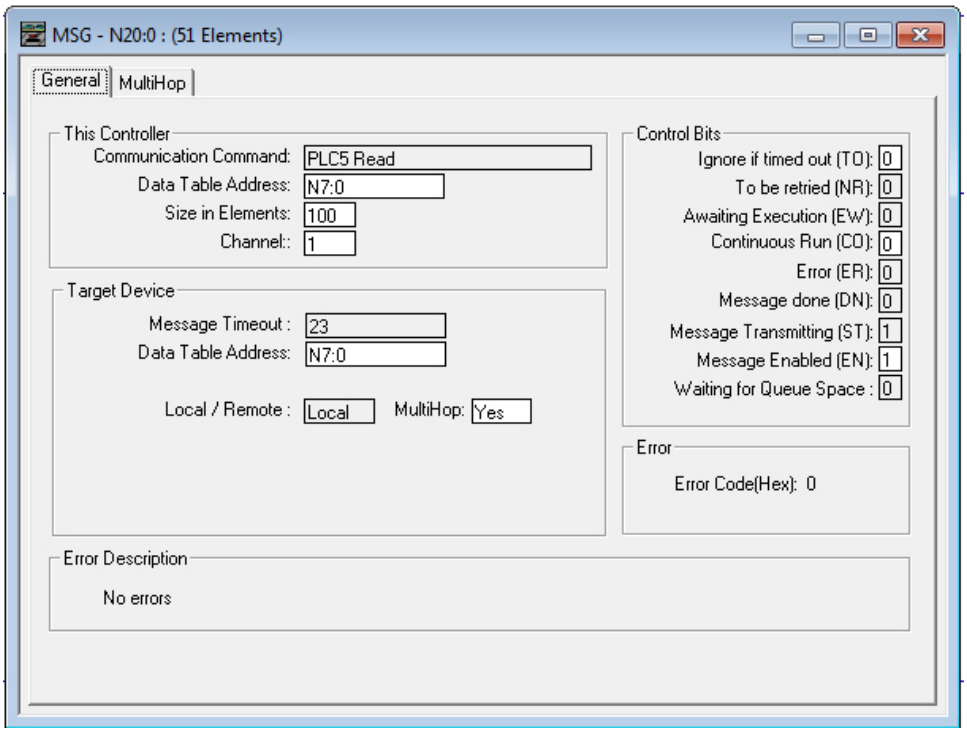
9.6 PLC5 and SLC 5 (PCCC)

Allen-Bradley's PLC5 and SLC 500 family of devices use PCCC communications over Ethernet/IP. iVu Plus supports these PLCs using input and output register arrays. The Output Flags, ACK Flags and Input Flags bit definitions are the same as defined in the EIP Assembly Objects section. The terms "Input" and "Output" are from the point of view of the PLC.

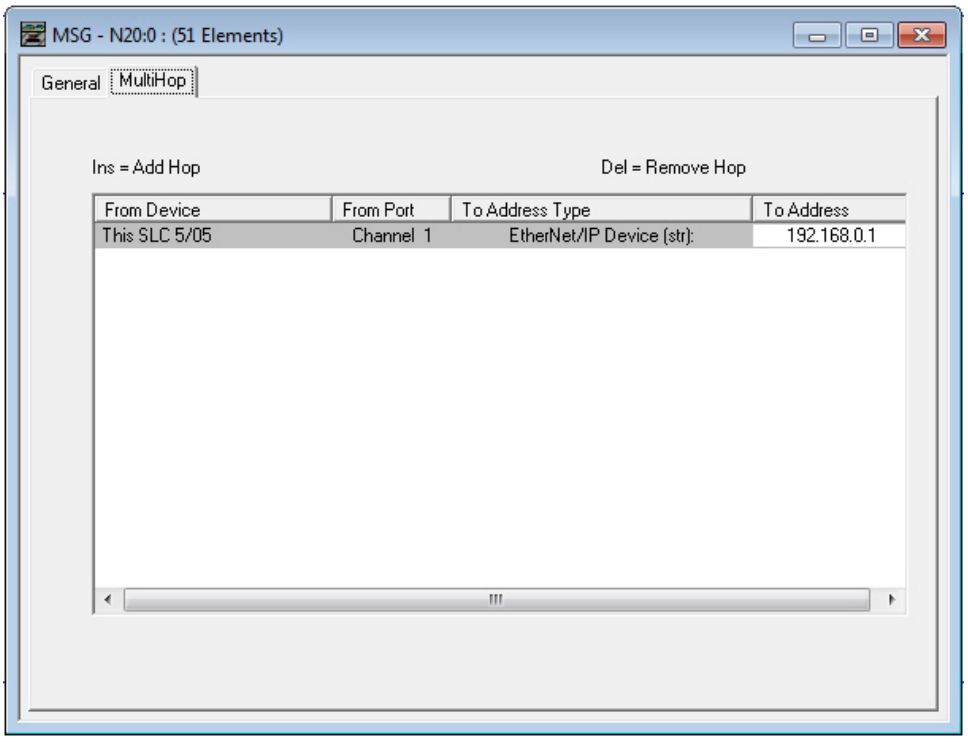
9.6.1 Configuration

The images below represent a typical configuration:

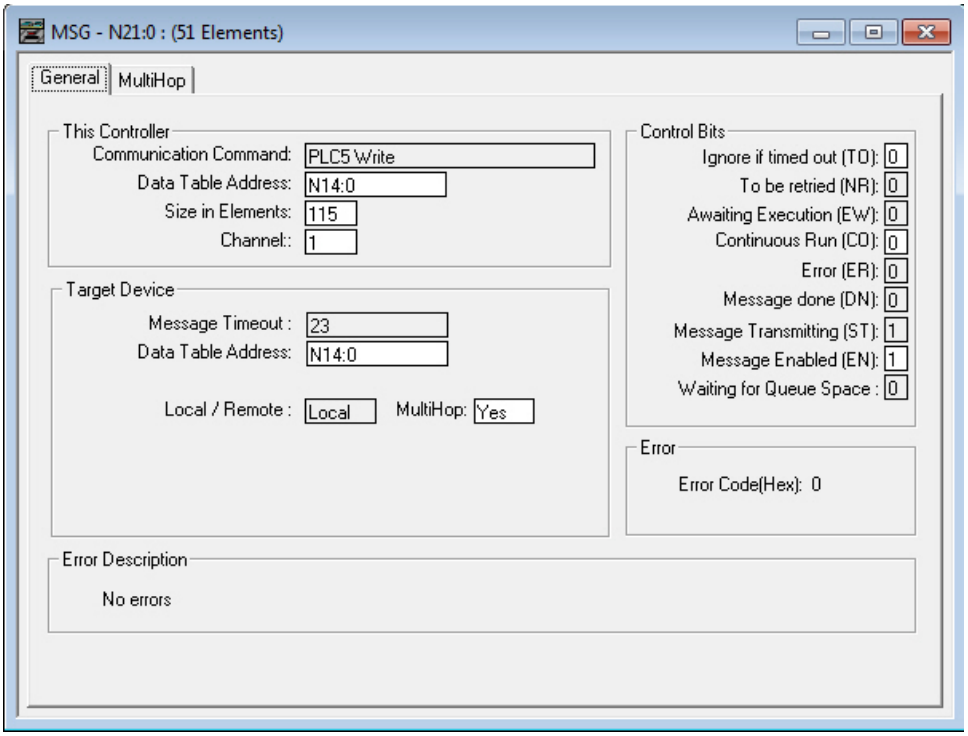
1. Read. Message command_reading from N7 tabe on iVu Plus



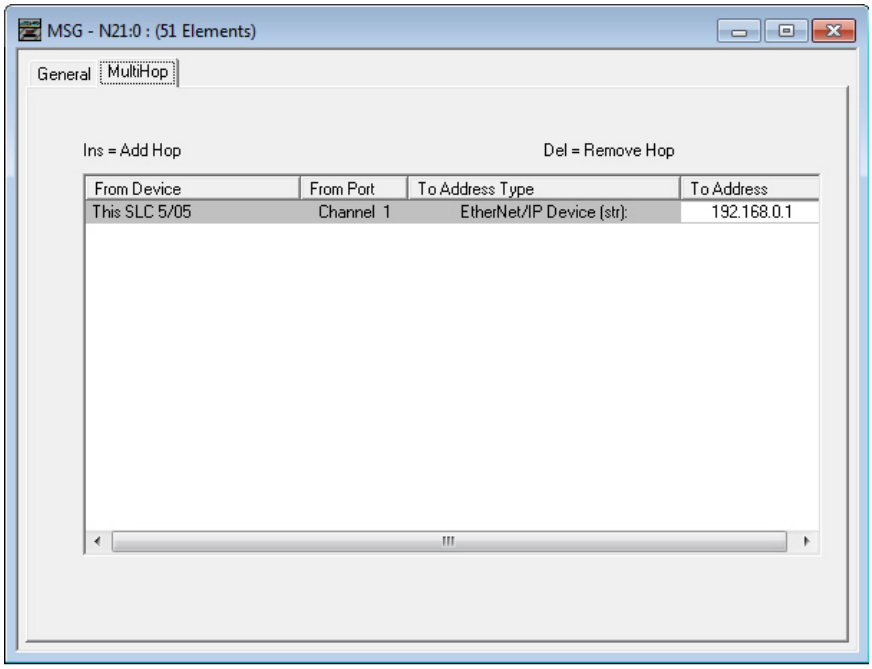
2. Read. IP Address of the iVu Plus is entered here.



3. Write. Message command_writing to N14 table on iVu Plus



4. Write. IP Address of the iVu Plus is entered here.



9.6.2 Output Registers

The Input registers are used by the PLC to push values to the iVu Plus sensor. MSG (message) commands used to Read (N7) and Write (N14) to the sensor.

Output Registers Map (N14)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Input Coil Bits	16-bit integer
1-2	Product Change Number	32-bit integer
3-49	*reserved*	32-bit integer
50	Command	16-bit integer
51	Command Parameter Int16	16-bit integer
52-53	Command Parameter Int 32	32-bit integer
54-55	Command Parameter	Float
56-57	Command Parameter String Length	32-bit integer
58-107	Command Parameter String	100 Byte Array
108	*reserved*	16-bit integer
109-110	BCR String/Mask Length	32-bit integer
111-120	BCR String/Mask	200 Byte Array
211-239	*reserved*	

9.6.3 Input Registers

The Output registers are used to push output values from the iVu Plus to the PLC. MSG (message) commands used to Read (N7) and Write (N14) to the sensor.

Input Registers Map (N7)

Sensor Type - Area (iVu Plus TG)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
1	Output Coil Bits	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
56-57	Area Count	32-bit integer
58-59	Area Range Min	32-bit integer
60-61	Area Range Max	32-bit integer
62-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	32-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Blemish (iVu Plus TG)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
1	Output Coil Bits	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
56-57	Blemish Count	32-bit integer
58-59	Blemish Min Edge Length	32-bit integer
60-61	Blemish Max Edge Length	32-bit integer
62-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	32-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Match (iVu Plus TG)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
1	Output Coil Bits	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
56-57	Match Count	32-bit integer
58	Match Min Percent Match	16-bit integer
59	Match Max Percent Match	16-bit integer
60-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	32-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Sort (iVu Plus TG)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
1	Output Coil Bits	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
56	Sort Pattern Map	16-bit integer
57	Sort Pattern Count	16-bit integer
58	Sort Pattern 1 Count	16-bit integer
59	Sort Pattern 2 Count	16-bit integer

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
60	Sort Pattern 3 Count	16-bit integer
61	Sort Pattern 4 Count	16-bit integer
62	Sort Pattern 5 Count	16-bit integer
63	Sort Pattern 6 Count	16-bit integer
64	Sort Pattern 7 Count	16-bit integer
65	Sort Pattern 8 Count	16-bit integer
66	Sort Pattern 9 Count	16-bit integer
67	Sort Pattern 10 Count	16-bit integer
68	Sort Min Percent Match	16-bit integer
69	Sort Max Percent Match	16-bit integer
70-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	32-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	

Sensor Type - Barcode-1 (iVu Plus BCR)

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
0	Coil ACK Bits	16-bit integer
1	Output Coil Bits	16-bit integer
2-3	Error Code	32-bit integer
4-5	Inspection Number	32-bit integer
6-7	Iteration Count	32-bit integer
8-9	Pass Count	32-bit integer
10-11	Fail Count	32-bit integer
12-13	Missed Triggers	32-bit integer
14-15	Current Inspection Time	Float
16-29	*reserved*	
30-52	Inspection Name	2-Word Length + 40-unicode chars
53-54	Frame Number	32-bit integer
55	Sensor Type ID	16-bit integer
56	Barcode Count	16-bit integer
57	Barcode-1 Type	16-bit integer
58	Barcode-1 Actual Decoded Data Length	16-bit integer
59-60	Barcode-1 Data Array Length	32-bit integer
61-162	Barcode-1 Data Array	100 Byte Array
163-170	*reserved*	
171	Command Status	32-bit integer
172	Command Response Int16	16-bit integer
173-174	Command Response Int32	32-bit integer
175-176	Comand Response	Float
177-178	Command Response Length	32-bit integer
179-228	Command Response Data	100 Byte Array
229-239	*reserved*	
240	Barcode Count	16-bit integer
241	Barcode-1 Type	16-bit integer
242	Barcode-1 Length	16-bit integer
243-260	Barcode-1 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array

WORD #	WORD NAME	DATA TYPE
261	Barcode-2 Type	16-bit integer
262	Barcode-2 Length	16-bit integer
263-280	Barcode-2 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
281	Barcode-3 Type	16-bit integer
282	Barcode-3 Length	16-bit integer
283-300	Barcode-3 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
301	Barcode-4 Type	16-bit integer
302	Barcode-4 Length	16-bit integer
303-320	Barcode-4 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
321	Barcode-5 Type	16-bit integer
322	Barcode-5 Length	16-bit integer
323-340	Barcode-5 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
341	Barcode-6 Type	16-bit integer
342	Barcode-6 Length	16-bit integer
343-360	Barcode-6 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
361	Barcode-7 Type	16-bit integer
362	Barcode-7 Length	16-bit integer
363-380	Barcode-7 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
381	Barcode-8 Type	16-bit integer
382	Barcode-8 Length	16-bit integer
383-400	Barcode-8 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
401	Barcode-9 Type	16-bit integer
402	Barcode-9 Length	16-bit integer
403-420	Barcode-9 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array
421	Barcode-10 Type	16-bit integer
422	Barcode-10 Length	16-bit integer
423-440	Barcode-10 Data	32-bit length + 32-byte array

9.6.4 Input and Output Flags

The Input Flags are used to command execution of basic functions. The Output Coils are used to push single bit outputs from the iVu Sensor to the PLC. The 32 bits of Output Coils can also be accessed using the bits of the first two Output Registers (ACK Flags and Output Flags). To access the Output and Input Coils use Coil ACK (Word 0) and Output Coil Bits (Word 1).

Output Flags

Bit Position

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Command									Set BCR Mask	Set BCR String		Gated Trigger	Trigger	Teach Latch	Product Change

Output Flags ACK

Bit Position

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Command ACK									Set BCR Mask ACK	Set BCR String ACK		Gated Trigger ACK	Trigger ACK	Teach Latch ACK	Product Change ACK

Input Flags

Bit Position

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Execution Error	System Error	Teach Error	Missed Trigger					Output 3	Output 2	Output 1		Ready Latch	Read/ No Read	Pass/Fail	Ready

9.7 Error Codes

The iVuPlus sensor provides error codes in cases when commands failed to execute successfully. If such an error occurs, the Execution Error flag is set in the Output Bit/Coil Register. When this bit is set, read the Error Code register to know the reason of failure. Below is the list of error codes:

Numeric ID	Text ID	Description
0	SUCCESS	Command processed successfully.
500	IE_TRIGGER_MODE_EXPECTED	The Trigger Mode must be set to 'Industrial Ethernet' to perform this operation.
510	IE_COMMAND_NOT_FOUND	The numeric Command ID specified was not found.
520	IE_COIL_ACTION_FAILED	The coil action resulted in a failure.
521	IE_COIL_ALREADY_BUSY	The coil was asserted before previous execution completed.
522	IE_COIL_NOT_FINISHED	The coil was de-asserted prior to execution completing.
523	IE_COIL_ANOTHER_ACTION_PENDING	The coil was asserted prior to another coil execution completing.
524	IE_COIL_MULTIPLES_DETECTED	Multiple coils were asserted simultaneously.
525	IE_COIL_ACK_INHIBITED	The coil action's output ACK was inhibited because the input coil was no longer set.
10252	COMMAND_NOT_FINISHED	Attempt to issue command when a previous command has not finished
10340	MINIMUM_VALUE_EXCEEDED	New item value is below the minimum
10341	MAXIMUM_VALUE_EXCEEDED	New items value is above the maximum
10900	SENSOR_NOT_READY	Command specified requires sensor to be in the READY state.
10920	SENSOR_TYPE_NOT_ACTIVE	Command refers to a inactive sensor type.
10950	DEVICE_TYPE_INVALID	Command not supported on this device type.
15100	STRING_TOO_LONG	String value specified exceeds maximum allowable length
20002	COMPARE_DATA_DISABLED	Operation requires Barcode compare to be enabled
20003	COMPARE_MASK_INVALID	Compare mask invalid. Expecting string of 1's and 0's with length equal to compare data string
20004	NUMBER_TO_FIND_NOT_ONE	Barcode number to find must be set to one for this operation.
20005	COMPARE_MASK_DISABLED	Operation requires Barcode compare mask to be enabled.
80300	TEACH_SENSOR_TYPE_INVALID	Teach requires Match Sensor type.
80401	PRODUCT_CHANGE_INVALID_INSPECTION	Attempt to product change to a unknown or invalid inspection.
80402	PRODUCT_CHANGE_TIMEOUT	The Product Change operation timed out.

9.8 Diagnostic Guide

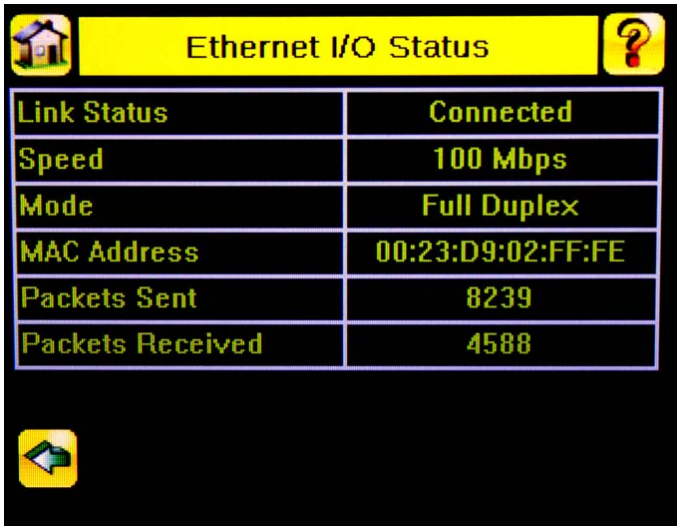
iVuPlus sensor provides several tools to help diagnose communication issues when using Industrial Ethernet channel.

9.8.1 Ethernet Diagnostics

To verify Ethernet connectivity, please follow these steps:

- Verify that all the cables are connected and properly seated.
- Examine the small orange Ethernet link light located on the top of camera body, between the Pass/Fail and System Status LEDs. The light should be either on or blinking.
- Go to the **System** > **Logs** > **System Log** page, and verify that the log entry indicates that the Ethernet link is up:

- Go to the **System** > **Communications** > **Ethernet I/O** page, and press on the Status button. Verify that the Ethernet Link Status is "Connected", and that the link parameters, such as baud rate and duplex are as expected. For example:

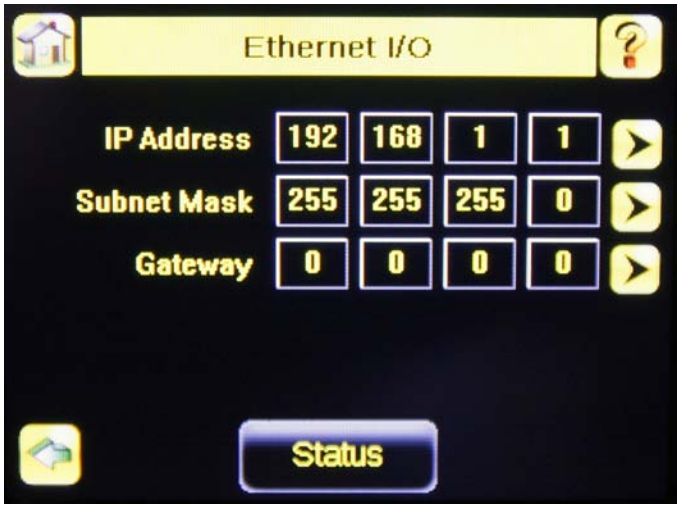


- If the Link Status indicates that there is no link, please inspect the wiring, and verify that your Ethernet switch is powered up.
- If the link parameters are not as expected (wrong baud rate or duplex) try the following:
  - Log into your managed switch and verify that the port to which iVu camera is connected is correctly configured. Alternatively, consult with your IT person to perform this verification.
  - Verify that your cable is of the right type, and is properly connected to the switch and to the camera.

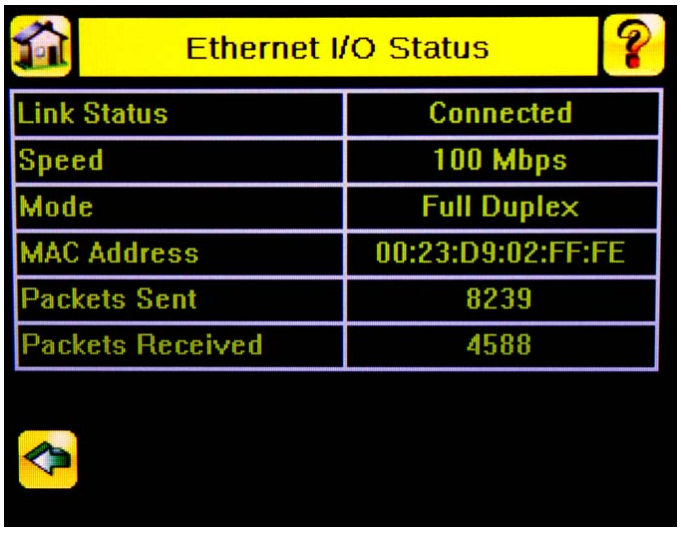
9.8.2 Networking and TCP/IP Diagnostics

To verify networking and TCP/IP connectivity, follow these steps:

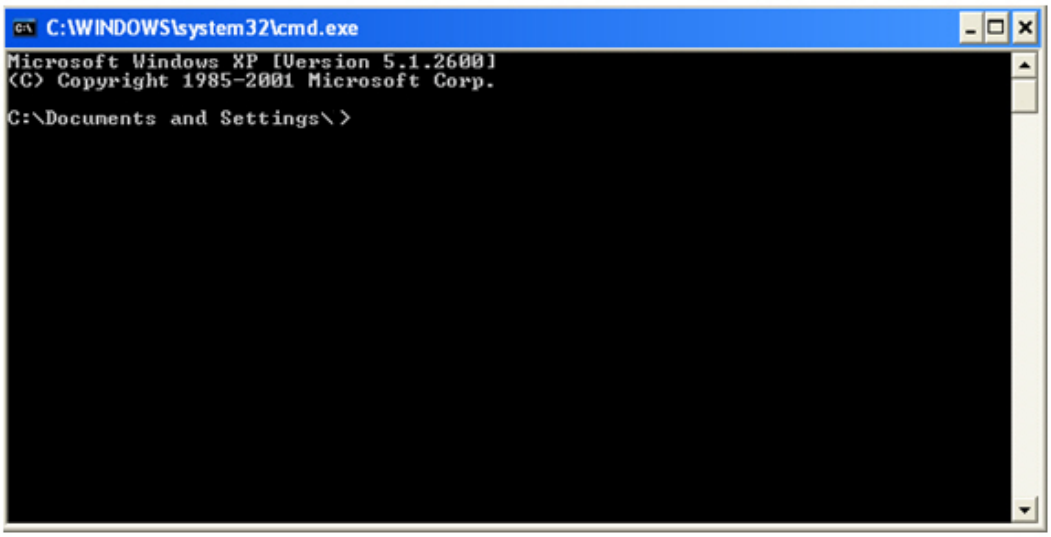
- Verify that the Ethernet link has been established.
- Visit the **System** > **Communications** > **Ethernet I/O** page, and examine the sensor IP address, subnet mask, and the Gateway address:



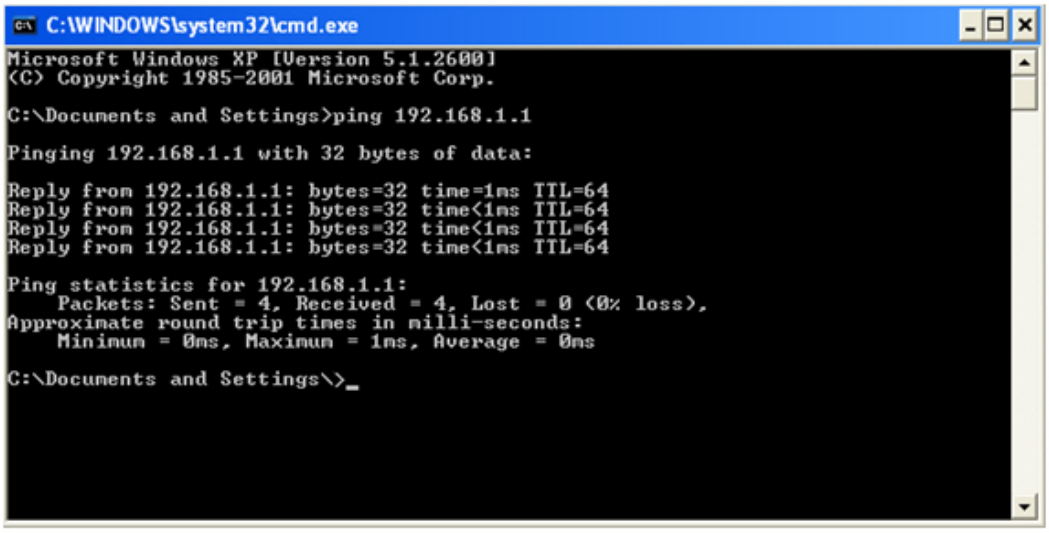
- Verify with your IT person that these settings are correct.
  - If necessary, make the required modifications and reboot the sensor
- Press the Status button on the same page, and go to the Ethernet I/O Status page:



- On the PC attached to your LAN, open the Command window. To do this, press **Start** > **Run**, and then type in ***cmd*** and press the OK button.
- A command window will be displayed:



- Type in a ping command, specifying the sensor IP address as an argument. You should see a series of responses from the camera:


C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.
C:\Documents and Settings>ping 192.168.1.1
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
C:\Documents and Settings\>

- You should also see the Packets Received and Packets Sent count on the Ethernet I/O Status page in the camera increment by at least 4.
- If the output of the ping command shows request timeouts, try the following:
  - Verify that the camera is located on the correct subnet, has the correct IP address, and is connected to the correct switch or router.
  - If you are running several overlapping subnets, you may want to consult your IT person to ensure that the routing for the network is configured correctly.
  - If you are trying to access the camera through a gateway or a VPN router, please verify that these devices are configured such that they allow traffic from iVu camera to reach the destination device.

9.8.3 Industrial Protocols Troubleshooting

MODBUS Protocol

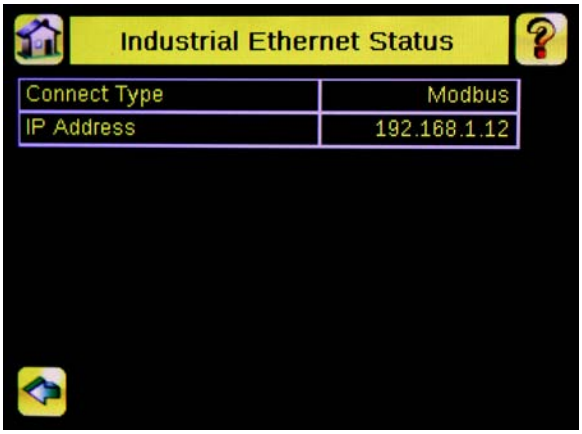
MODBUS protocol relies on the fundamental TCP/IP connectivity to establish connections and transport data. Once you have verified Networking and TCP/IP connectivity, you should have little or no problems establishing a MODBUS connection.

iVu supports one MODBUS connection from a single client, and will reject additional connection requests.

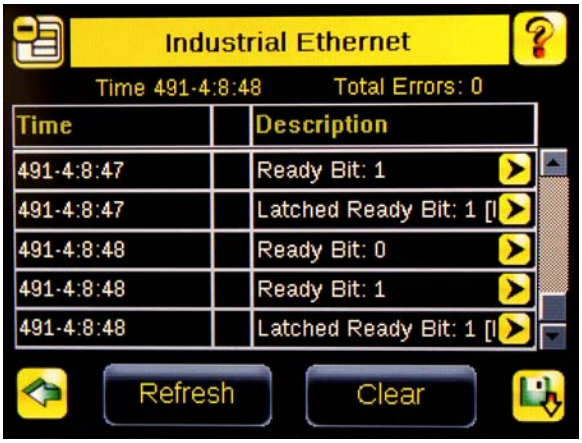
Prior to attempting to establish the MODBUS connection, you will have to configure your device, and teach it about the iVu sensor. You will have to tell it the IP address of the iVu sensor that you have previously configured. Configurations steps vary for each device, so you will have to consult the appropriate manual for these steps.

If your device has user-configurable MODBUS port, please verify that it is set to port number **502**. iVu will not accept connections on any other port.

Once you have established a MODBUS connection, you can verify that iVu has accepted it by going to the **System** > **Communications** > **Industrial Ethernet** > **Status** page, and viewing the connection status:



If you experience issues accessing data, please consult the relevant sections of the manual for the MODBUS register maps supported by the sensor, and consult the Industrial Protocols Log. The log, when configured to **Detailed Logging** mode, provides record of individual register access sequence, and records any errors:



Ethernet/IP and PCCC Protocols

Ethernet/IP and PCCC protocols rely on CIP protocol to establish communications and exchange data. CIP protocol, in turn, utilizes TCP/IP.

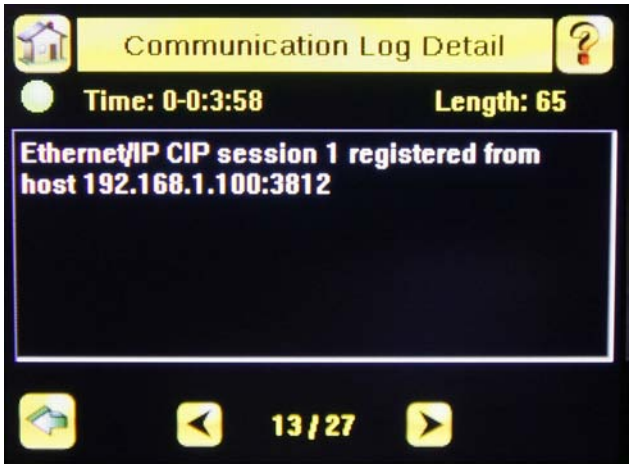
In addition, Ethernet/IP implements I/O messaging. I/O messaging allows two devices, iVu sensor and the PLC, to continuously synchronize data sets between each other. These data sets are called Input and Output assemblies. iVu device consumes PLC output assemblies, and produces PLC input assemblies. This exchange occurs continuously, and the rate specified by the RPI (requested Packet Interval) value.

I/O messaging is based on UDP/IP, and utilizes Multicast addressing when sending PLC input assemblies. It is the default mode of operation for I/O messages in PLCs. Newer PLCs also support Unicast (direct) addressing for PLC input assemblies, but need to be specially configured.

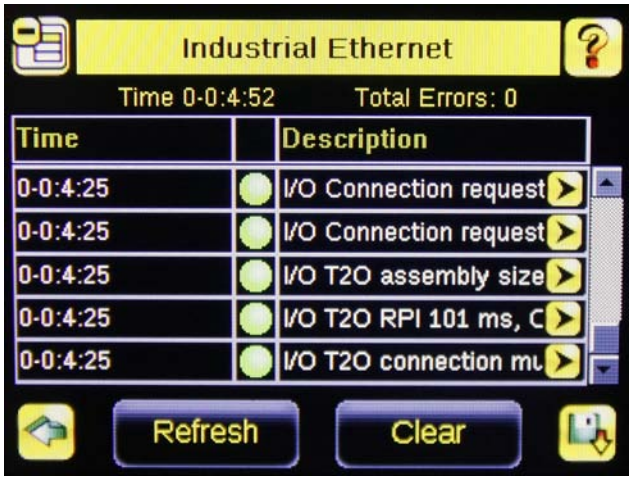
Because I/O messaging uses IDP/IP and Multicast, it requires special, **managed** switches, and customized switch configuration. Managed switches, when properly configured, prevent multicast devices from flooding the network with data. Please consult your IT person to make sure that you have the correct switch type, and that these switches have IGMP snooping enabled, to allow them to manage multicast groups.

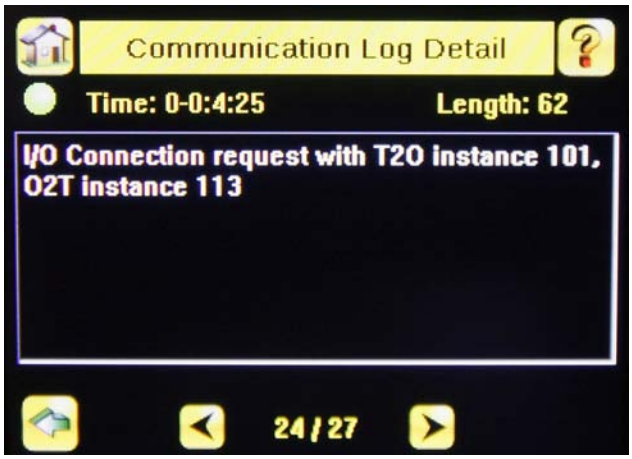
In addition, some switches with built-in firewalls block UDP traffic by default. If this is the case, and if the path between your devices involves several switches or routers, it is possible that some of them might block the UDP traffic necessary for I/O messages. Please consult your IT person to verify that your network is configured correctly. Also consult Rockwell publications ENET-AP001D-EN-P, ***EtherNet/IP Performance*** , and ENET-SO001A-EN-E, ***Ethernet Design Considerations for Control System Networks*** for further information on how to configure your Ethernet network for Ethernet/IP.

Establishing CIP and Ethernet/IP I/O communications is a complicated process. There are a number of steps during which an error can occur. Industrial Protocols log contains a detail description of the communications process, and should be consulted if any errors are suspected.

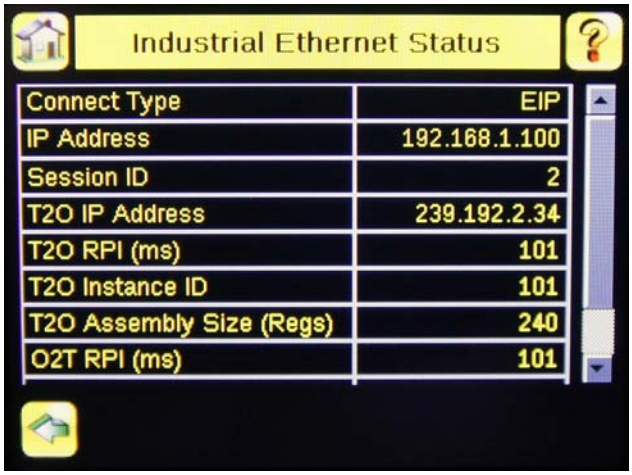


A great level of detail is also provided in the log when the I/O connection is established:





Once the CIP and I/O connections are established, the Industrial Protocols Status page will show the details of the connection:



Most of the errors in establishing the CIP and I/O connections have to do with specifying the proper Input and Output assembly IDs and sizes. Please refer to the appropriate sections of this manual for this information.

10 Debugging Inspections

10.1 How to Round-Trip Debug Using the Emulator

The iVu Emulator is a Windows application that allows you to operate in a Windows environment exactly as you would on the sensor itself. In general, the Emulator is an inspection debugging tool: you can import stored inspections and configuration from an iVu sensor, then modify its parameters on the emulator, and restore the updated configuration back to the sensor. When you install the iVu Emulator, by default, it is installed in the following folder:

C:\Program Files\Banner Engineering\iVu Series

You can run the Emulator from this folder, but you will need to move files between the USB drive and PC. To avoid moving files, you can copy the Emulator executable to the USB drive, and run the Emulator directly from the USB drive.

This "how-to" describes the procedures for doing round-trip debugging either using the iVu Emulator installed on a PC or using it directly from the USB Thumb Drive

NOTE: This document refers to saving configuration and inspection logs in folders based on the sensor name. If you have not yet named the sensor, then folders will be named using the first 8-characters of the sensor serial number.

10.1.1 How to Debug Using the Emulator from a PC

1. Plug a USB Thumb Drive into the sensor.
2. Save Inspection Logs to the Thumb Drive.
   a. On the **Main Menu** > **Inspection Logs** > **View Logs** screen, click the Save icon to save the inspection logs.
   b. When prompted, select Yes to save sensor configuration along with the Inspection Logs. The location of these files on the USB Thumb Drive will be displayed after the operation is completed. The Inspection Logs are saved in <USB>:\BANNER \<SENSOR_NAME>\InspLog and the sensor configuration is saved in <USB>:\BANNER\<SENSOR_NAME>. For example, if the sensor name is **myName**:
      - Configuration File (CONFIG.CFG) path: <USB>:\BANNER\myName
      - Inspection Logs path: <USB>:\BANNER\myName\InspLog

NOTE: If the sensor has no name, then the folder is the first 8-characters of the serial number.

3. Remove the USB drive from the sensor and insert it into an available USB port on a Windows PC that has the iVu Emulator installed.

Important: Make sure the iVu Emulator is **NOT** running before going to the next step.

4. Copy the Sensor Configuration from the USB Thumb Drive to the folder where the Emulator is installed on the PC. For example, if the sensor name is myName and the iVu Emulator is installed in the default location on the PC, copy the file <USB>:\BANNER \myName\CONFIG.CFG to C:\Program Files\Banner Engineering\iVu Series.
5. Copy the Inspection Logs from the USB Thumb Drive (for example, <USB>:\BANNER\myName\InspLog) to the InspLog folder on the PC (for example, C:\Program Files\Banner Engineering\iVu Series\InspLogs).
6. Start the emulator.
7. Set the Trigger option to Internal—

a. Go to **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Trigger** , and select Internal.
b. Set the Trigger Interval as desired.

The iVu Emulator will run with the saved configuration from Step 6 using the saved Inspection Logs from Step 7 as images.

8. Make the desired adjustments.
9. Close the iVu Emulator program. All configuration changes will be saved to the CONFIG.CFG file.
10. Copy the sensor configuration (that is, CONFIG.CFG) from the PC working directory to the USB Thumb Drive (for example <USB>:\BANNER\myName\CONFIG.CFG).
11. Remove the USB Thumb Drive from the PC, and connect to the sensor.
12. Restore the configuration to the sensor.

a. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Sensor Configuration** > **Load from USB** .
b. Select the Configuration to restore.
c. Click the Load button to start the restore sensor configuration.

You will need to reboot the sensor when the restore is complete.

10.1.2 How to Debug Using the Emulator from the USB Flash Drive

1. Plug a USB Thumb Drive into the sensor.
2. Save Inspection Logs to the sensor.

a. On the **Main Menu** > **Inspection Logs** > **View Logs** screen, click the Save icon to save the inspection logs.
b. When prompted, select Yes to save sensor configuration along with the Inspection Logs. The location of these files on the USB Thumb Drive will be displayed after the operation is completed—the Inspection Logs are saved in <USB>:\BANNER\<SENSOR_NAME>\InspLog and the sensor configuration is saved in <USB>:\BANNER\<SENSOR_NAME>. For example, if the sensor name is **myName**:

- Configuration File (CONFIG.CFG) path: <USB>:\BANNER\myName
- Inspection Logs path: <USB>:\BANNER\myName\InspLog

NOTE: If the sensor has no name, the folder name is the first 8-characters of the serial number.

3. Remove the USB drive from the sensor and insert it into an available USB port on a Windows PC that has the iVu Emulator installed.
4. Copy the iVuEmulator.exe program file to the USB Thumb Drive in the same location as the CONFIG.CFG file (for example, <USB>:\BANNER\myName).
5. Launch the <USB>:\BANNER\myName\iVuEmulator.exe program.
6. Set the Trigger option to Internal—

a. Go to **Main Menu** > **Imager** > **Trigger** , and select Internal.
b. Set the Trigger Interval as desired.

The iVu Emulator will run with the saved configuration using the saved Inspection Logs as images.

7. Make the desired adjustments.
8. Close the iVu Emulator program. All configuration changes will be saved to the CONFIG.CFG file.
9. Remove the USB Thumb Drive from the PC, and connect to the sensor.
10. Restore the configuration to the sensor.

a. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Sensor Configuration** > **Load from USB** .
b. Select the Configuration to restore.
c. Click the Load button to start the restore sensor configuration.

You will need to reboot the sensor when the restore is complete.

11 iVu Series: Updating the Sensor

11.1 Update Process

Banner Engineering may release new versions of the sensor firmware in the future. New firmware releases can be downloaded from Banner's website or can be obtained by ordering the latest Product CD. The following steps will guide you through the process of updating the iVu firmware.

Step 1: Copy firmware of desired product to USB Thumb Drive.

1. Launch the iVu Series software

From Product CD:

- Place the latest Product CD into your CD ROM drive. The iVu Series Software will automatically start.
- If your computer is not set for Auto-Play, you may start the iVu Series Software by browsing to the CD drive from My Computer screen and double-clicking on 'iVuSeries.exe'.

From Banner Website:

- Visit Banner's Website: *http://www.bannerengineering.com*
- Browse to Vision Products page and select the iVu product you are using.
- Click on the **Software** tab to view software releases.
- Determine which version you want to download (Current Version recommended, for example "iVu Series Software Version 2010R4").
- Click on the circular **Download** button. This will initiate the download process. Depending on your browser settings, you may be asked to confirm or provide a location to save the file. Choose to download on yoru desktop. Note the file name.
- Double-click the file to start extracting the files and run the iVu Series Software.

2. Select the product you are using and browse to **Firmware Update** page.

3. Click on 'Run Firmware Update Wizard' and program will start.

4. Follow on-screen instructions. Clicking on 'Copy firmware to USB' will copy the selected firmware to the USB Thumb Drive.

Step 2: Install firmware on iVu

1. Remove the USB Thumb Drive from the PC, and plug it into the sensor.

2. On the sensor, select System -> Firmware Update. The name of the firmware file you copied on the USB Thumb Drive will be displayed.

3. Choose correct file and click on the 'Load' button.

4. Follow the steps on the screen to update the firmware.

11.2 How to Set or Modify a Sensor Name

You can set a Sensor Name for your iVu Series sensor or modify an existing name on the sensor using the software keypad. You can also change the sensor name this using the iVu Emulator as described below.

NOTE: If you are in a language other than English, you cannot modify the sensor name using the software keypad. Use the procedure described below.

NOTE: If you have not set the sensor previously, then folders will be named using the first 8-characters of the sensor serial number.

1. Plug a USB Thumb Drive into the sensor.
2. Save Sensor Configuration to the USB Thumb Drive (**Main Menu** > **System** > **Sensor Configuration** > **Save to USB**). The locaton of these files on the USB Thumb Drive will be displayed after the operation is complete—the sensor configuration is saved in <USB>:\BANNER\<SENSOR_NAME>. For example, if the sensor name is **myName**:, the path will be <USB>:\BANNER\my-Name).
3. Remove the USB drive from the sensor and insert it into an available USB drive on a Windows PC.
4. If running the Emulator from the USB, launch the iVuEmulator.exe program. If running the Emulator installed on a PC, make sure the Emulator is not running, and copy the Sensor Configuration from the USB Thumb Drive to the folder where the Emulator is installed on the PC. For example, if the sensor name is myName and the iVu Emulator is installed in the default location on the PC, copy the file <USB>:\BANNER\myName\CONFIG.CFG to C:\Program Files\Banner Engineering\iVu Series.
5. Launch the iVuEmulator.exe program.
6. Go to the Sensor Information screen (**Main Menu** > **System** > **Sensor Information**).
7. Click the white box next to the Sensor Name label, and enter the desired Sensor Name.
8. Click the Back button on the lower-left corner of the screen to save the Sensor Name.
9. Close the Emulator program and the Sensor Name will be saved to the CONFIG.CFG file.
10. If running the Emulator on the PC, copy the CONFIG.CFG file back to the original folder on the USB drive—<USB>:\BANNER \<SENSOR_NAME> (for example <USB>:\BANNER\myName).

NOTE: The sensor will look in the original folder (for example, myName) for the CONFIG.CFG file.

11. Remove the USB Thumb Drive from the PC, and connect to the sensor.
12. Restore the configuration to the sensor.
    a. Go to **Main Menu** > **System** > **Sensor Configuration** > **Load from USB** .
    b. Select the Configuration to restore.
    c. Click the Load button to start the restore sensor configuration.

NOTE: Once the new sensor name is restored in the sensor, all files saved to USB will now reside in the folder corresponding to the new sensor name.

You will need to reboot the sensor when the restore is complete.

NOTE: If a Sensor Configuration from one sensor is loaded onto another sensor, the Sensor Name from the Sensor Configuration will not be stored in the sensor.

11.3 How to Reset the Sensor Password

If you forget the password for your sensor, you can remove the current password using a reset key that is generated by the **Password Reset Utility**, which is located on the Product CD. The following steps will guide you through the specific steps to reset the password:

1. On your iVu Series sensor, click the **Forgot?** button located on the bottom of the **Enter Current Password** screen.
2. Write down the 6-digit **Device Key**.
3. On a Windows PC, insert the iVu product CD into the CD ROM drive.
4. From the product CD menu (started upon inserting the CD), launch the **Password Reset Utility**.
5. Enter the **Device Key** into the text box in the Utility—identified as **Step 1** in the **Password Reset Utility**.

6. Click the **Generate Reset Key** button.
7. Write down the four-digit **Password Reset Key**—identified as **Step 2** in the **Password Reset Utility**.
8. On the iVu Series sensor, check the **Next** button on the **Password Reset** screen.
9. Enter the 4-digit reset key on the **Enter Reset Key** screen.
10. Click **Apply**.

The password is now cleared.

11.4 How to Use Bitmap Image Files with the iVu Emulator

You can use bitmap (.bmp) image files with the iVu Emulator for developing and simulating iVu inspections. The iVu Emulator only accepts image files in .bmp format. If you have other image file formats, use an image viewer/editor program, such as PhotoShop, Gimp, or Paint, to convert the files to 8-bit grayscale .bmp format.

NOTE: Images smaller than 640 X 480 will be black-filled starting in the upper-right. Images larger than 640 X 480 will be cropped starting in the upper-left.

1. Copy the .bmp files into the InspLog folder in the iVu Emulator install folder.

   For example, copy .bmp files into the C:\Program Files\Banner Engineering\iVu Series\InsLog folder.

   NOTE: Remove any existing .bmp or Log files in that folder to avoid confusion because the Emulator automatically runs all .bmp/Log files sequentially according to filename.
2. Launch the iVu Emulator program.
3. Select Internal Trigger on the Trigger Selection screen (**Main Menu** > **Image** > **Trigger**) and select Internal.
4. Set the Trigger Interval as desired.

The iVu Emulator will be running using the .bmp files from Step 1.

NOTE: Banner does not recommend setting up inspections using these 8-bit grayscale images because you will always end up modifying the configuration after loading it on the sensor on the line. A better choice would be to set up the inspection on the emulator using Inspection Logs from the sensor.

12 LED Indicator Troubleshooting

In normal operation, the Power LED is steady green, and the Pass/Fail is green or red depending on the triggered inspection. The Ethernet I/O LED will be lit or off depeding on connection status.

-

	1	Power LED	Green: Power Red: Error
	2	Pass/Fail LED	Green: Pass Red: Fail
	3	Ethernet I/O LED	Green: Connected No Light: Disconnected

The iVu also indicates abnormal conditions as described below.

12.1 Errors

Problem Indicator	Solution
The Pass/Fail LED is blinking green a number of times, separated by an LED red blink, and the sensor repeats this pattern over and over. This indicates that no inspections are occurring.	Reboot the sensor.
The Power LED is lit steady red. These type of errors are reported in the System log and appear highlighted in red.	Do the following: 1. Look in the System Log to see the error. 2. Clear the LED; that is, go to the **Main Menu** > **Logs** > **System Logs** and press the Clear System Error button at the bottom of the screen (a sensor reboot is not required). 3. If the error occurs again, you can try rebooting the sensor to see if that fixes the problem. If the problem persists, contact Banner customer support.

12.2 Warnings

Warnings are atypical conditions that the sensor detects and fixes. Warning are highlighted in yellow in the System Log, and can typically be ignored.

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